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T100LB10DE**

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# PREFACE

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO *MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50/MX'ER 50*.

Section 1 contains the precautions for all operations stated in this manual. Read them carefully before starting any operation.

Section 2 is the removal/installation procedures for the frame covers which are subject to higher removal/installation frequency during maintenance and servicing operations.

Section 3 describes the inspection/adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 4 through 19 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and inspection of engine, chassis frame and electrical equipment.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration and troubleshooting for the section. The subsequent pages give detailed procedures for the section.

The information and contents included in this manual may be different from the ATV in case specifications are changed. KYMCO reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation.

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**KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD.**  
**OVERSEAS SALES DEPARTMENT**  
**OVERSEAS SERVICE SECTION**

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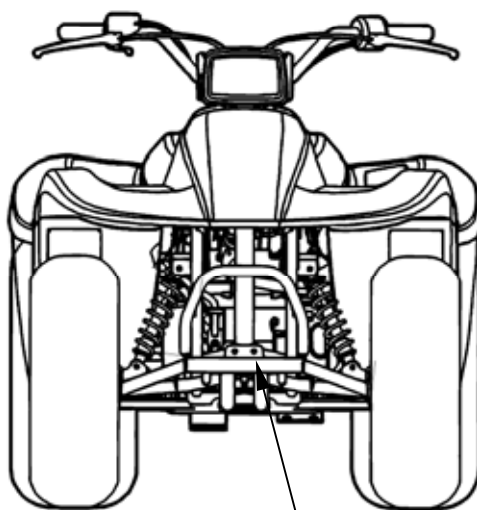
## GENERAL INFORMATION

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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

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## SERIAL NUMBER



Location of Frame Serial Number



Location of Engine Serial Number



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			LA10	
Name			<b>MX'ER 50</b>	
Overall length			1685 mm (67.4 in)	
Overall width			980 mm (39.2 in)	
Overall height			1030 mm (41.2 in)	
Wheel base			1120 mm (44.8 in)	
Engine type			Air cooled 2-stroke	
Displacement			49.4 cm <sup>3</sup> (2.964 cu-in)	
Fuel Used			92# unleaded gasoline	
Dry weight	Front wheel		67 kg (147.4 lbs)	
	Rear wheel		73 kg (160.6 lbs)	
	Total		140 kg (308 lbs)	
Curb weight	Front wheel		73 kg (160.6 lbs)	
	Rear wheel		77 kg (169.4 lbs)	
	Total		150 kg (330 lbs)	
Tires	Front wheel		20*7-8	
	Rear wheel		22*10-8	
Ground clearance			130 mm (5.2 in)	
Min. turning radius			2500 mm (100 in)	
Engine	Starting system		Starting motor & kick starter	
	Type		Air cooled 2-stroke	
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder	
	Combustion chamber type		Semi-sphere	
	Valve arrangement		Reed valve & piston	
	Bore x stroke		39 x 41.4 mm (1.56 x 1.656 in)	
	Compression ratio		7.2:1	
	Compression pressure		12 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (1200 kPa, 170.4 psi)	
	Port timing	Intake	Open	Automatic controlled
			Close	
		Exhaust	Open	Automatic controlled
			Close	
	Valve clearance		Intake	—
Exhaust			—	
Idle speed (rpm)			1800	
Lubrication type			Separate type	
Oil pump type			Plunger type	
Oil filter type			Full-flow filtration	

Fuel System	Air cleaner type			Sponge	
	Fuel capacity			8.1 liters	
	Carburetor	Type		PB	
		Main jet No.		80	
		Venturi dia		φ14 mm (φ0.56 in)	
Throttle type		Valve piston			
Electrical Equipment	Ignition System	Type		CDI	
		Ignition timing		22°/2000 rpm	
		Spark plug		NGK-BR8HAS	
		Spark plug gap		0.6~0.7mm	
	Battery	Capacity		12V4AH	
Power Drive System	Clutch	Type		CVT	
	Operation			Automatic centrifugal Type	
	Reduction Gear	Type		Chain drive	
		Reduction ratio	1st	—	
			2nd	—	
	Final gear ratio			23.678	
Moving Device	Front Axle	Caster angle		—	
		Trail length		—	
	Tire pressure		Front	0.35 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (35 kPa, 4.97 psi)	
			Rear	0.35 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (35 kPa, 4.97 psi)	
	Turning angle	Left	44°		
		Right	44°		
Brake system type			Rear	Disk brake	
			Front	Drum brake	
Damping Device	Suspension type		Front	Swing	
			Rear	Swing arm	
	Shock type		Front	Swing	
			Rear	Swing arm	
Frame type			SP pipe		

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Model No.			LB10	
Name			<b>MXU 50</b>	
Overall length			1775 mm (71 in)	
Overall width			950 mm (38 in)	
Overall height			1040 mm (41.6 in)	
Wheel base			1120 mm (44.8 in)	
Engine type			Air cooled 2-stroke	
Displacement			49.4 cm <sup>3</sup> (2.964 cu-in)	
Fuel Used			92# unleaded gasoline	
Dry weight	Front wheel		87 kg (191.4 lbs)	
	Rear wheel		89 kg (195.8 lbs)	
	Total		176 kg (387.2 lbs)	
Curb weight	Front wheel		92 kg (202.4 lbs)	
	Rear wheel		94 kg (206.8 lbs)	
	Total		186 kg (409.2 lbs)	
Tires	Front wheel		21*7-10	
	Rear wheel		22*10-10	
Ground clearance			165 mm (6.6 in)	
Min. turning radius			2900 mm (116 in)	
Engine	Starting system		Starting motor & kick starter	
	Type		Air cooled 2-stroke	
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder	
	Combustion chamber type		Semi-sphere	
	Valve arrangement		Reed valve & piston	
	Bore x stroke		39 x 41.4 mm (1.56 x 1.656 in)	
	Compression ratio		7.2:1	
	Compression pressure		12 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (1200 kPa, 170.4 psi)	
	Port timing	Intake	Open	Automatic controlled
			Close	
		Exhaust	Open	Automatic controlled
			Close	
	Valve clearance		Intake	—
		Exhaust	—	
Idle speed (rpm)			1800	
Lubrication type			Separate type	
Oil pump type			Plunger type	
Oil filter type			Full-flow filtration	

Fuel System	Air cleaner type			Sponge
	Fuel capacity			8.1 liters
	Carburetor	Type		PB
		Main jet No.		80
		Venturi dia		φ14 mm (φ0.56 in)
Throttle type		Valve piston		
Electrical Equipment	Ignition System	Type		CDI
		Ignition timing		22°/2000 rpm
		Spark plug		NGK-BR8HAS
		Spark plug gap		0.6~0.7mm
	Battery	Capacity		12V8AH
Power Drive System	Clutch	Type		CVT
	Operation			Automatic centrifugal Type
	Reduction Gear	Type		Chain drive
		Reduction ratio	1st	—
			2nd	—
Final gear ratio			23.678	
Moving Device	Front Axle	Caster angle		—
		Trail length		—
	Tire pressure		Front	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 kPa, 4 psi)
			Rear	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 kPa, 4 psi)
	Turning angle	Left	40°	
		Right	40°	
Brake system type		Rear	Disk brake	
		Front	Drum brake	
Damping Device	Suspension type		Front	Swing
			Rear	Swing arm
	Shock type		Front	Swing
			Rear	Swing arm
Frame type				SP pipe

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Model No.		LB10	
Name		<b>MXU 50 REVERSE</b>	
Overall length		1786 mm (71 in)	
Overall width		958 mm (38 in)	
Overall height		1010 mm (40 in)	
Wheel base		1105 mm (44 in)	
Engine type		Air cooled 2-stroke	
Displacement		49.4 cm <sup>3</sup> (2.964 cu-in)	
Fuel Used		92# nonleaded gasoline	
Dry weight	Front wheel	78 kg (171.6 lbs)	
	Rear wheel	80 kg (176 lbs)	
	Total	158 kg (347.6 lbs)	
Curb weight	Front wheel	83 kg (182.6 lbs)	
	Rear wheel	84 kg (184.8 lbs)	
	Total	167 kg (367.34 lbs)	
Tires	Front wheel	21*7-10	
	Rear wheel	22*10-10	
Ground clearance		162 mm (6.6 in)	
Min. turning radius		2900 mm (116 in)	
Engine	Starting system		Starting motor & kick starter
	Type		Air cooled 2-stroke
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder
	Combustion chamber type		Semi-sphere
	Valve arrangement		Reed valve & piston
	Bore x stroke		39 x 41.4 mm (1.56 x 1.656 in)
	Compression ratio		7.2:1
	Compression pressure		12 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (1200 kPa, 170.4 psi)
	Port timing	Intake	Open
			Close
		Exhaust	Open
			Close
	Valve clearance		Intake —
			Exhaust —
	Idle speed (rpm)		1800
Lubrication type		Separate type	
Oil pump type		Plunger type	
Oil filter type		Full-flow filtration	

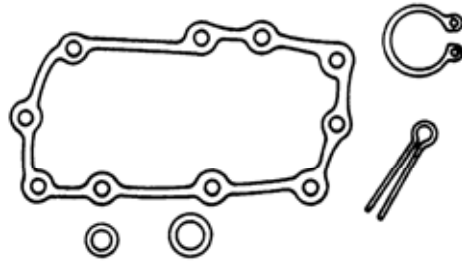
Fuel System	Air cleaner type			Sponge
	Fuel capacity			8.1 liters
	Carburetor	Type		PB
		Main jet No.		80
		Venturi dia		φ14 mm (φ0.56 in)
Throttle type		Valve piston		
Electrical Equipment	Ignition System	Type		CDI
		Ignition timing		13.5°/1500 rpm
		Spark plug		NGK-BR8HAS
		Spark plug gap		0.6~0.7mm
	Battery	Capacity		12V8AH
Power Drive System	Clutch	Type		CVT
	Operation			Automatic centrifugal Type
	Primary reduction system			Helical gear/spur gear
	Secondary reduction system			Chain drive
	Primary reduction ratio			1.2 – 3.5
	Secondary reduction ratio			20.12
	Reverse ratio			46.11
Moving Device	Front Axle	Caster angle		—
		Trail length		—
	Tire pressure		Front	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 kPa, 4 psi)
			Rear	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 kPa, 4 psi)
	Turning angle		Left	40°
			Right	40°
Brake system type			Rear	Disk brake
			Front	Drum brake
Damping Device	Suspension type		Front	Swing
			Rear	Swing arm
	Shock type		Front	Swing
			Rear	Swing arm
Frame type				SP pipe

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

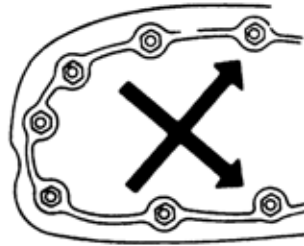
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## SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

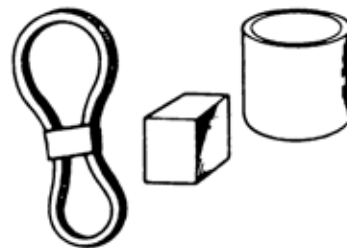
- Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling.



- When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



- Use genuine parts and lubricants.



- When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.

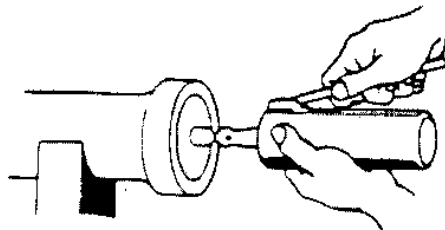


- After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.

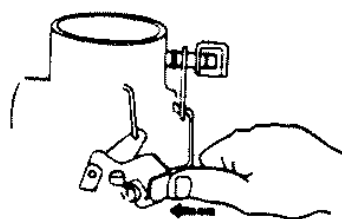


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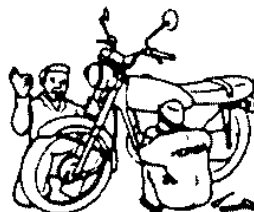
- Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



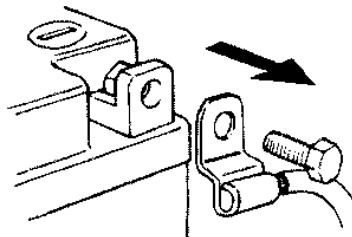
- After reassembly, check all parts for proper tightening and operation.



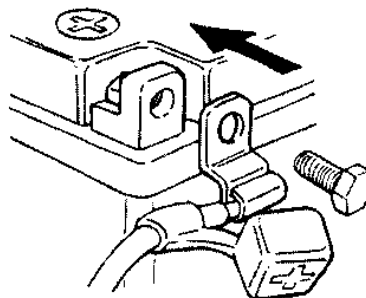
- When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.



- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.

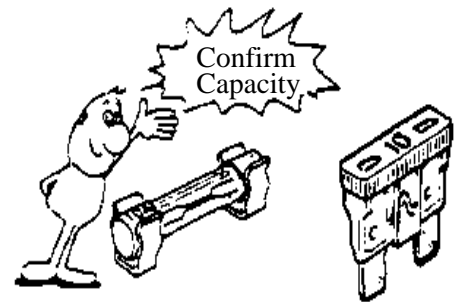


- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

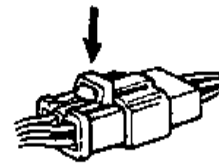
- If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.



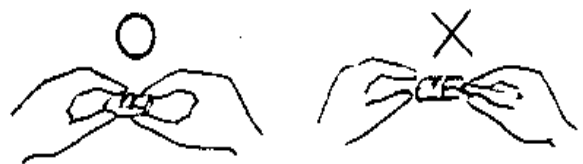
- After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



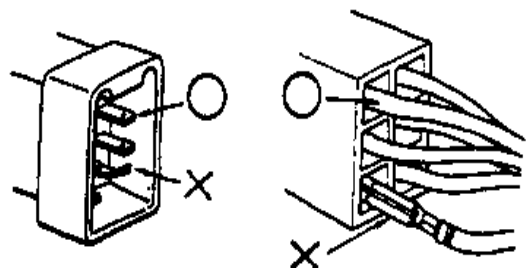
- When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before operation.



- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.

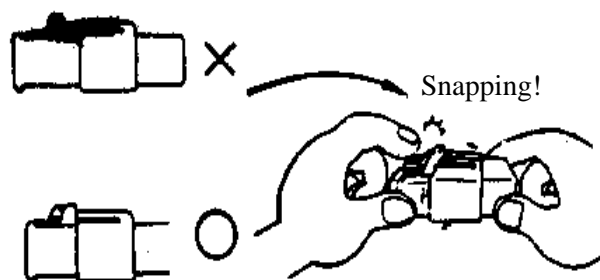


- Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.

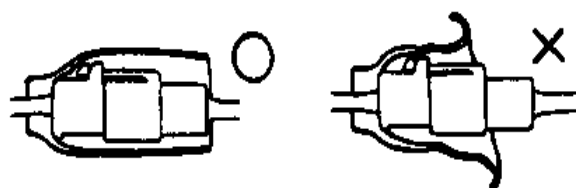


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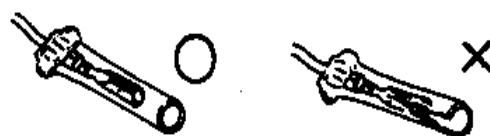
- The connector shall be inserted completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



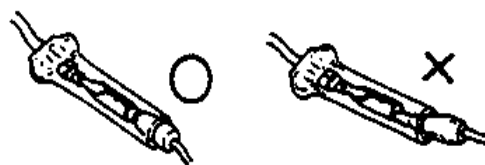
- Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.



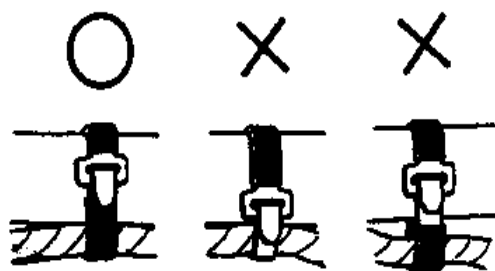
- Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.



- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.

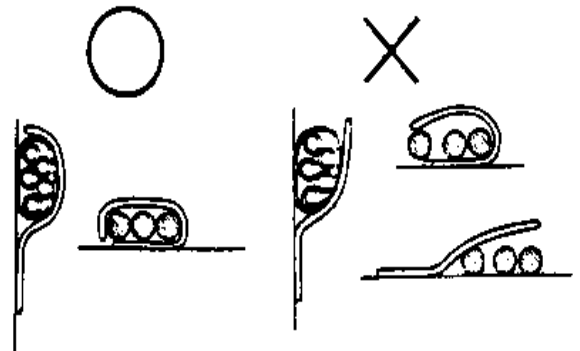


- Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations. Tighten the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.

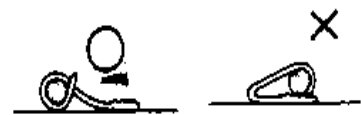


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

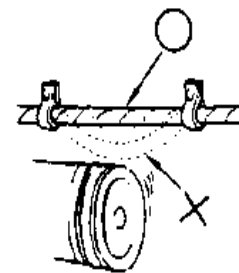
- After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.



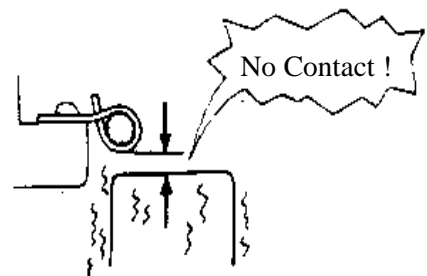
- Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



- After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



- When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts which will generate high heat.



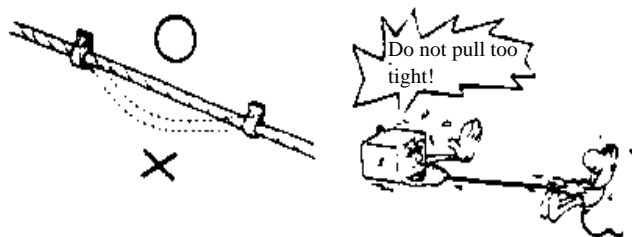
- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.



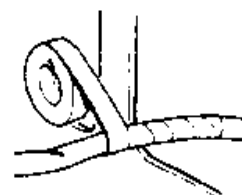


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

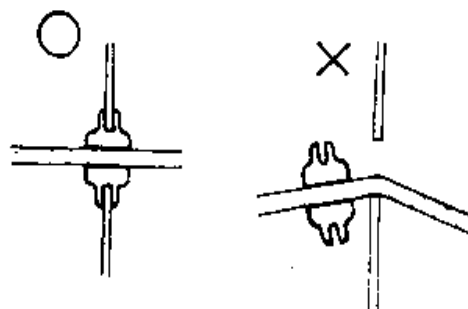
- Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



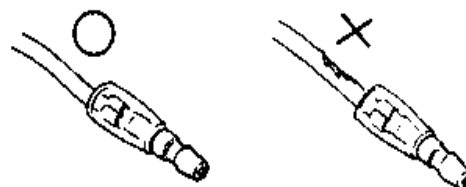
- Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



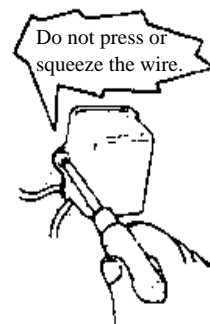
- When rubber protecting cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.

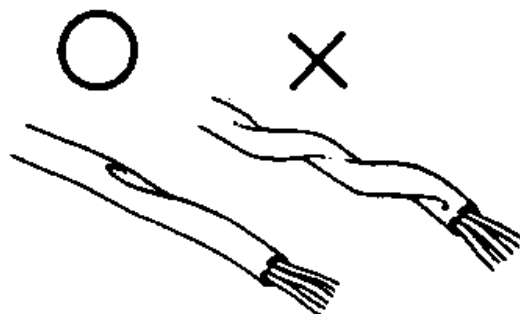


- When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.

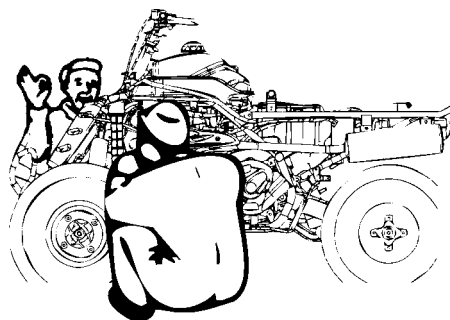


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

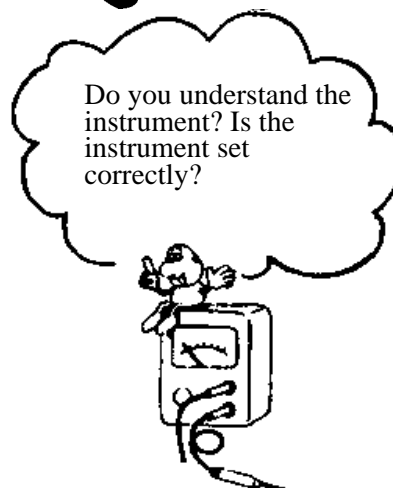
- After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.



- Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.



- When a testing device is used, make sure to understand the operating methods thoroughly and operate according to the operating instructions.



- Be careful not to drop any parts.



- When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

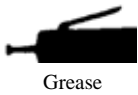
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■ Symbols:

The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



: Apply grease for lubrication.



: Caution



: Warning

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## TORQUE VALUES

### STANDARD TORQUE VALUES

Item	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)	Item	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)
5mm bolt and nut	0.5 (5, 3.6)	4mm screw	0.3 (3, 2.2)
6mm bolt and nut	1 (10, 7.2)	5mm screw	0.4 (4, 2.9)
8mm bolt and nut	2.2 (22, 16)	6mm screw, SH bolt	0.9 (9, 6.5)
10mm bolt and nut	3.5 (35, 25)	6mm flange bolt and nut	1.2 (12, 9)
12mm bolt and nut	5.5 (55, 40)	8mm flange bolt and nut	2.7 (27, 20)
14mm bolt and nut	7 (70, 50)	10mm flange bolt and nut	4 (40, 29)

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners.

### ENGINE

Item	Q'ty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)	Remarks
Cylinder head bolt	4	BF7X115	1.6 (16, 11.5)	
Clutch drive plate nut	1	39	5.5 (55, 40)	
Drive face nut	1	12	3.8 (38, 27)	
Clutch outer nut	1	NH10	3.8 (38, 27)	
A.C.G flywheel nut	1	10	3.8 (38, 27)	
Oil check/filler bolt (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)	1	8	1.2 (12, 9)	
Oil drain plug	1	8	2 (20, 15)	
Oil filler bolt (MXU 50 REVERSE)	1	12	2 (20, 15)	
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	2	NC6mm	1.2 (12, 9)	
Exhaust muffler lock bolt	2	BF8X35	3.3 (33, 24)	
Spark plug			1.5 (15, 11)	

### FRAME

Item	Q'ty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)	Remarks
Steering stem nut	1	14	7 (70, 50)	
Swing arm nut	4	10	4.5 (45, 32)	
Rear wheel nut	4	14	7 (70, 50)	
Front wheel nut	4	14	7 (70, 50)	
Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Front shock absorber upper mount bolt	2	10	4 (40, 29)	

(Cont'd)

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item	Q'ty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque kgf-m (N-m, lbf-ft)	Remarks
Front shock absorber lower mount bolt	2	10	4 (40, 29)	
Rear fork axle	1	14	7 (70, 50)	
Rear hub nut	4	12	7 (70, 50)	
Rear wheel shaft nut	2	32	12 (120, 86)	
Rear engine bracket up bolt	1	10	4 (40, 29)	
Rear engine bracket bolt	2	10	4 (40, 29)	
Engine hanger bracket bolt	1	10	4.5 (45, 32)	

## SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool Name	Tool No.	Memo
Flywheel puller	A120E00001	
Oil seal and bearing install	A120E00014	
Crankshaft install	A120E00016	
Universal holder	A120E00017	
Crankshaft & crankcase install	A120E00024	
Crankcase puller	A120E00026	
Crankshaft Bearing puller	A120E00030	
Clutch spring compressor	A120E00034	
Bearing puller	A120E00037	
Nut wrench	A120F00010	

## LUBRICATION POINTS

### ENGINE

Lubrication Points	Lubricant
Crankcase sliding & movable parts	JASO-FC or API-TC
Cylinder movable parts	JASO-FC or API-TC
Transmission gear (final gear)	Gear oil: SAE90#
Kick starter spindle bushing	Grease
Drive pulley movable parts	Grease
Starter pinion movable parts	Grease

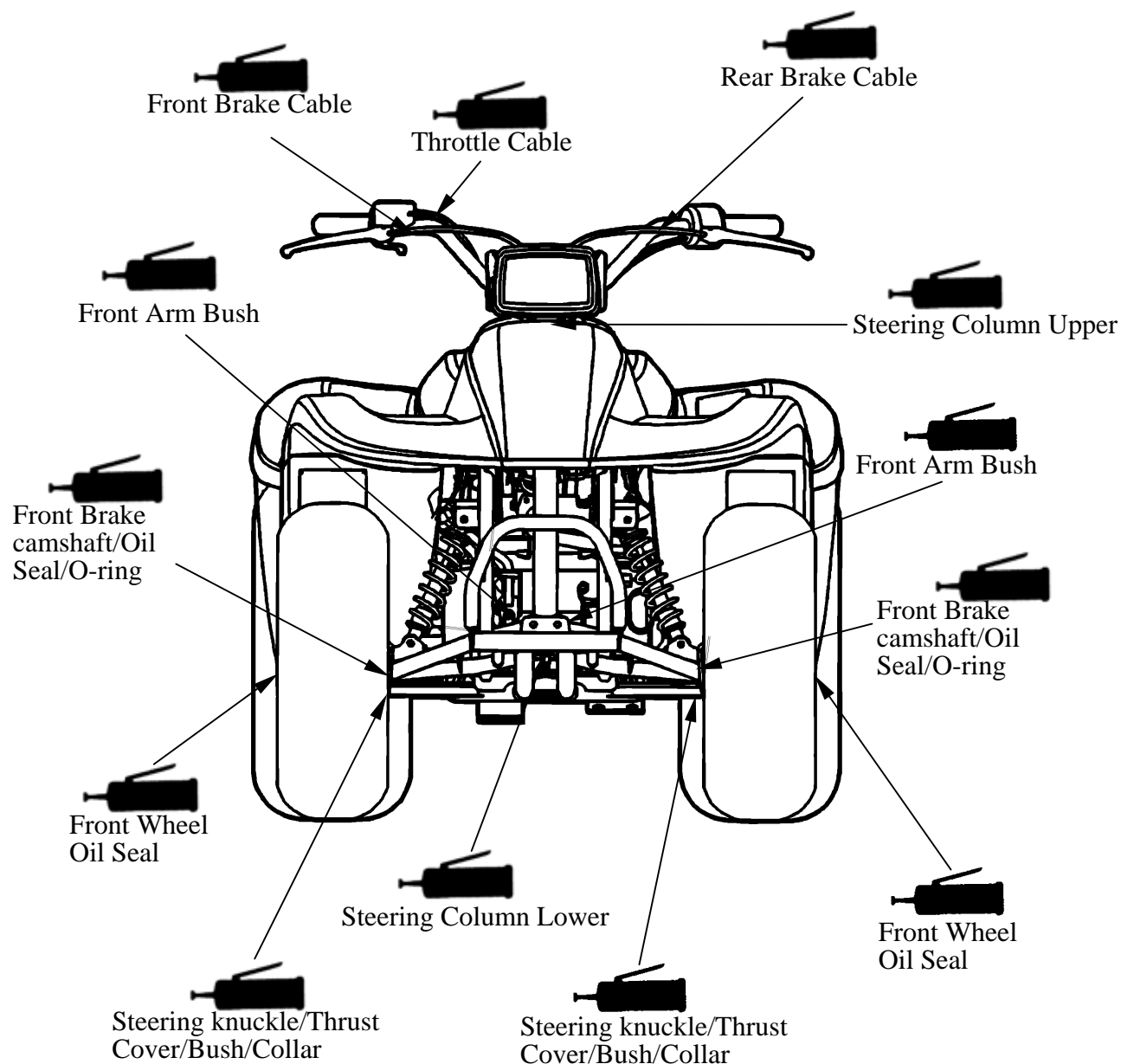
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## FRAME

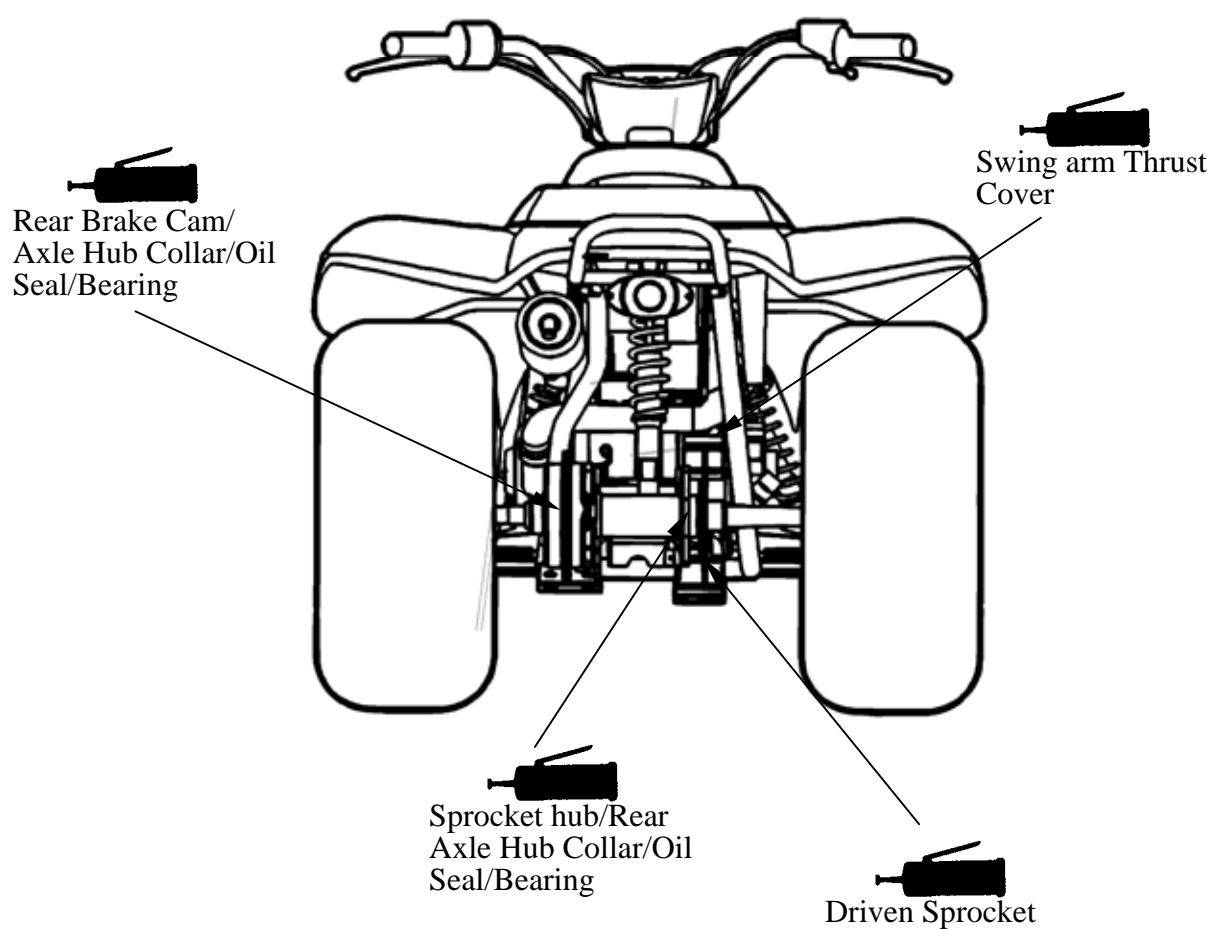
The following is the lubrication points for the frame.

Use general purpose grease for parts not listed.

Apply clean engine oil or grease to cables and movable parts not specified. This will avoid abnormal noise and rise the durability of the motorcycle.



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

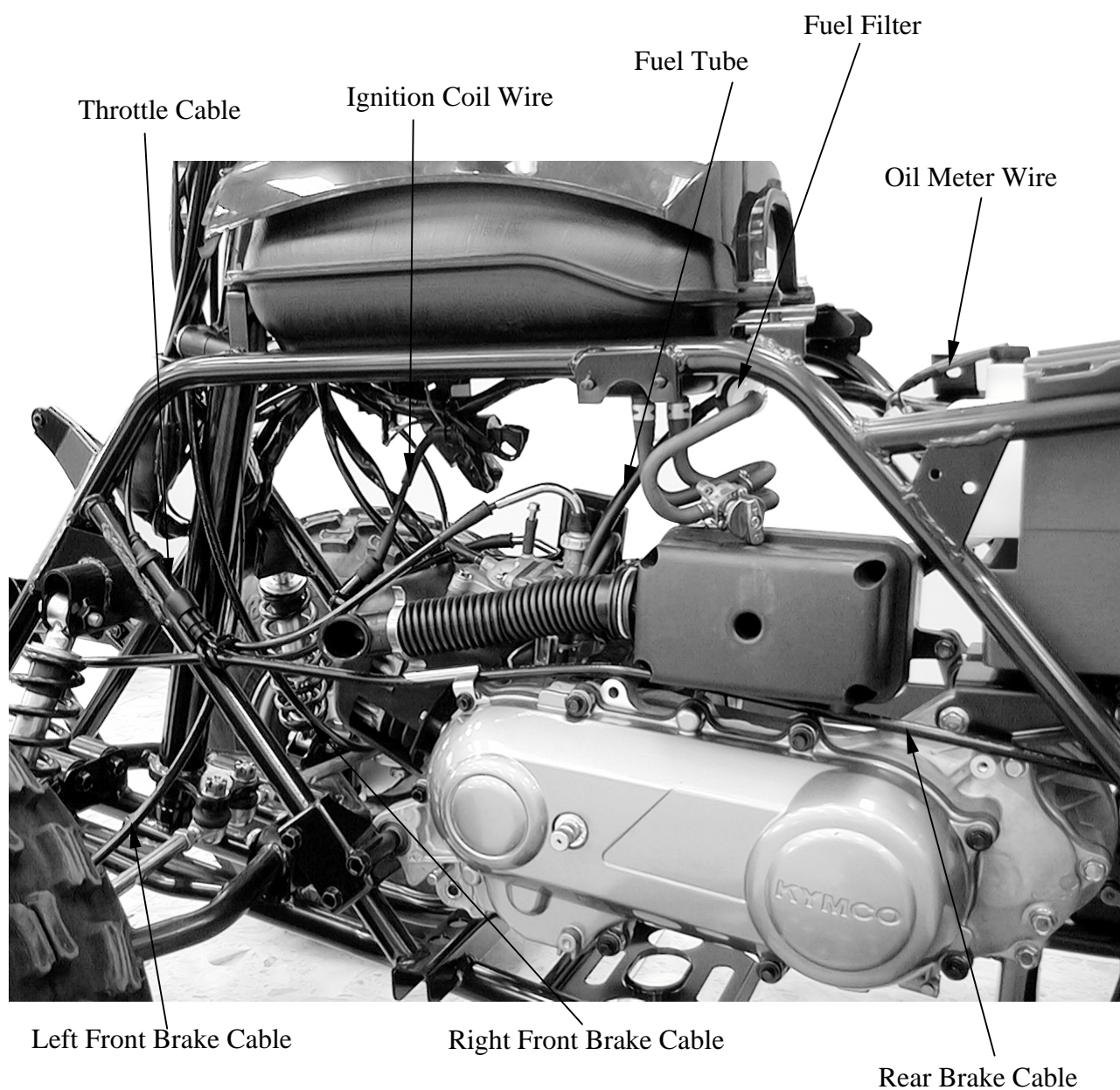
## CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING (MX'ER 50)





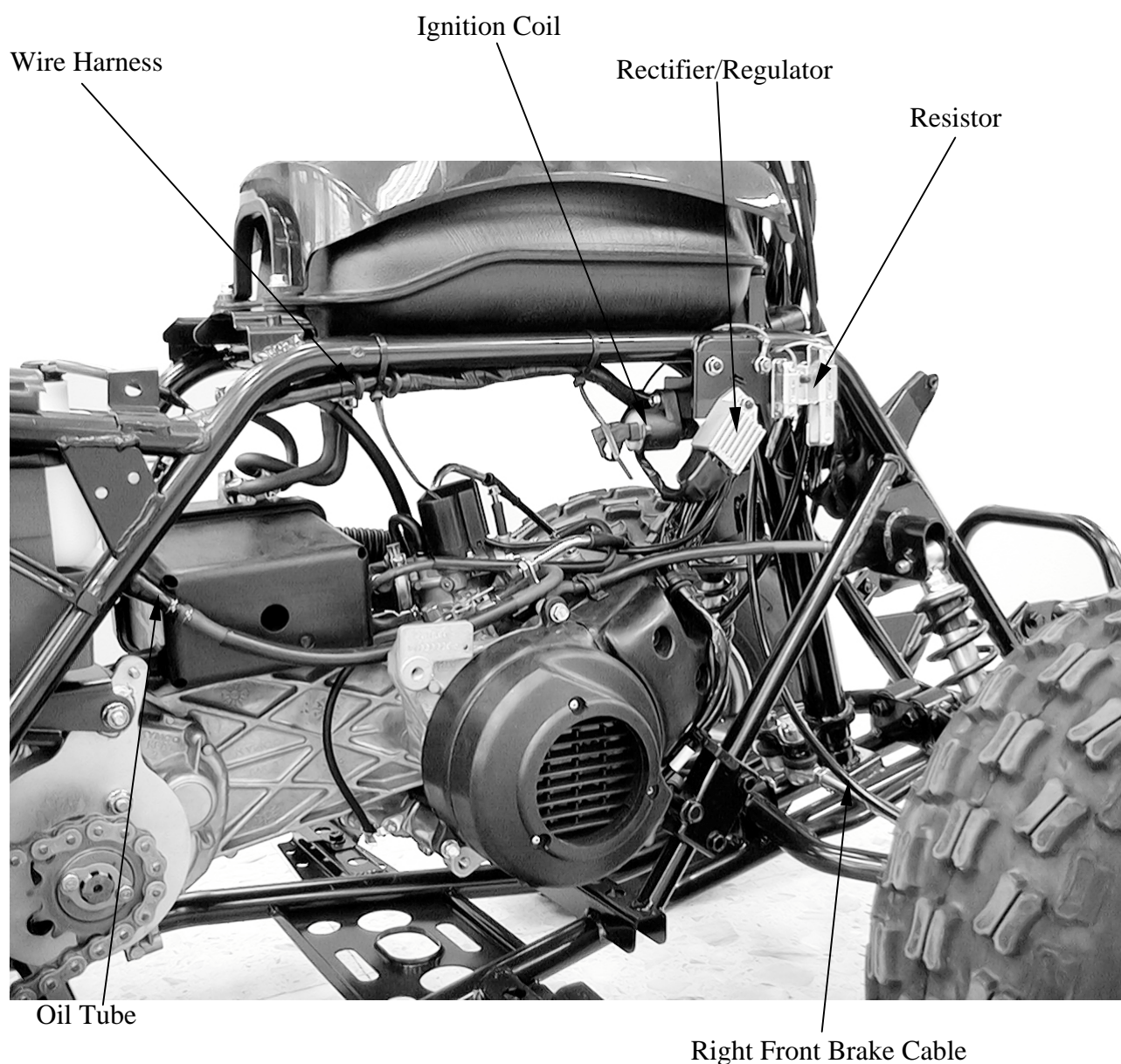
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

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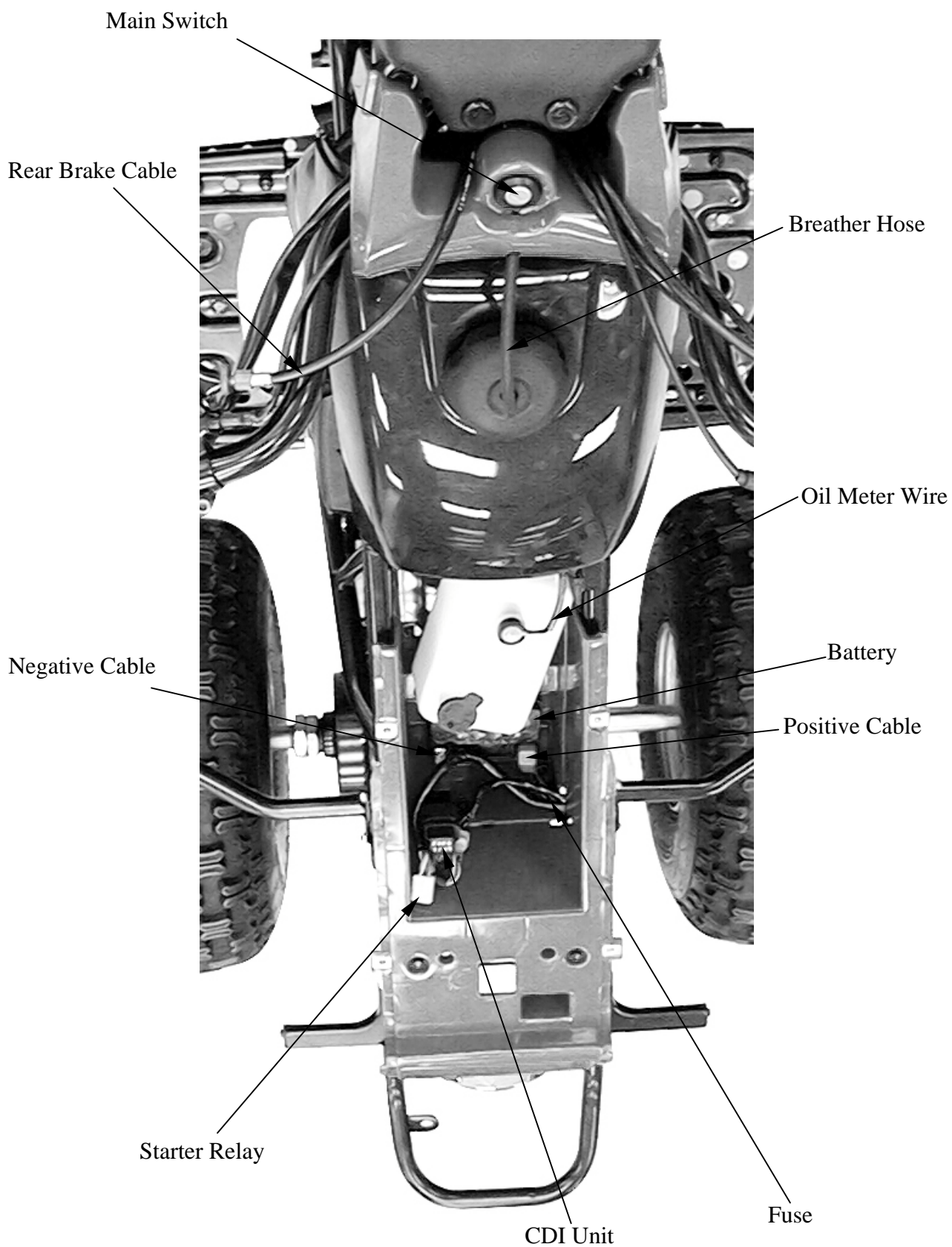


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

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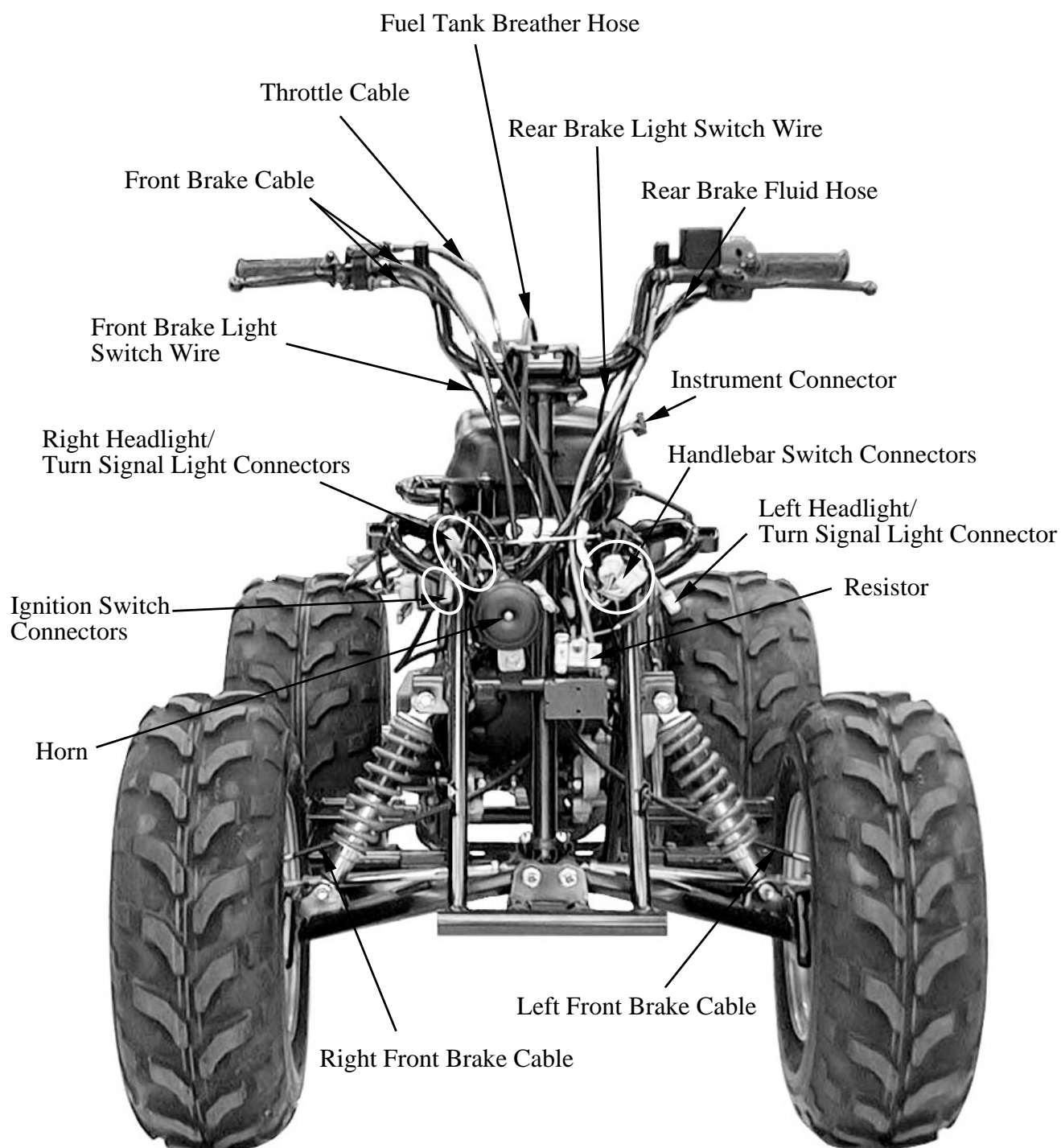
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION



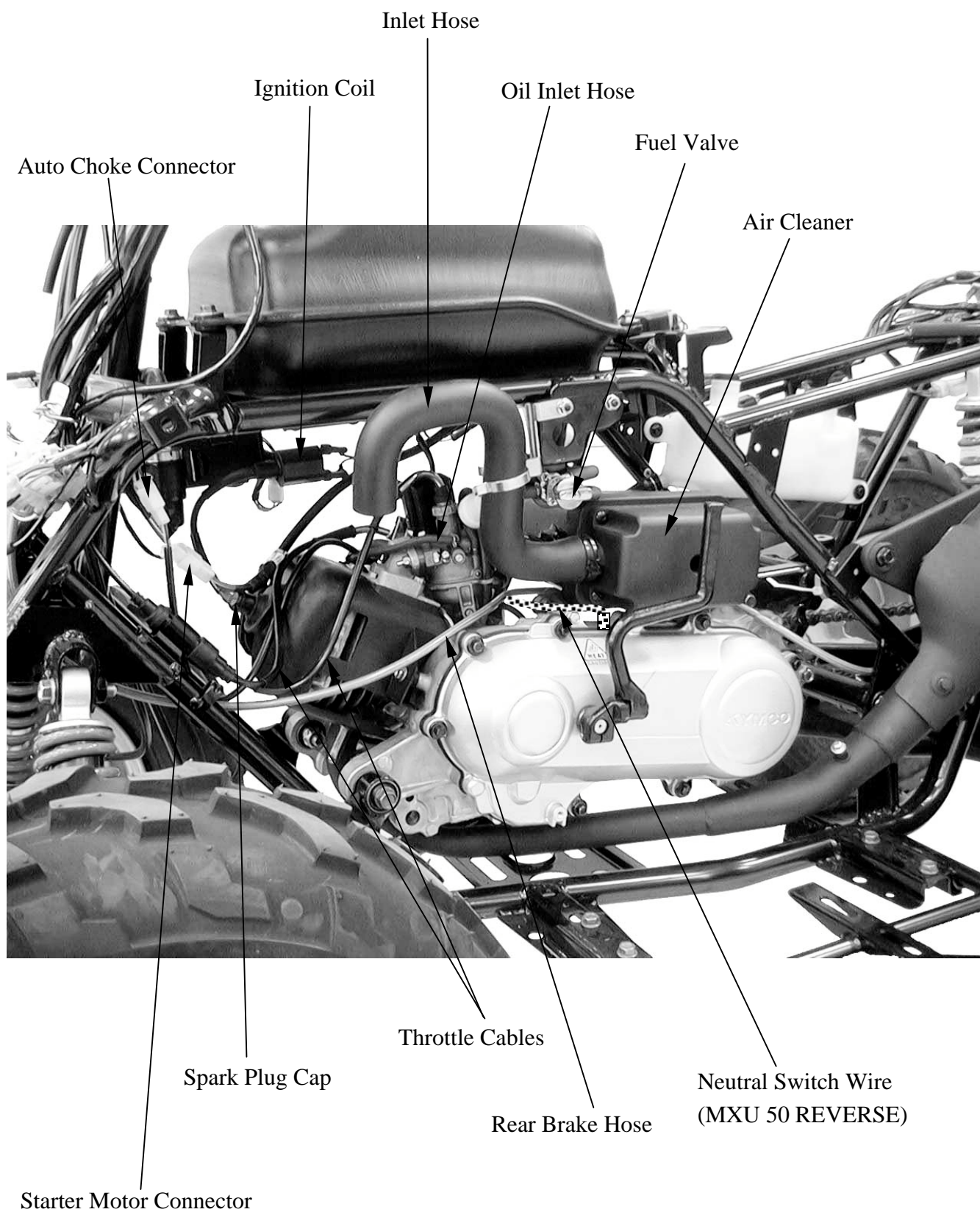


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

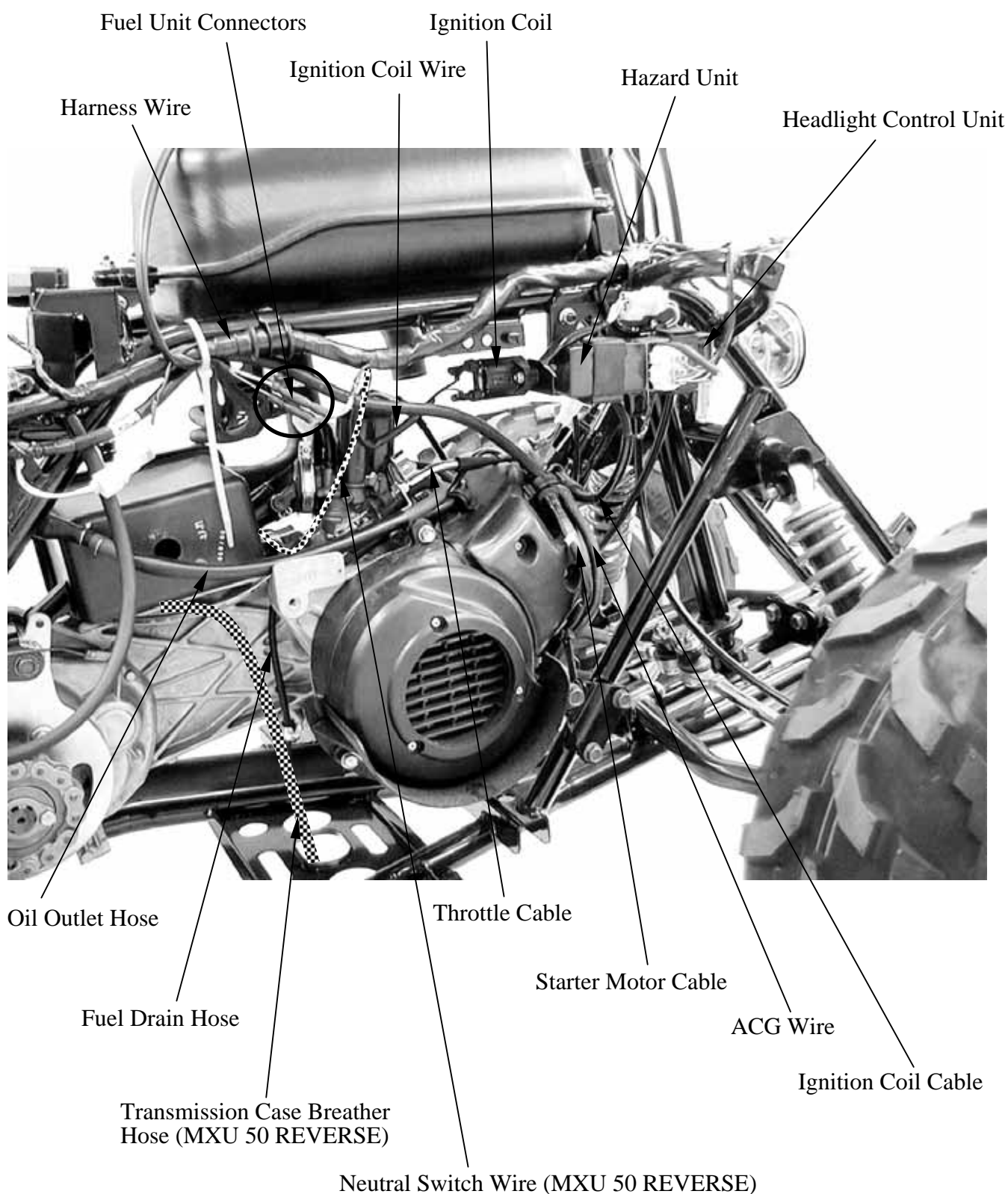
## CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50)



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

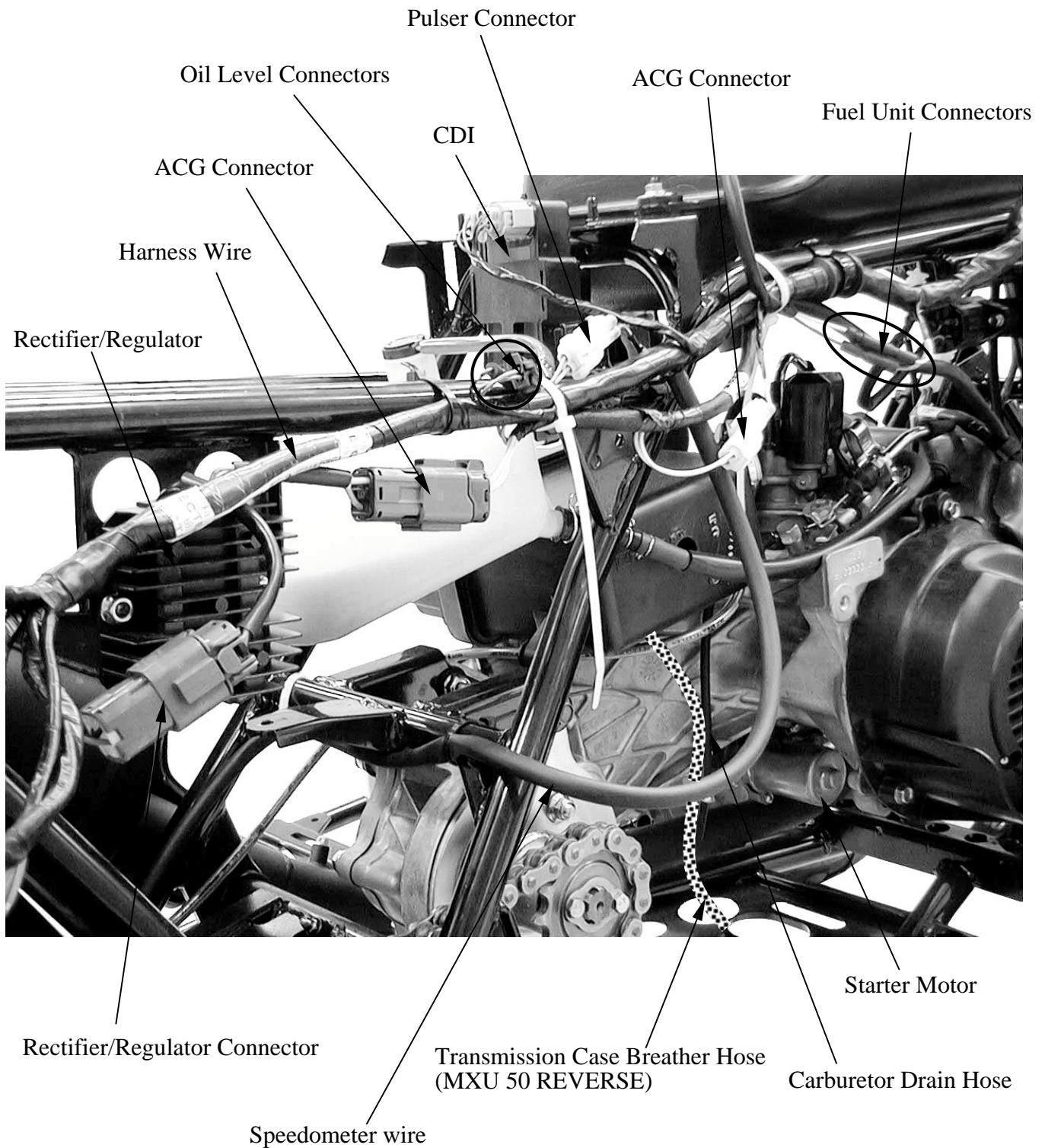


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

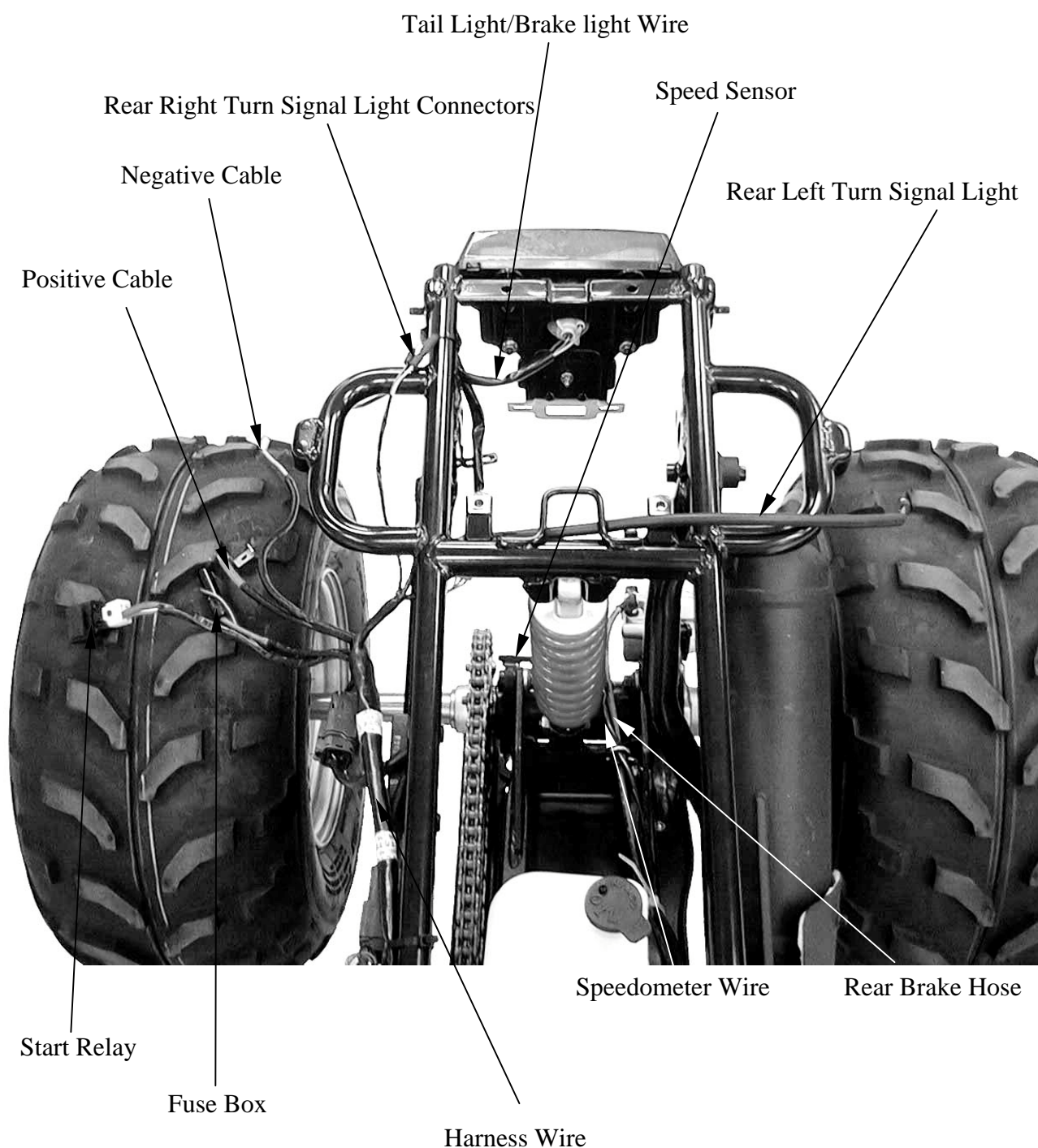




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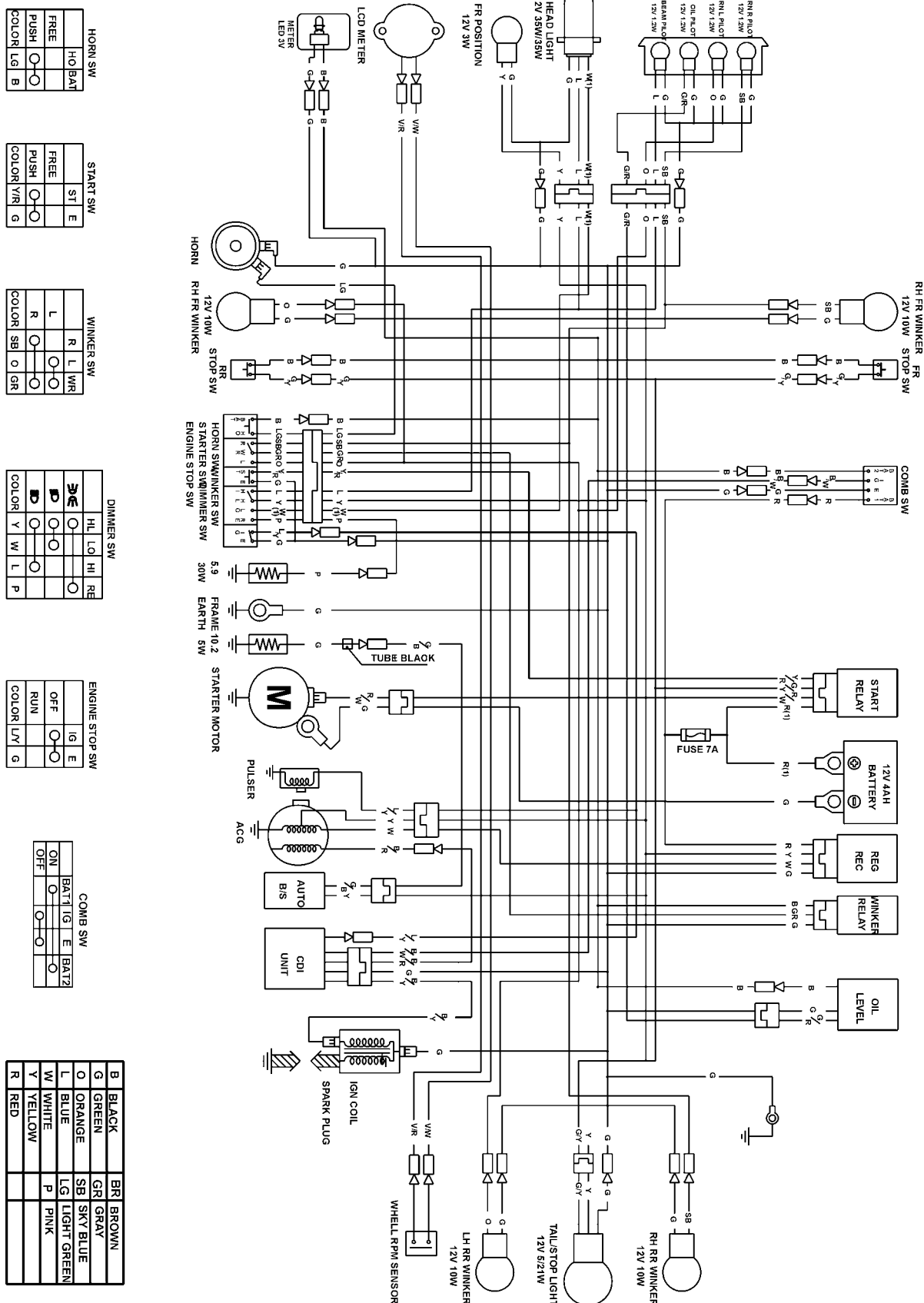
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION





# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## WIRING DIAGRAM (MX'ER 50) (ON ROAD)



HORN SW
FREE
PUSH
COLOR LG B

START SW
FREE
PUSH
COLOR Y/R G

WINKER SW
R L WR
R L WR
COLOR SB O GR

DIMMER SW
HL LO HI RE
HL LO HI RE
COLOR Y W L P

ENGINE STOP SW
OFF
RUN
COLOR LV G

COMB SW
BAT1 IG E BAT2
OFF
ON

B BLACK	BR BROWN
G GREEN	GR GRAY
O ORANGE	SB SKY BLUE
L BLUE	LG LIGHT GREEN
W WHITE	P PINK
Y YELLOW	
R RED	

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## WIRING DIAGRAM (MX'ER 50) (OFF ROAD)

COLOR COMB GROUND/MARKING

B	BLACK	BR	BROWN
Y	YELLOW	O	ORANGE
L	BLUE	SB	SKY BLUE
G	GREEN	LG	LIGHT GREEN
R	RED	P	PINK
W	WHITE	GR	GRAY

STARTER SW

FREE	E	ST
PUSH	O	O
COLOR	G	Y/R

ENGINE STOP SW

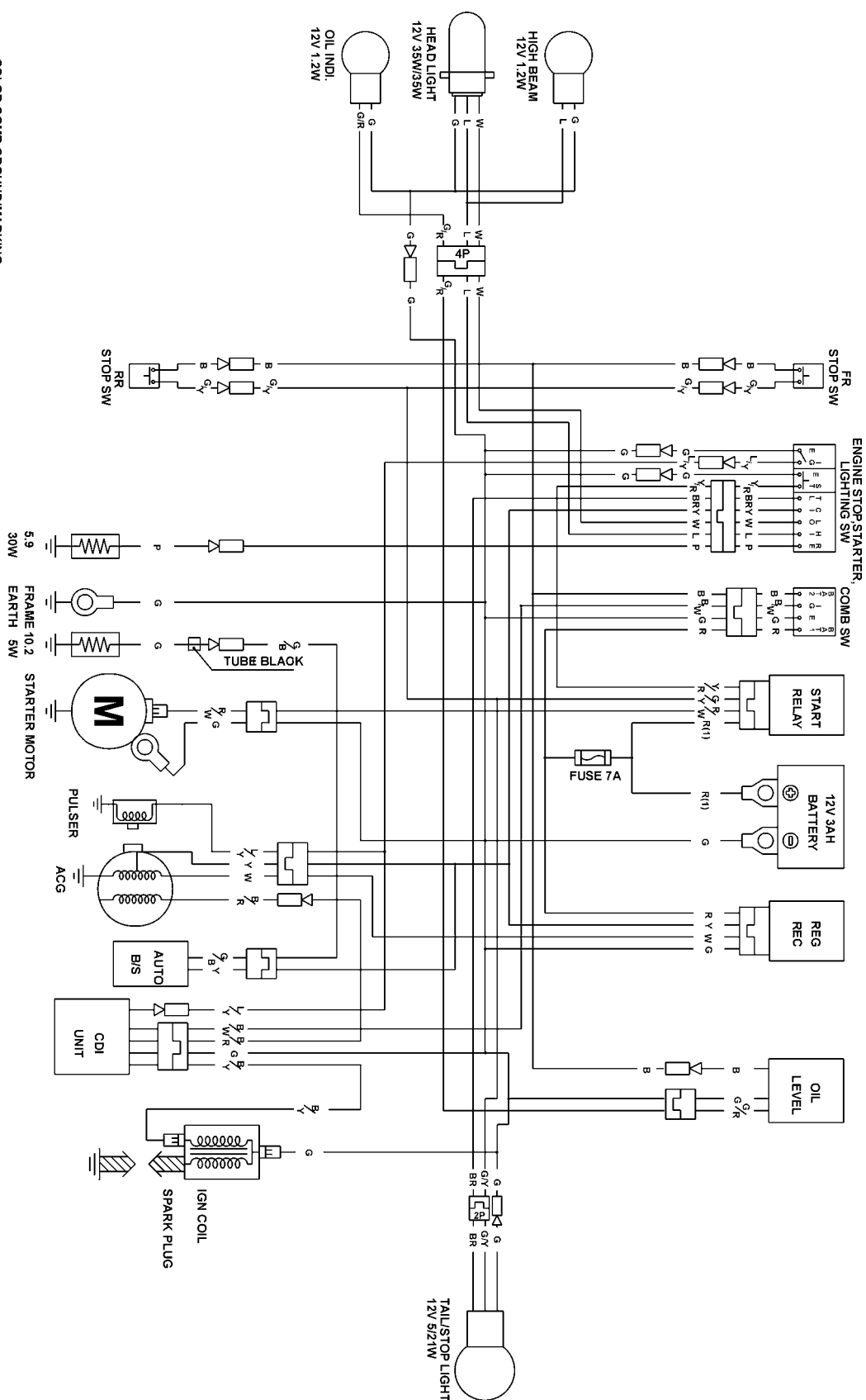
OFF	E	IG
RUN	O	O
COLOR	G	LY

COMB SW

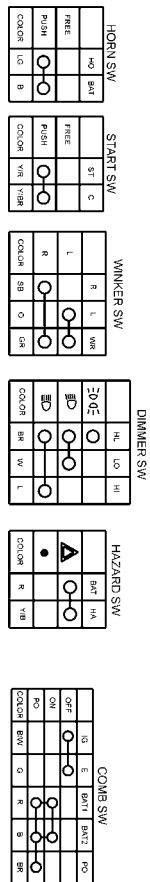
ON	BATT	IG	E	BAT2
OFF	O	O	O	O

LIGHTING SW

•	CI	RE	TL	LO	HI
(N)	O	O	O	O	O
L	O	O	O	O	O
(N)	O	O	O	O	O
H	O	O	O	O	O
COLOR	Y	P	BR	W	L



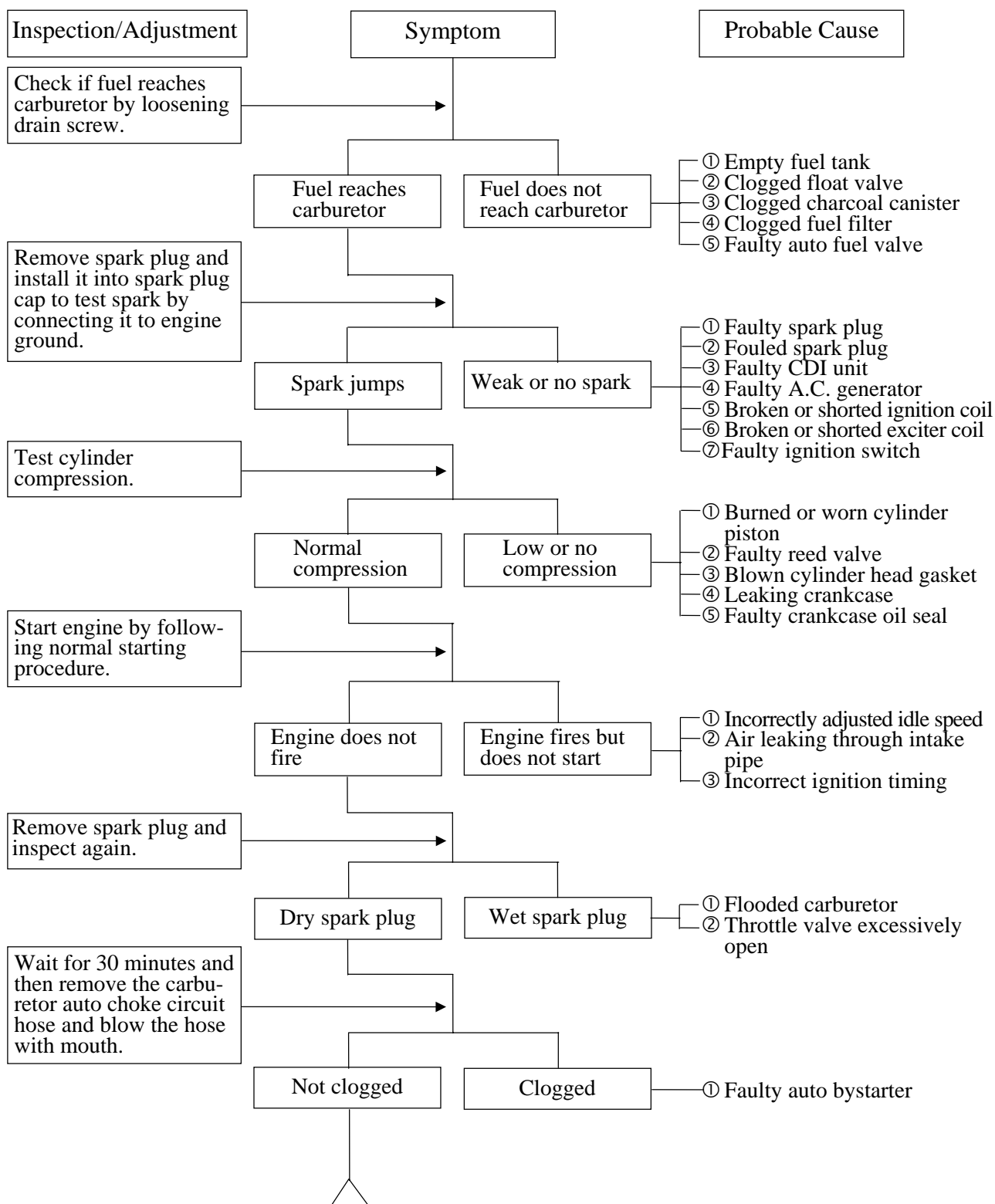
**WIRE COLORS  
(GROUND/MARKING)**  
B: BLACK  
Y: YELLOW  
L: BLUE  
O: ORANGE  
G: GREEN  
R: RED  
W: WHITE  
P: PINK  
V: VIOLET  
BR: BROWN  
LG: LIGHT GREEN  
GR: GRAY  
SB: SKY BLUE



[illegible]

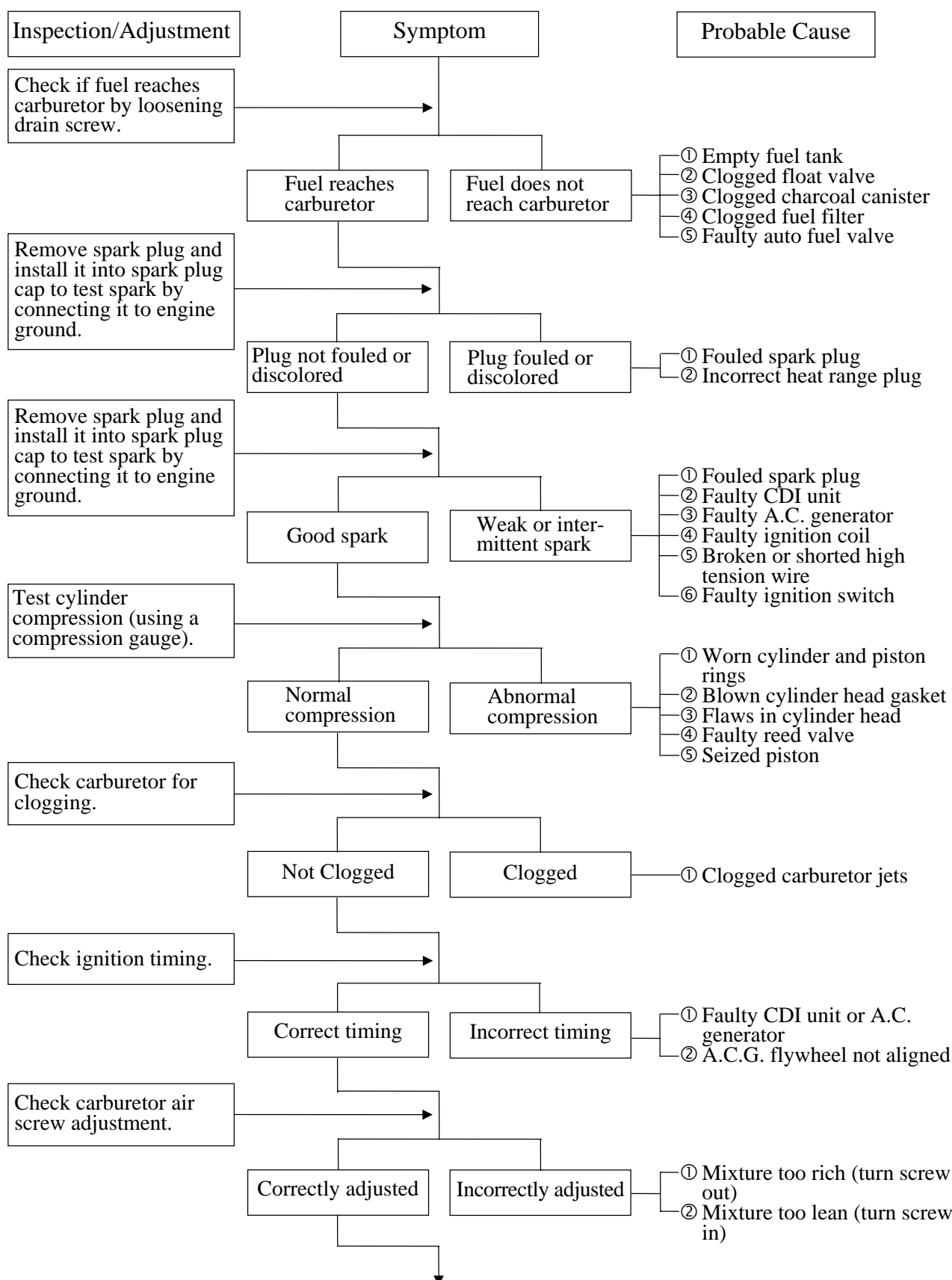
## TROUBLESHOOTING

### ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START

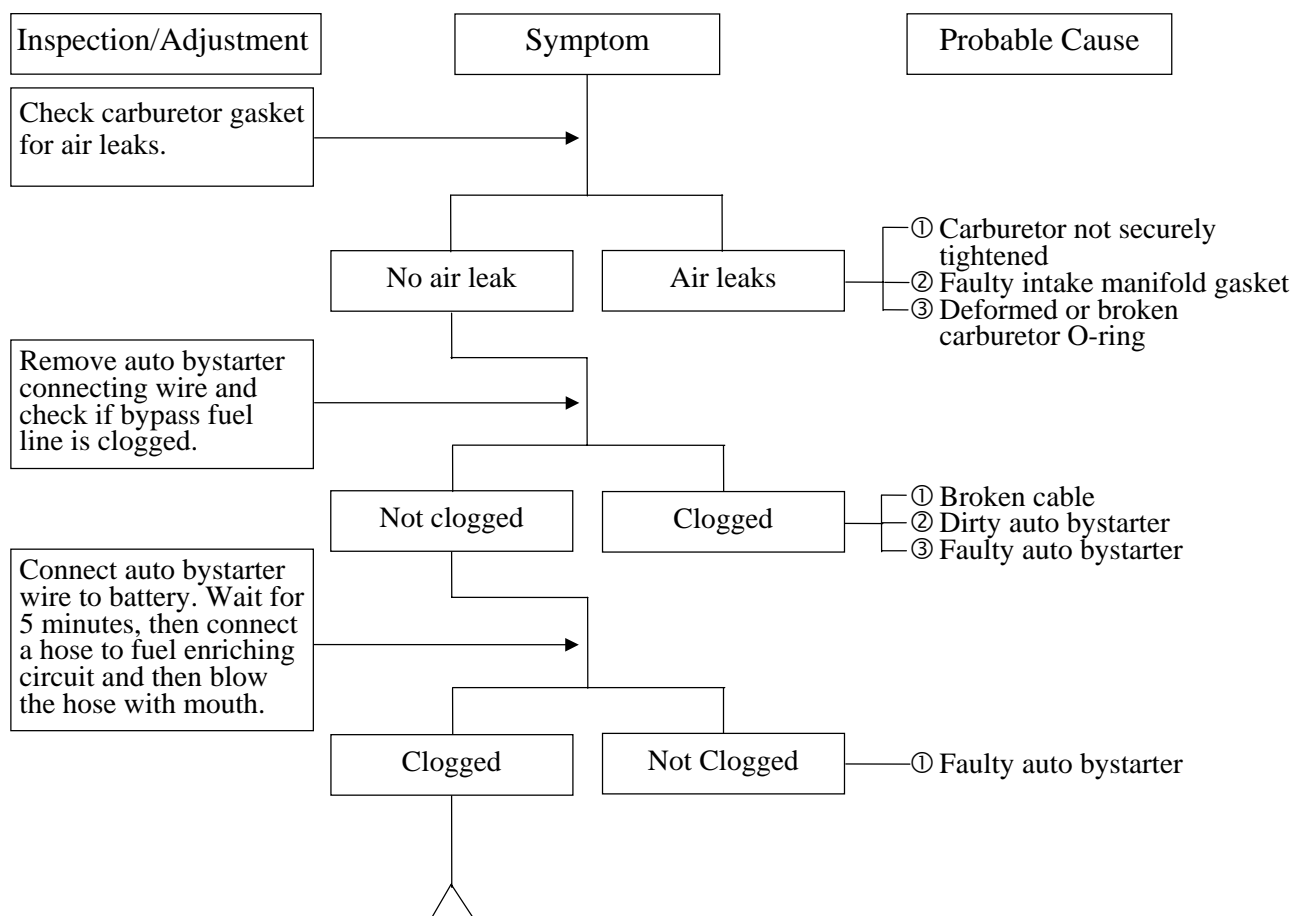


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## ENGINE STOPS IMMEDIATELY AFTER IT STARTS

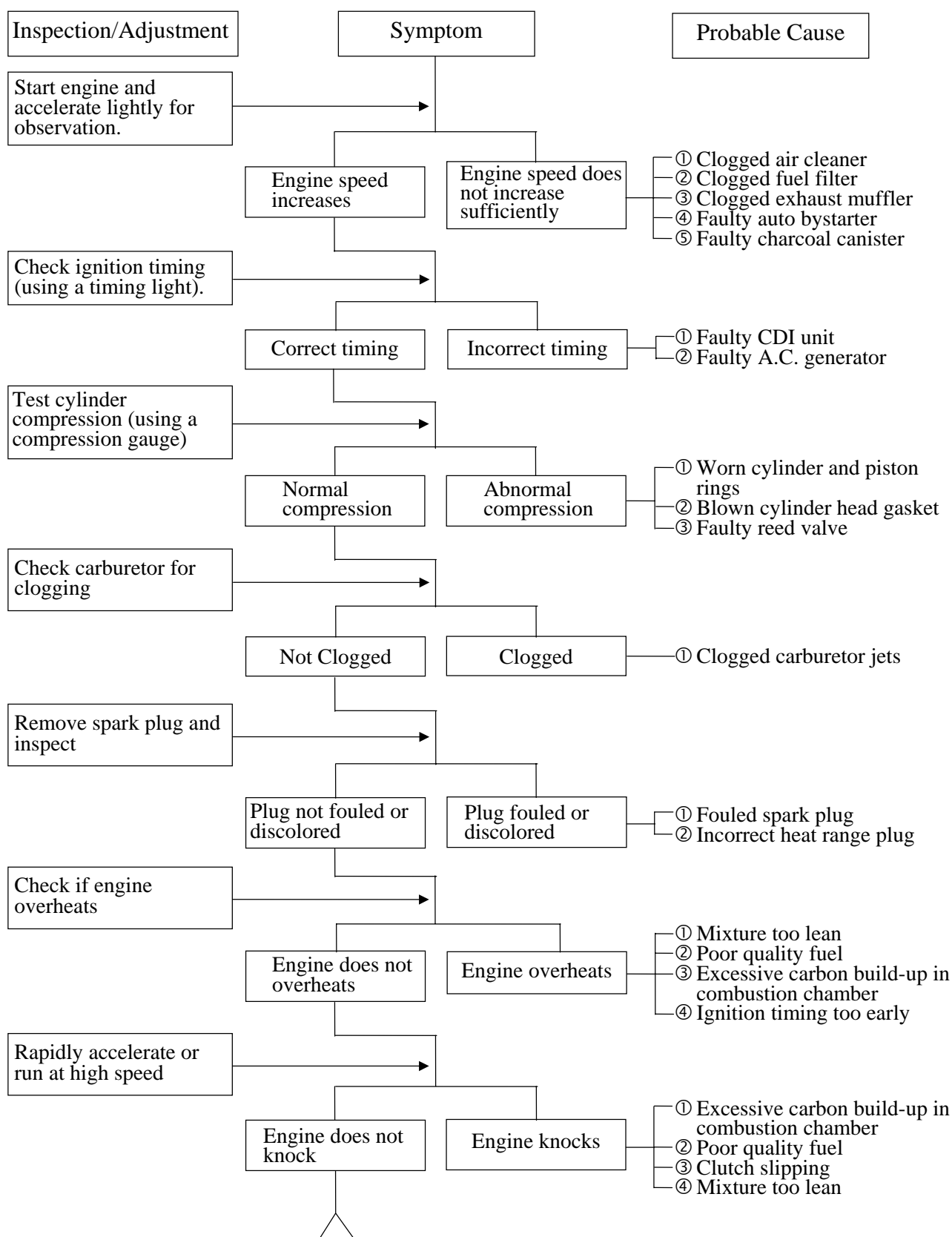


# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

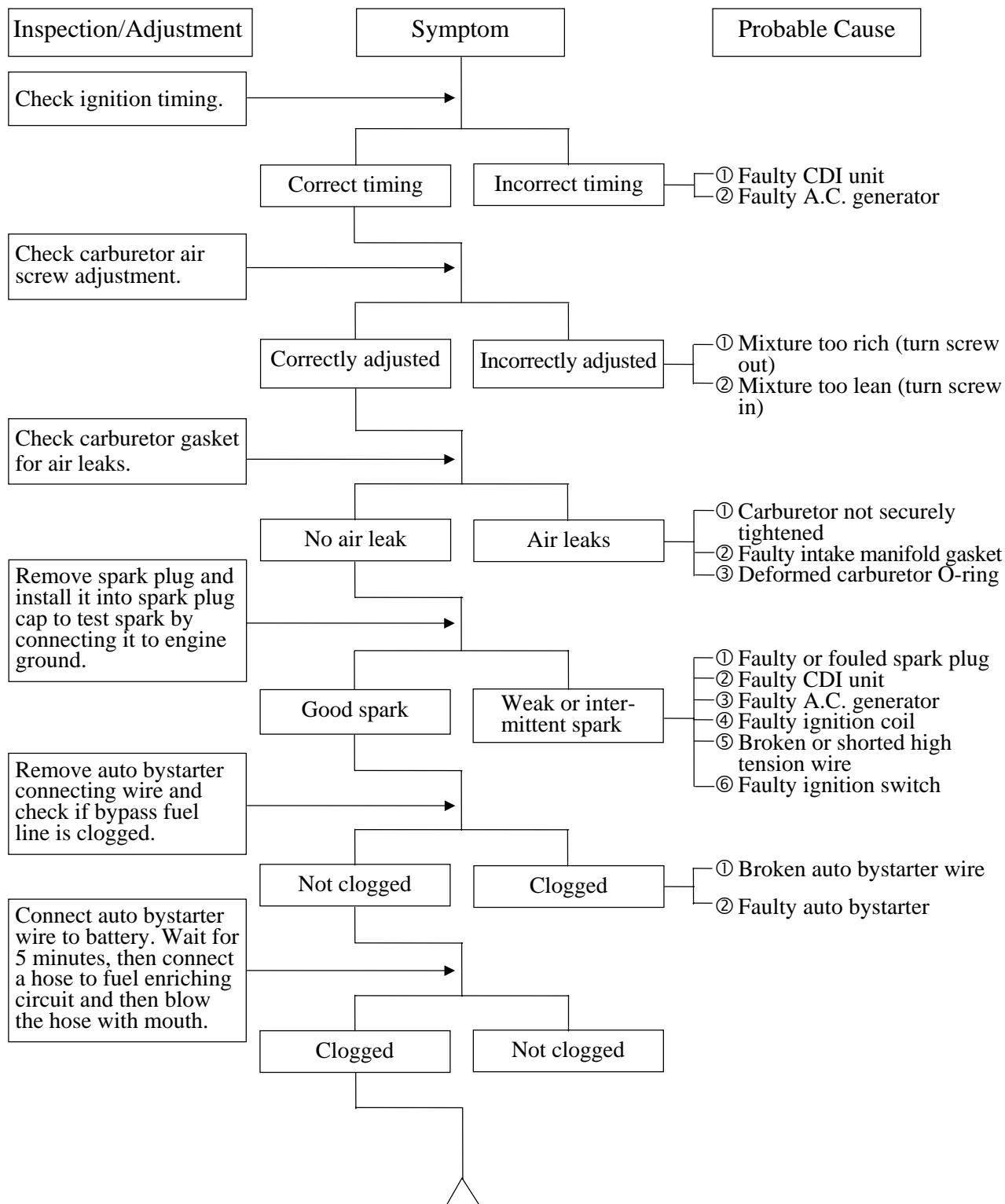
## ENGINE LACKS POWER





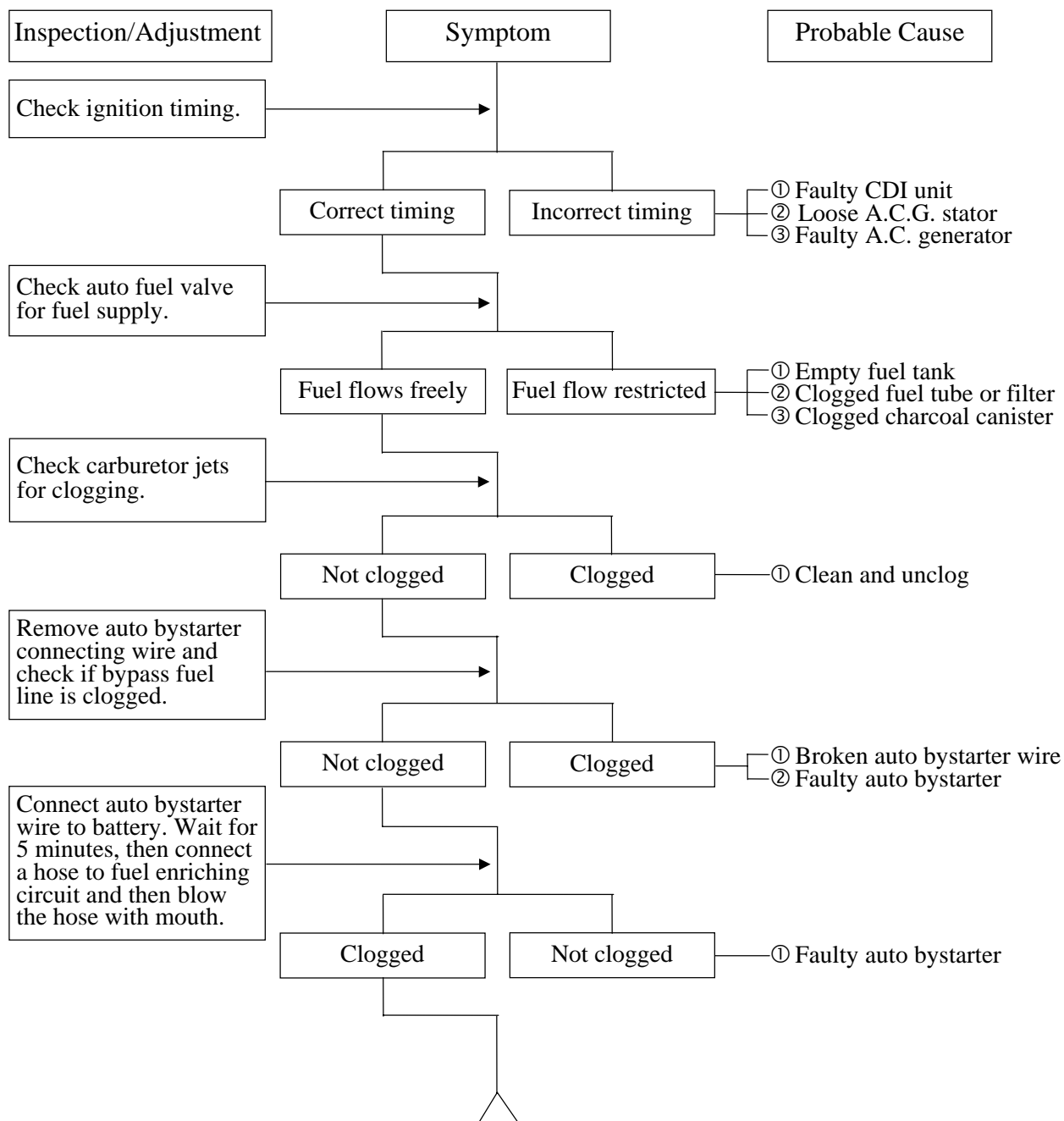
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## POOR PERFORMANCE (ESPECIALLY AT IDLE AND LOW SPEEDS)



# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## POOR PERFORMANCE (AT HIGH SPEED)



## CLUTCH, DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

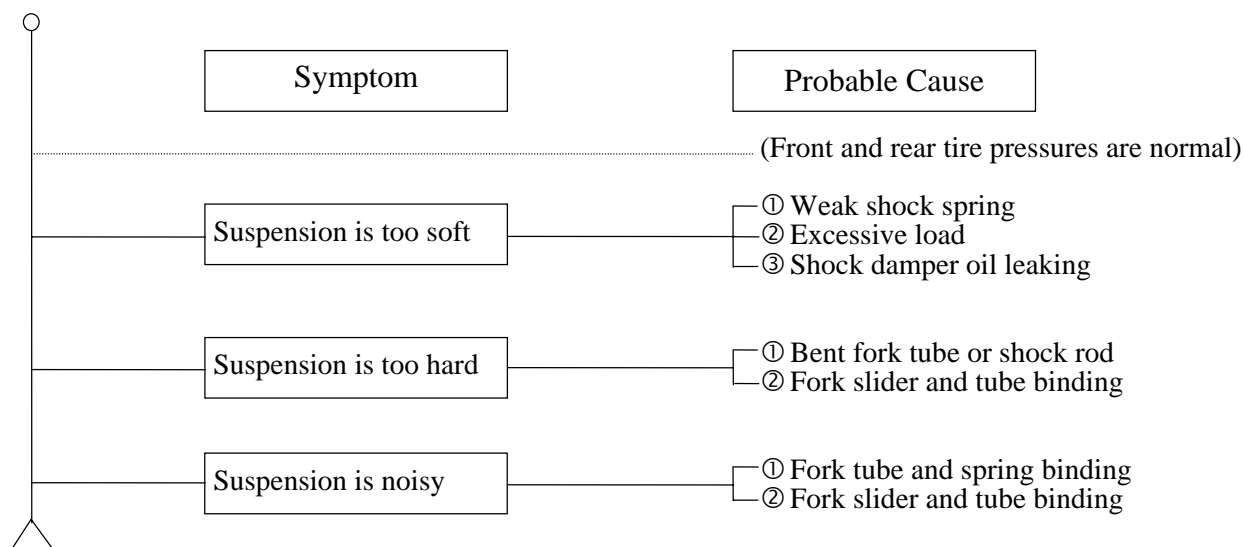
Symptom	Probable Cause
Engine starts but motorcycle does not move	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Worn or slipping drive belt</li> <li>② Broken ramp plate</li> <li>③ Broken driven face spring</li> <li>④ Separated clutch lining</li> <li>⑤ Damaged driven pulley shaft splines</li> <li>⑥ Damaged final gear</li> <li>⑦ Seized final gear</li> </ul>
Motorcycle creeps or engine starts but soon stops or seems to rush out (Rear wheel rotates when engine idles)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Broken shoe spring</li> <li>② Clutch outer and clutch weight stuck</li> <li>③ Seized pivot</li> </ul>
Engine lacks power at start of a grade (poor slope performance)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Worn or slipping drive belt</li> <li>② Worn weight rollers</li> <li>③ Seized drive pulley bearings</li> <li>④ Weak driven face spring</li> <li>⑤ Worn or seized driven pulley bearings</li> </ul>
Engine lacks power at high speed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Worn or slipping drive belt</li> <li>② Worn weight rollers</li> <li>③ Worn or seized driven pulley bearings</li> </ul>
There is abnormal noise or smell while running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Oil or grease fouled drive belt</li> <li>② Worn drive belt</li> <li>③ Weak driven face spring</li> <li>④ Worn or seized driven pulley bearings</li> </ul>

## STEERING HANDLEBAR DOES NOT TRACK STRAIGHT

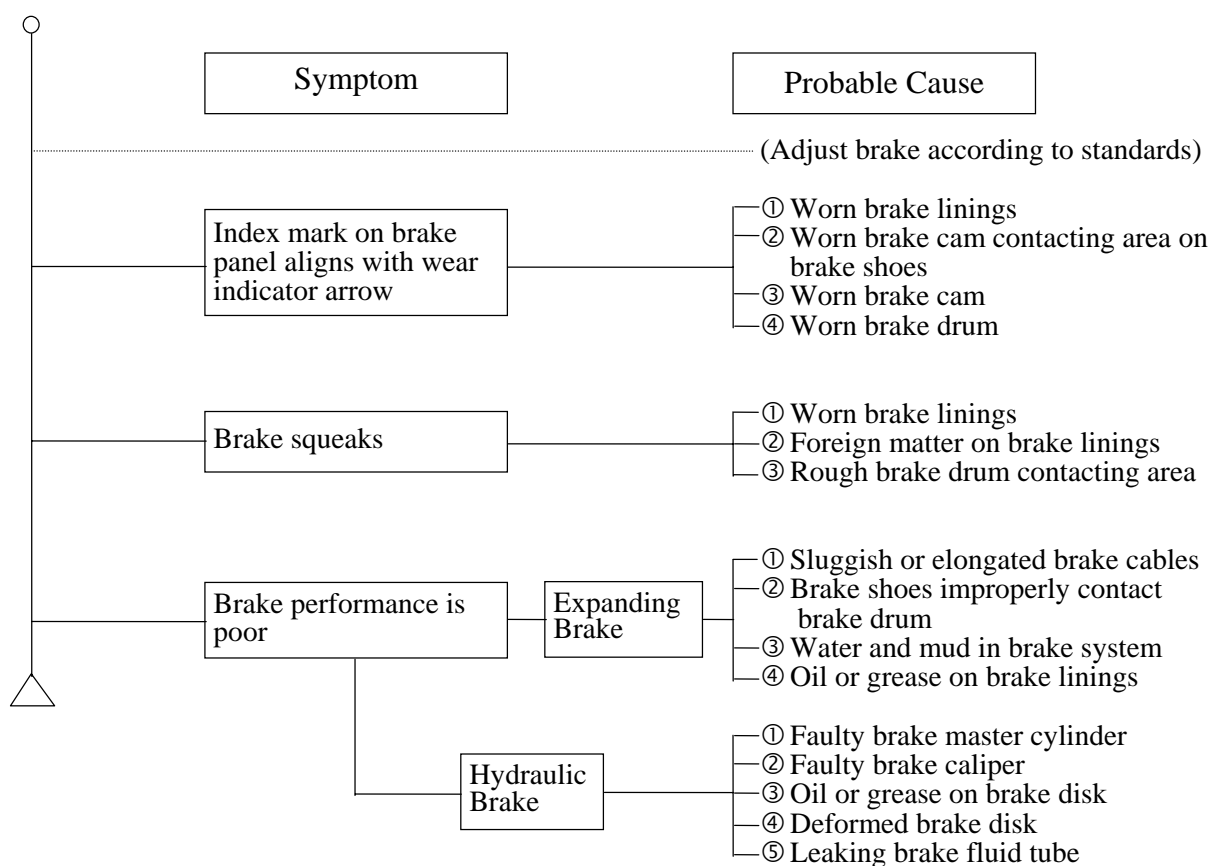
Symptom	Probable Cause
	(Front and rear tire pressures are normal)
Steering is heavy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Steering stem nut too tight</li> <li>② Broken steering steel balls</li> </ul>
Front or rear wheel is wobbling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Excessive wheel bearing play</li> <li>② Bent rim</li> <li>③ Loose axle nut</li> </ul>
Steering handlebar pulls to one side	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Misaligned front and rear wheels</li> <li>② Bent front fork</li> </ul>

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## POOR SUSPENSION PERFORMANCE



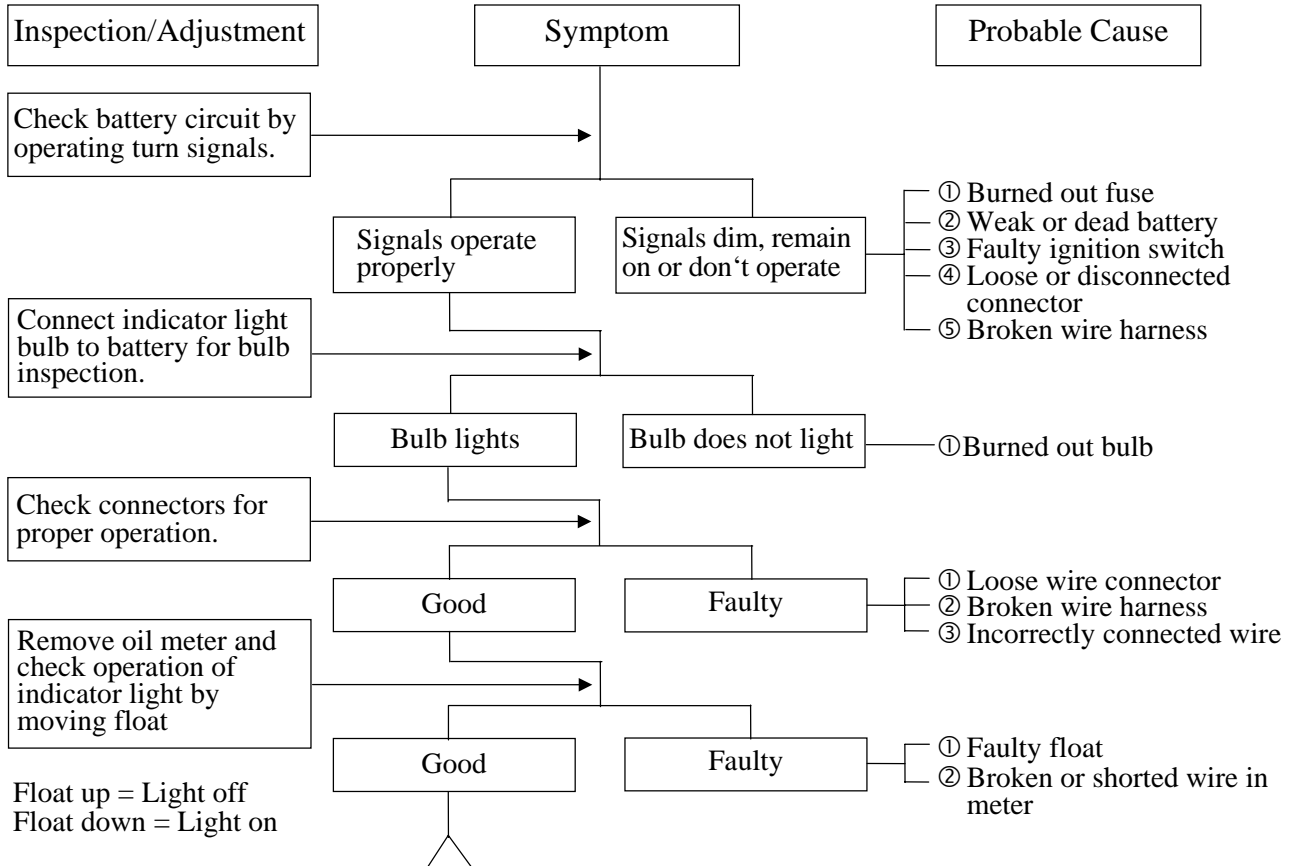
## POOR BRAKE PERFORMANCE



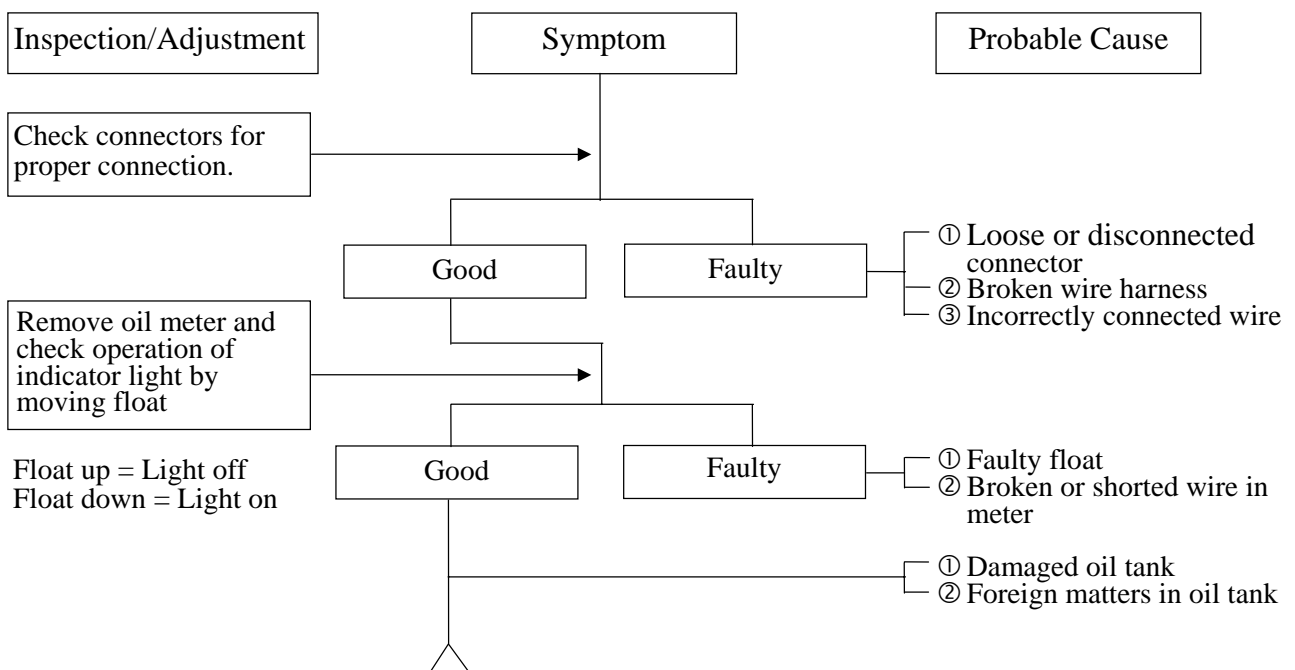
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## OIL METER

1. Motor oil indicator light does not come on when there is no motor oil (Ignition switch ON)



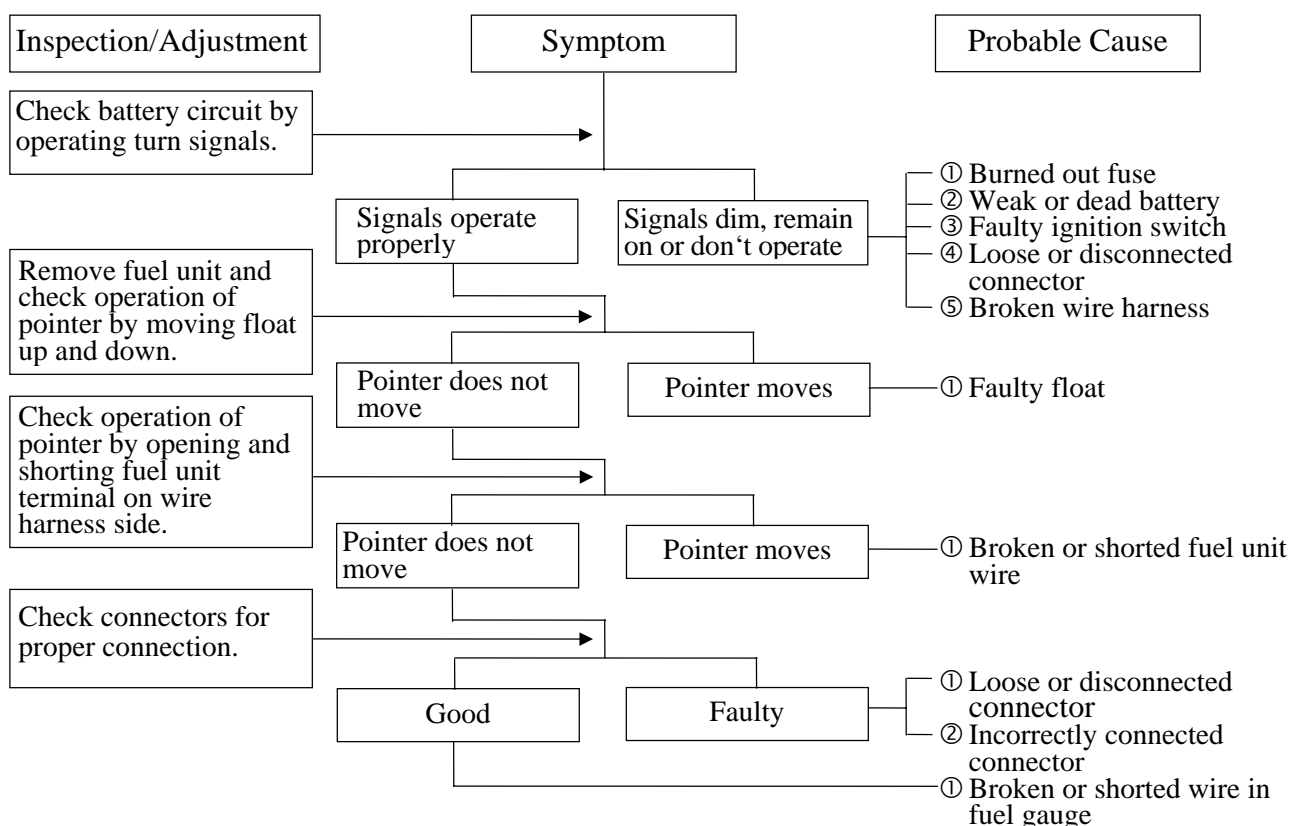
2. Motor oil is sufficient but the indicator light remains on (Ignition switch ON)



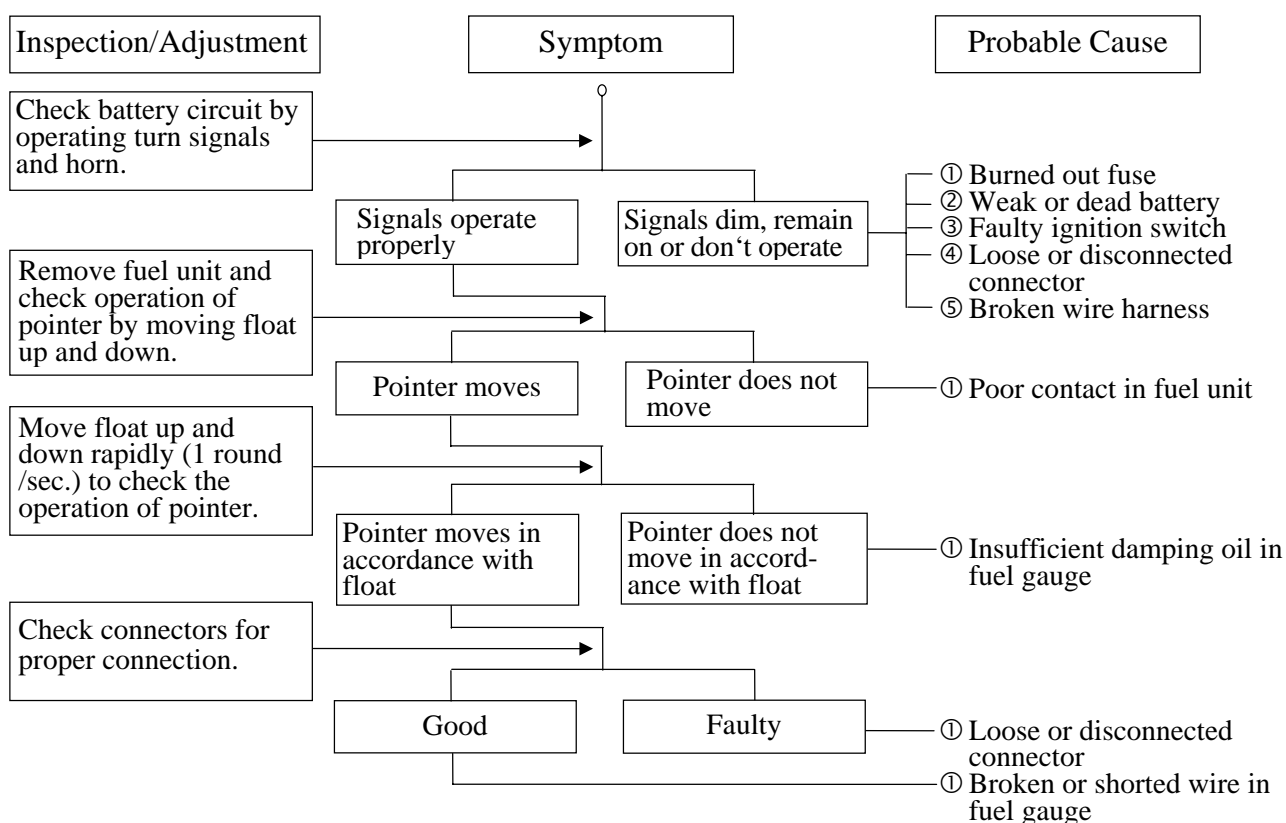
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## FUEL GAUGE

### 1. Pointer does not register correctly (Ignition switch ON)



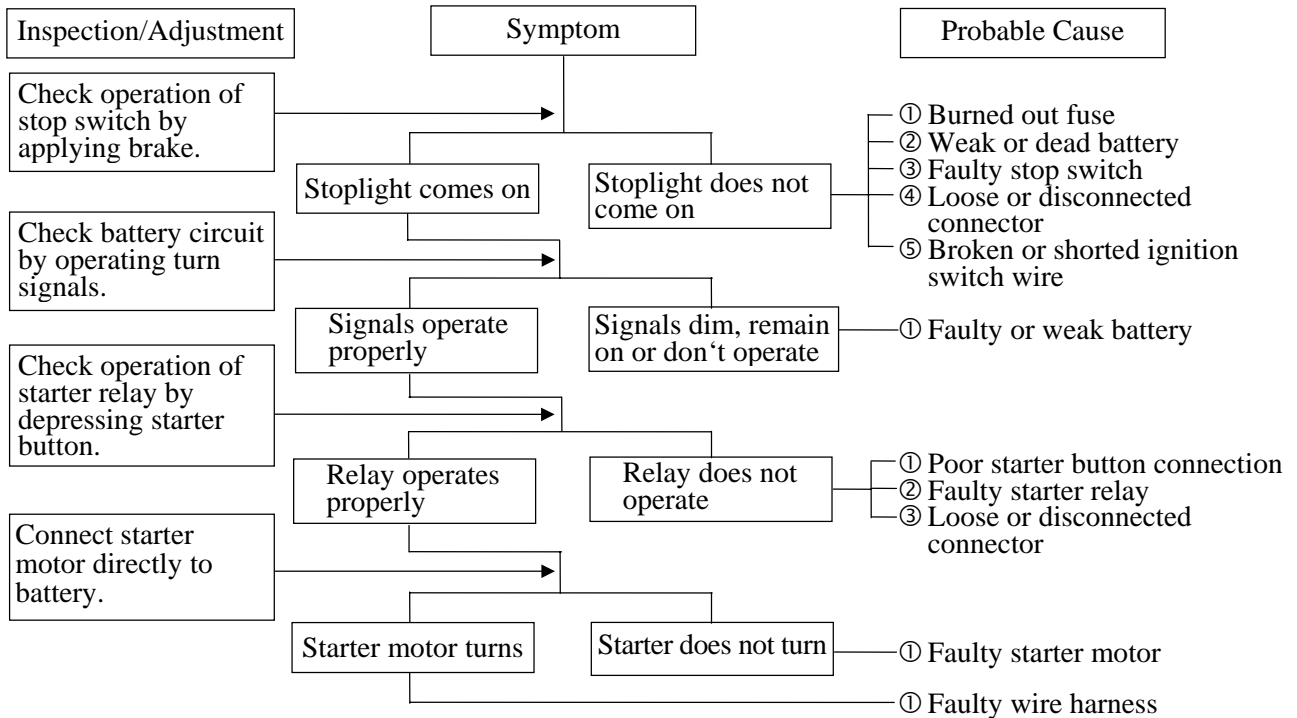
### 2. Pointer fluctuates or swings (Ignition switch ON)



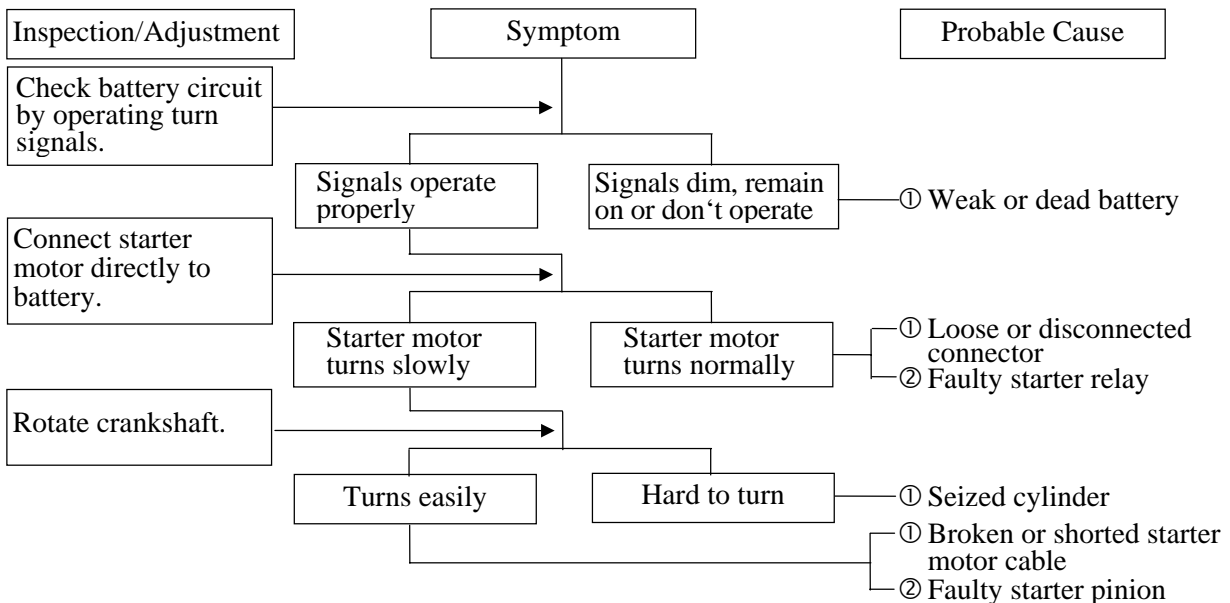
# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## STARTER MOTOR

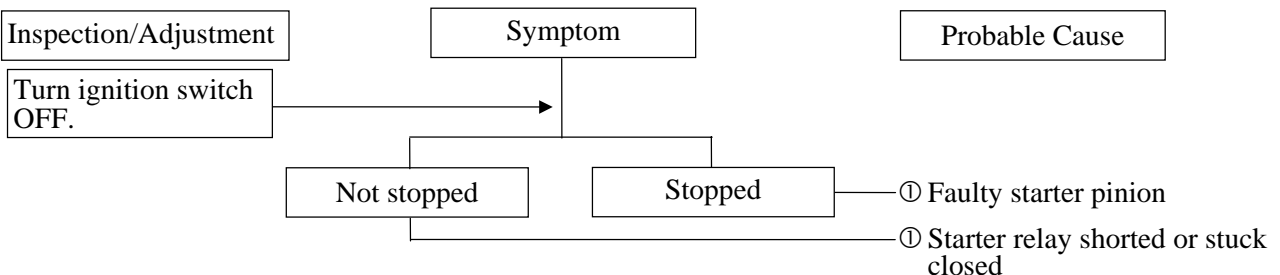
### 1. Starter motor won't turn



### 2. Starter motor turns slowly or idles



### 3. Starter motor does not stop turning



**FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER**

SERVICE INFORMATION-----	2- 1
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	2- 1
FRAME COVERS (MX'ER 50)-----	2- 3
HEADLIGHT REMOVAL (MX'ER 50)-----	2- 5
FASTENER REMOVAL -----	2- 7
FRAME COVERS (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50)-----	2- 8
EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL (MX'ER 50)-----	2- 15
EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50) -----	2- 16



## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

---

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When removing frame covers, use special care not to pull them by force because the cover joint claws may be damaged.
- Make sure to route cables and harnesses according to the Cable & Harness Routing.

#### TORQUE VALUES

Exhaust muffler lock bolt	3.3 kgf-m (33 N-m, 24 lbf-ft)
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 9 lbf-ft)

### TROUBLESHOOTING

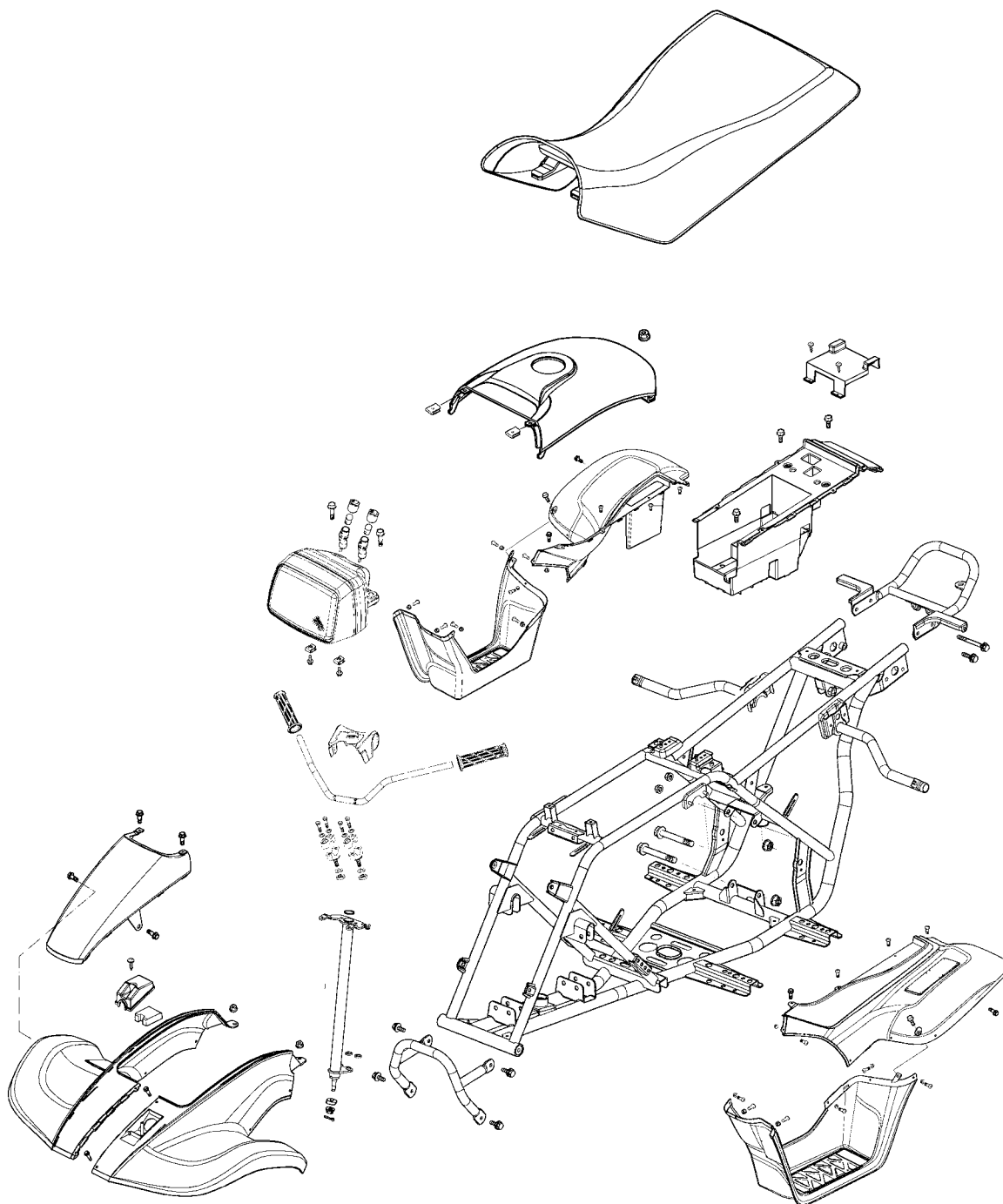
#### Noisy exhaust muffler

- Damaged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler joint air leaks

#### Lack of power

- Caved exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler air leaks
- Clogged exhaust muffler

## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

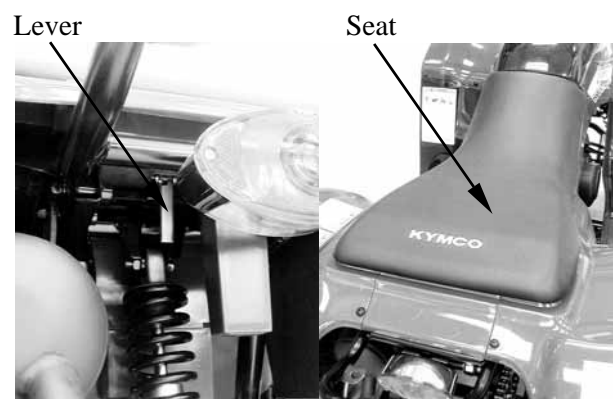
**MX'ER 50**

## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### FRAME COVERS (MX'ER 50)

#### SEAT REMOVAL

Pull the lever backward, then pull up the seat at the rear.  
Remove the seat.

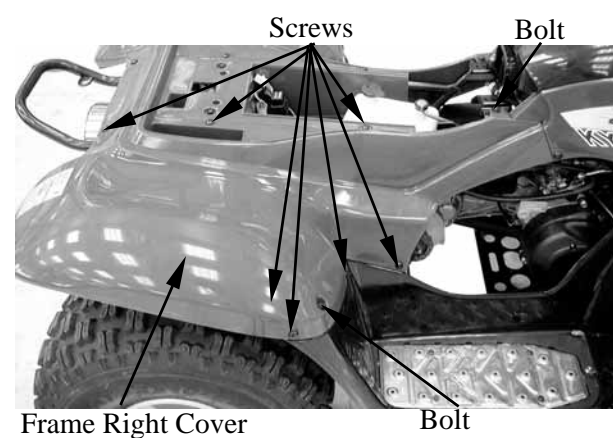


#### LEFT AND RIGHT REAR FENDER REMOVAL

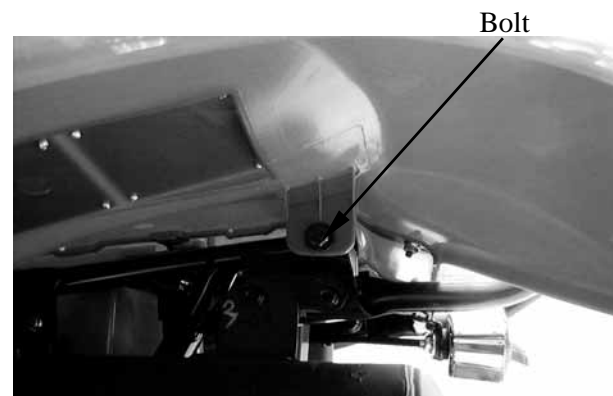
Remove seven screws and two bolts attaching the left rear fender.

Remove seven screws and two bolts attaching the right rear fender.

\* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.



Remove the left rear fender under bolt.  
Remove the left rear fender.



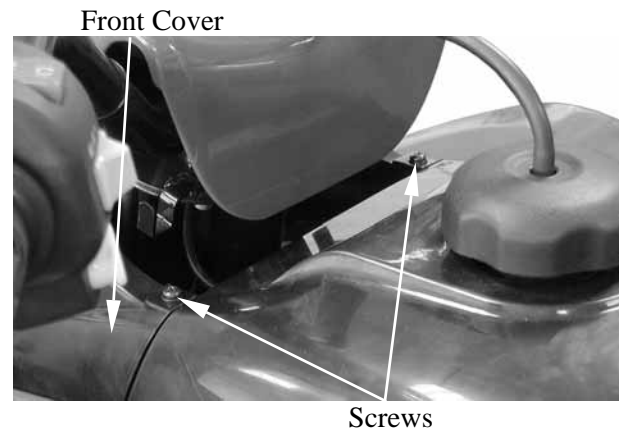
Remove the two bolts under right rear fender.  
Remove the right rear fender.



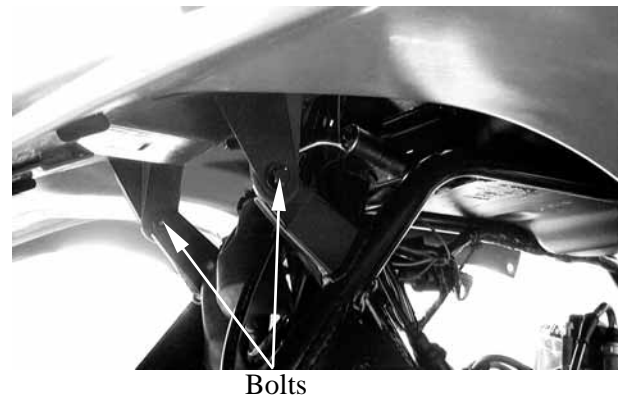
## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### FRONT COVERS REMOVAL

Remove the two screws on the front cover.

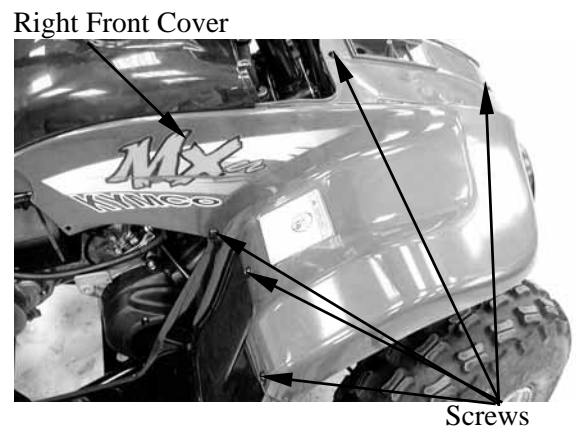


Remove the left and right front fender under bolt.  
Remove the front cover.

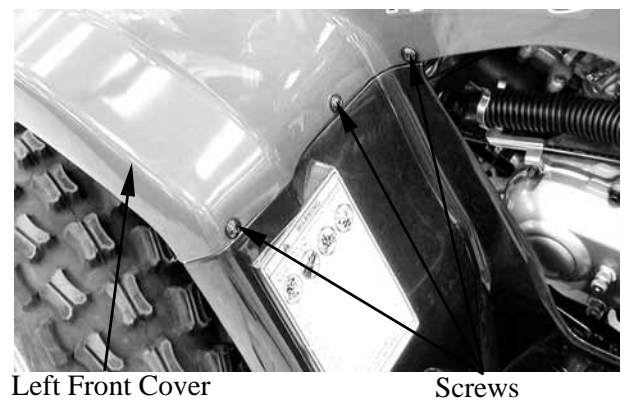


### FRONT FENDER REMOVAL

Remove screws attaching the left and right front fender.  
Remove the left and right front fender.



\* During removal, be careful not to damage the joint claws.

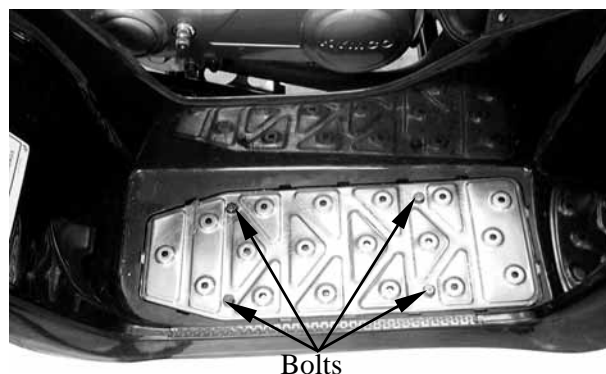


## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### FLOOR BOARD COVER REMOVAL

Remove the four bolts on the floorboard cover.

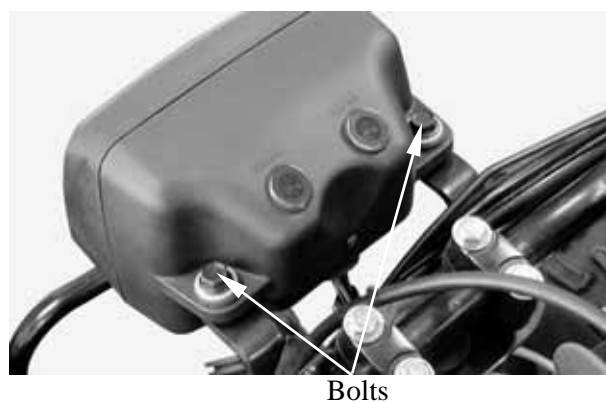
Remove the floorboard cover.



### HEADLIGHT REMOVAL (MX'ER 50)

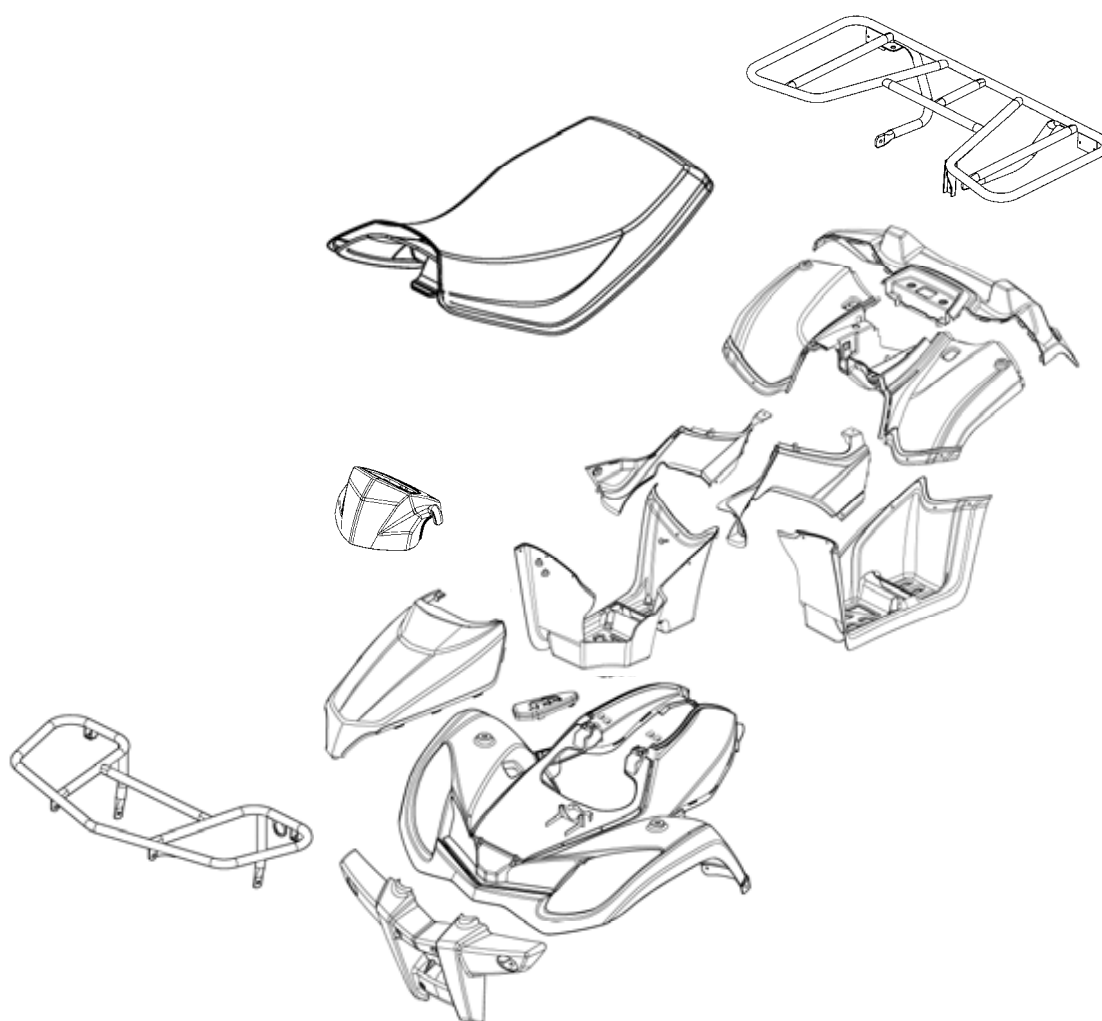
Remove the headlight connector wire.

Remove the two bolts on the headlight.



## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50

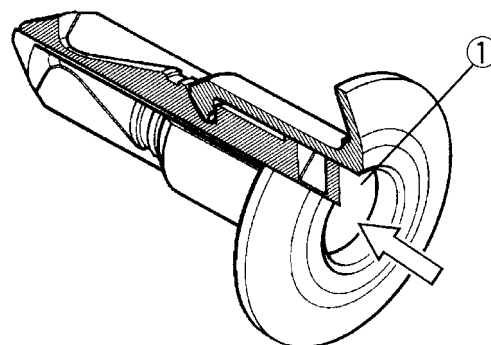


## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### FASTENER REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION

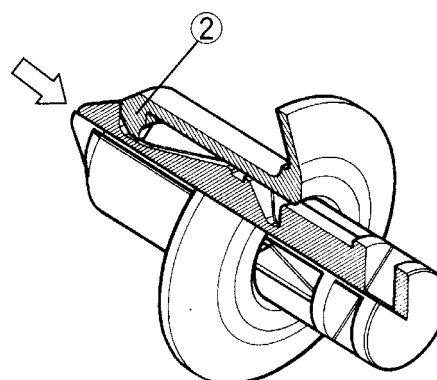
#### REMOVAL

Depress the head of fastener center piece ①.  
Pull out the fastener.



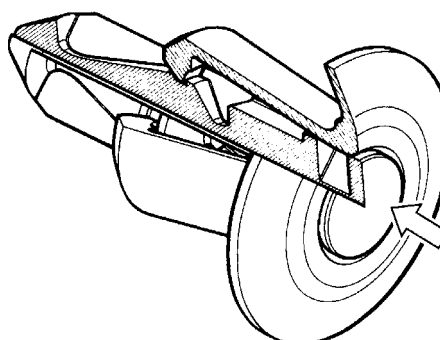
#### INSTALLATION

Let the center piece stick out toward the head so that the pawls ② close.  
Insert the fastener into the installation hole.



\* To prevent the pawl ② from damage, insert the fastener all the way into the installation hole

Push in the head of center piece until it becomes flush with the fastener outside face.



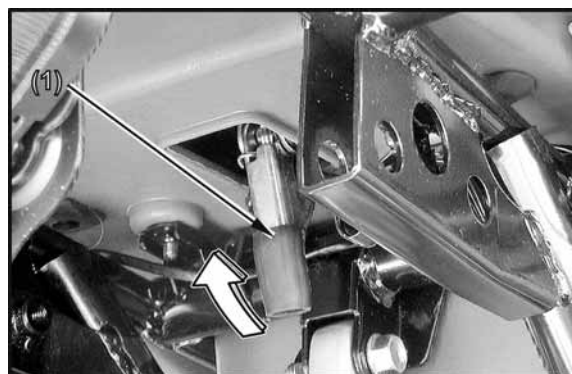
## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### FRAME COVERS (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50)

#### SEAT

##### REMOVAL

Pull the lever (1) backward, then pull up the seat at the rear.  
Remove the seat.



##### INSTALLATION

To install the seat, align the tabs on the seat with the grommets on the frame and press the seat down until it locks.



#### FRONT CARGO RACK

##### REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the two mounting bolts.



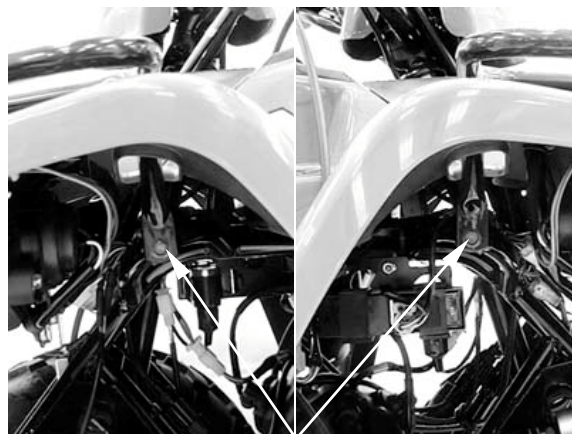
Mounting Bolts



## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

Remove the two mounting bolts from the front cargo rack right/left side under the front fender, remove the front cargo rack.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Mounting Bolts

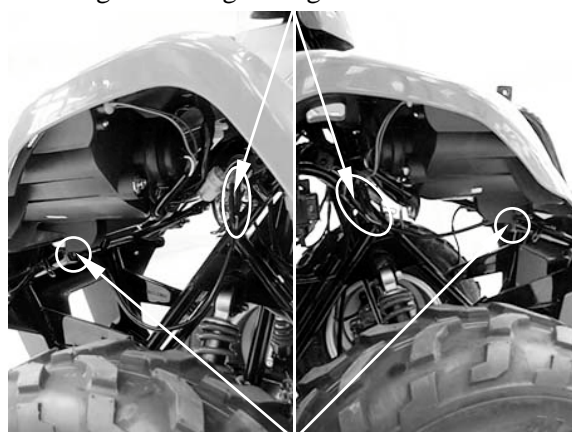
### FRONT CARRIER REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove front cargo rack (see page 2-8).

Disconnect the right and left signal light connectors. (ON ROAD)

Remove the bolts from the right/left headlight case.

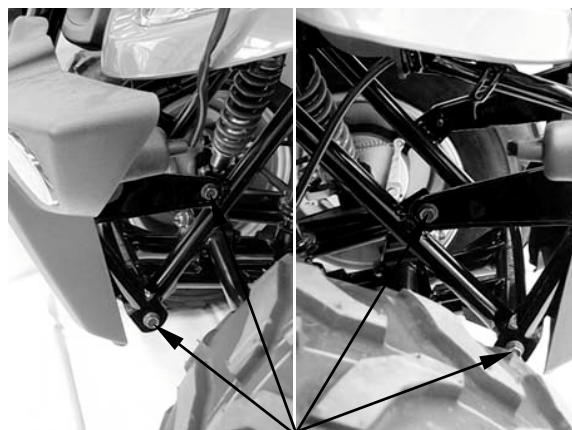
Right/Left Signal Light Connectors



Bolts

Remove the four mounting bolts from the front carrier right/left side, then remove the front carrier.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

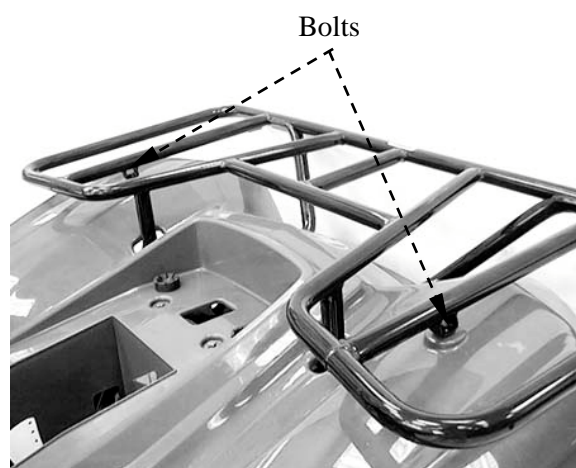


Mounting Bolts

## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

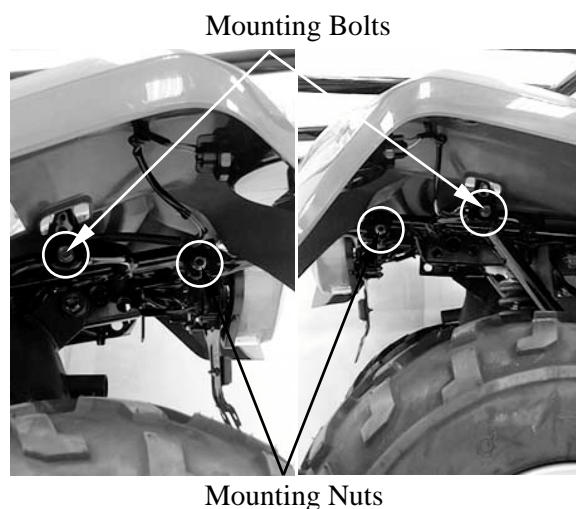
### REAR CARGO RACK REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the two bolts under the rear fender.



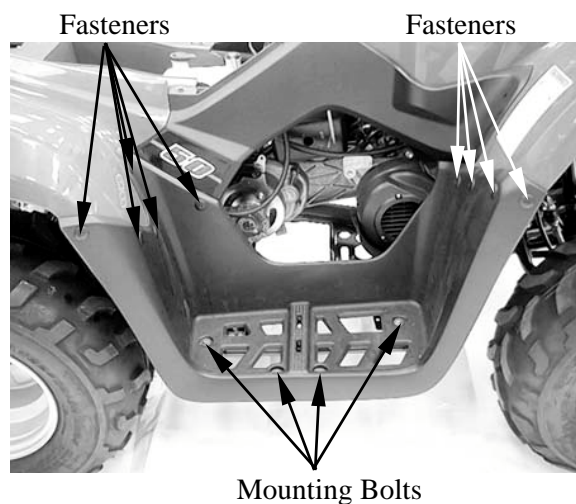
Remove the two mounting bolts and two mounting nuts from the rear cargo rack right/left side under the rear fender.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



### RIGHT/LEFT FOOTBOARD REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove 9 fasteners, 4 mounting bolts and the right footboard.

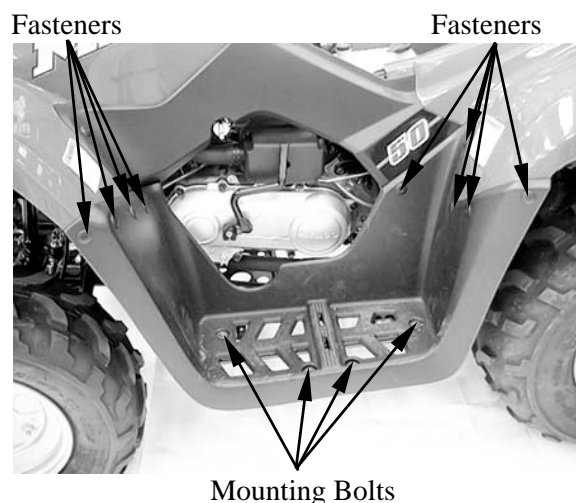


## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

Remove 9 fasteners, 4 mounting bolts and the left footboard.

\* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

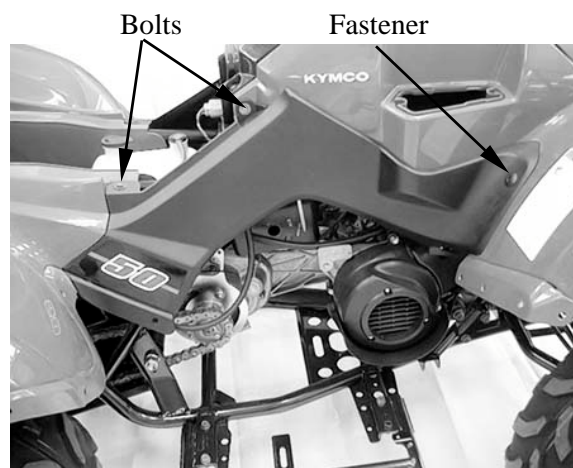


### RIGHT/LEFT SIDE COVER REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Open the seat (see page 2-8).

Remove the right/left footboard (see page 2-10).

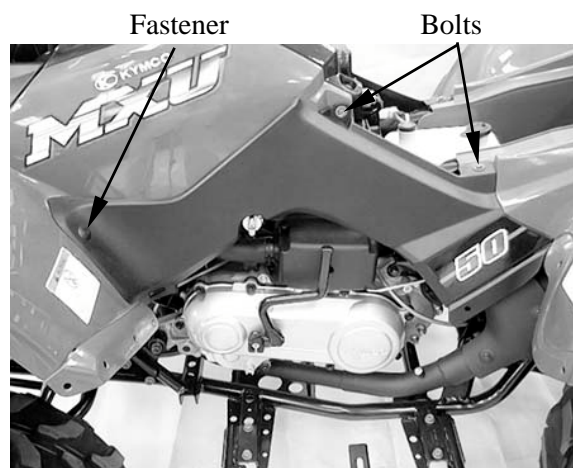
Remove the two bolts, fastener and right side cover.



Remove the two bolts, fastener and left side cover.

\* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

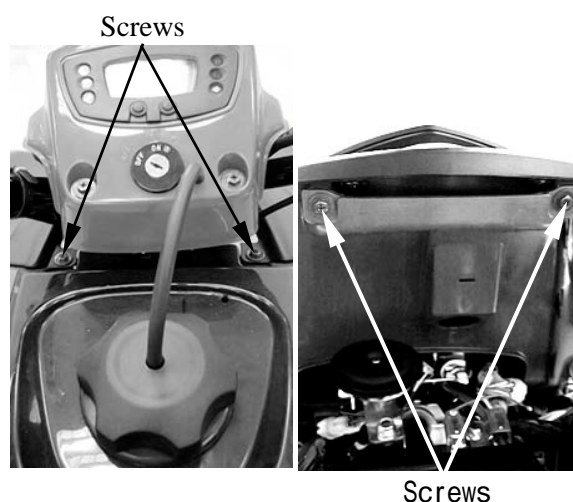
### FRONT CENTER COVER REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the front cargo rack (see page 2-8).

Remove the two screws on the front cover, two screws under the front cover and front center cover.

\* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



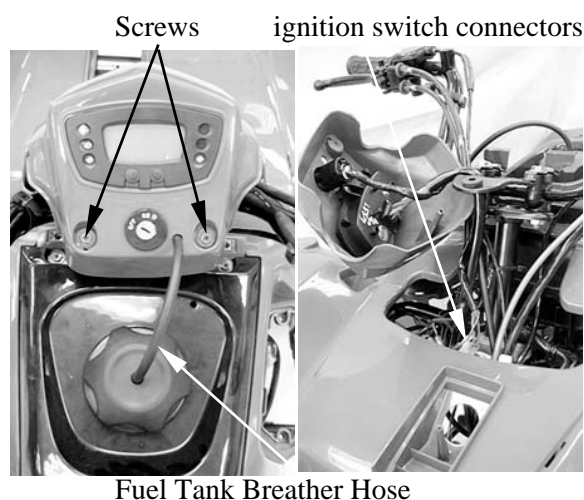
### HANDLEBAR COVER REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the front center cover (see page 2-12).

Disconnect the fuel tank breather hose from the handlebar cover.

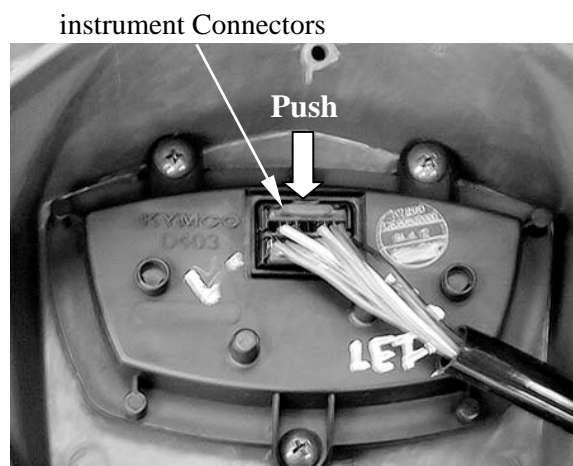
Remove the two screws and raise the handlebar cover.

Disconnect the ignition switch connectors.



Disconnect the instrument connector, then remove the handlebar cover and instrument.

Installation is in the reserve order of removal.





## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### FUEL TANK COVER

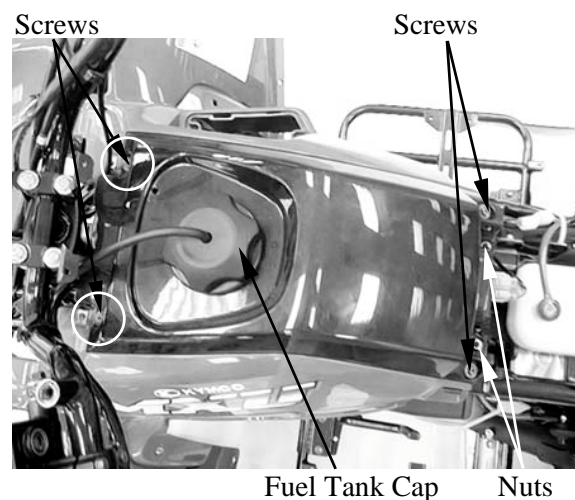
#### REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the four screws and two nuts from the fuel tank cover.

Remove the fuel tank cap by turning it counterclockwise and fuel tank seal, then remove the fuel tank cover.

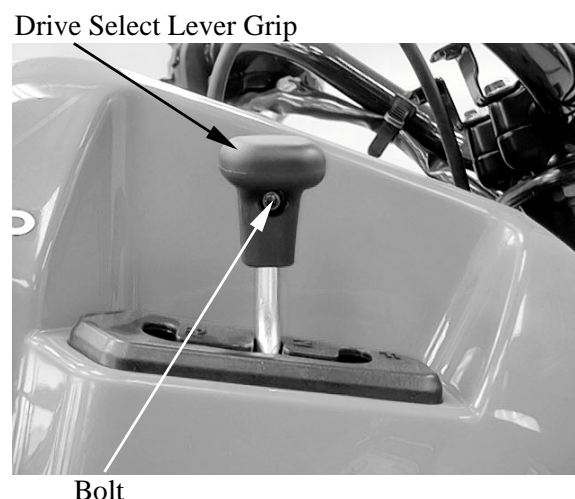
- \* Put on the fuel tank cap after removing the cover to prevent dust, mud, etc. from entering the fuel tank

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



### MXU 50 REVERSE:

Remove the bolt and then remove the drive select lever grip.



### FRONT FENDER

#### REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove front carrier (see page 2-9), front center cover (see page 2-12), fuel tank cover (see page 2-13) and right/left side cover (see page 2-10).

Disconnect the right and left headlight connectors.



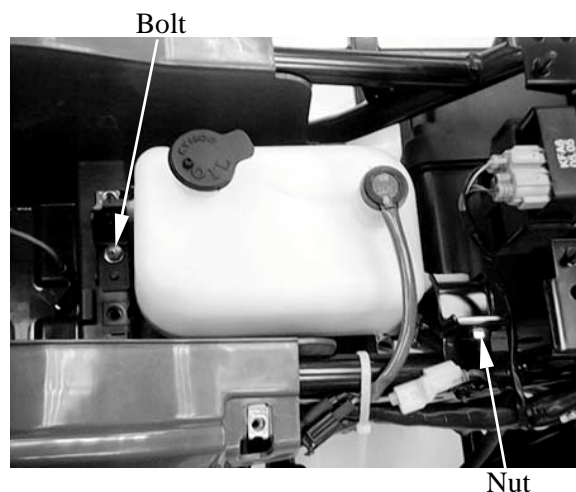
## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### REAR FENDER

#### REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

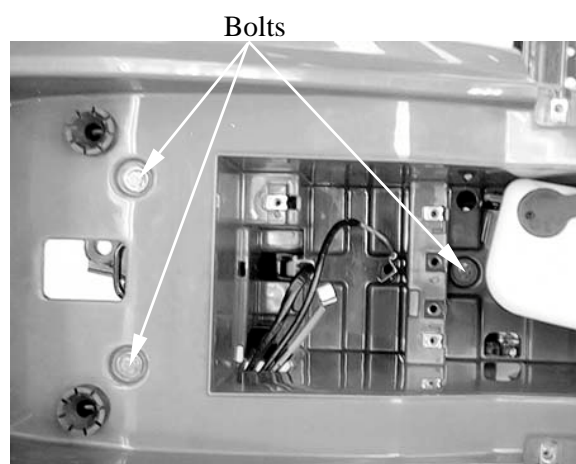
Remove seat(see page 2-8), battery(see page 15-5 ), rear cargo rack (see page 2-10) and right/left footboard (see page 2-10).

Remove one bolt and one nut, then remove the oil tank.



Remove the three bolts from the rear fender.

Raise the rear fender and pass the fuse/battery cables/start relay through out the rear fender



Disconnect the rear right and left signal light connectors.

Installation is in the reserve order of removal.



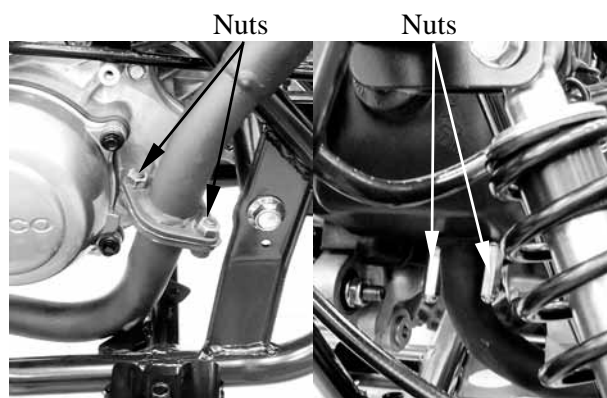
## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

### EXHAUST MUFFLER (MX'ER 50)

#### REMOVAL

Remove the two nuts attaching the exhaust muffler.

Remove the two nuts attaching the exhaust pipe.



Remove the exhaust muffler lock bolts. Remove the exhaust muffler and then remove exhaust pipe.

When installing, first install the exhaust pipe onto the engine and then install the exhaust muffler.

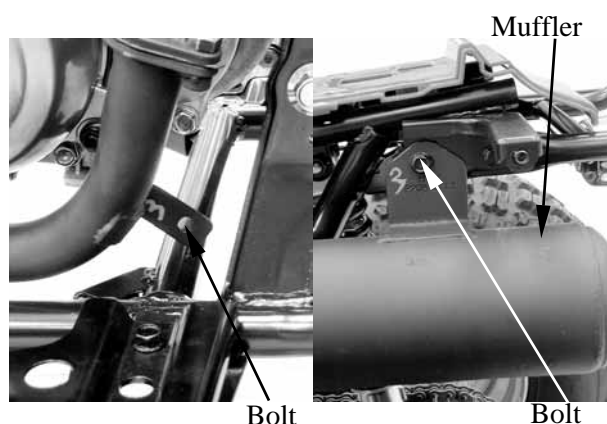
#### Torque:

Exhaust muffler lock bolt:

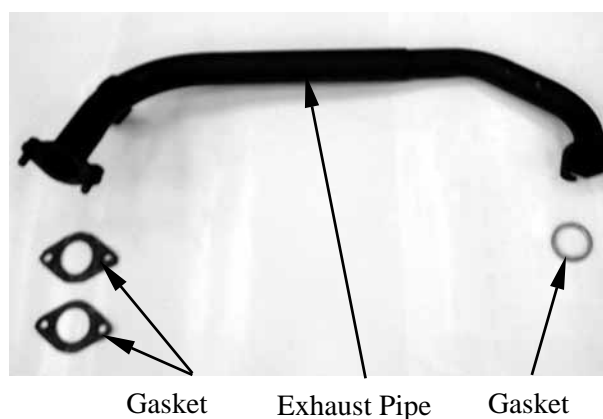
3.3 kgf-m (33 N-m, 24 lbf-ft)

Exhaust muffler joint lock nut:

1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 9 lbf-ft)



\* Be sure to install a new exhaust muffler gasket.

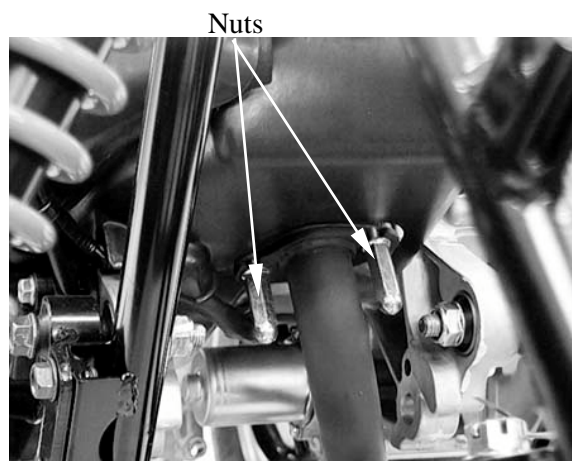


## 2. FRAME COVERS/EXHAUST MUFFLER

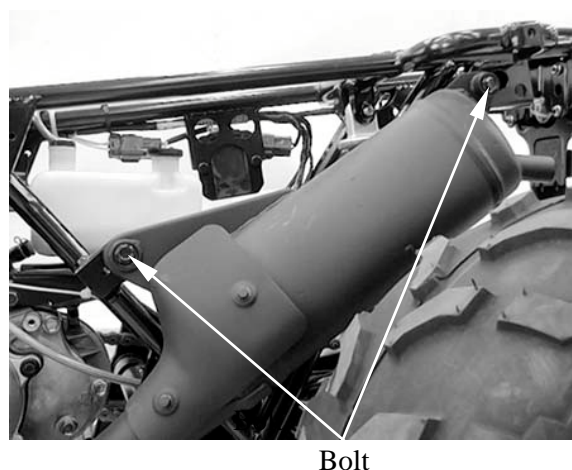
### EXHAUST MUFFLER (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50)

#### REMOVAL

Remove the two nuts attaching the exhaust pipe and cylinder head.



Remove the two bolts attaching the exhaust muffler, then remove the exhaust muffler.



Inspect the gasket.

If the exhaust gas leaks, the gasket should be replaced.

Install by reversing the removal sequence.

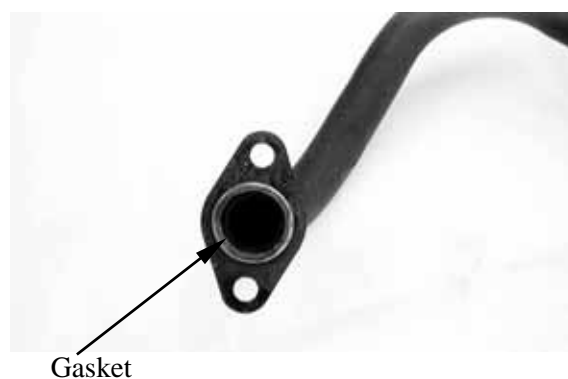
#### Torque:

Exhaust muffler lock bolt:

3.3 kgf-m (33 N-m, 24 lbf-ft)

Exhaust muffler joint lock nut:

1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 9 lbf-ft)



\* Be sure to install a new exhaust gasket.



## 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

# 3

## INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

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FRONT/REAR SUSPENSION LUBRICATION -----	3-18

## 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL

#### WARNING

- Before running the engine, make sure that the working area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in a closed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas which may cause death to people.
- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under some conditions. The working area must be well-ventilated and do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area or fuel storage area.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

##### ENGINE

Throttle grip free play : 1~4 mm (0.04 - 0.16 in)  
 Spark plug gap : 0.6~0.7 mm (0.024 - 0.028 in)  
 Spark plug: Standard : NGK: BR8HAS  
 Idle speed : 1800±100rpm  
 Gear oil capacity (MXU 50/MX'ER 50):  
   At disassembly : 0.12 liter (0.11 Imp qt, 0.13 Us qt)  
   At change : 0.09 liter (0.08 Imp qt, 0.1 Us qt)  
 Gear oil capacity (MXU 50 REVERSE):  
   At disassembly : 0.3 liter (0.26 Imp qt, 0.32 Us qt)  
   At change : 0.25 liter (0.22 Imp qt, 0.26 Us qt)  
 Cylinder compression: 1200 kPa (12 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 170 psi)  
 Ignition timing:  
 MXU 50/MX'ER 50: BTDC 22°/2000rpm  
 MXU 50 REVERSE: BTDC 13.5°/1500rpm

##### CHASSIS

Front brake free play: 10~20 mm (0.4 - 0.8 in)  
 Rear brake free play: 10~20 mm (0.4 - 0.8 in)

##### TIRE PRESSURE

	MX'ER 50 (1 Rider)	MXU 50 REVERSEMXU 50 (1 Rider)
Front	33 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , 4.7 psi)	28 kPa (0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , 3.9 psi)
Rear	33 kPa (0.33 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , 4.7 psi)	28 kPa (0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , 3.9 psi)

##### TIRE SIZE:

##### MX'ER 50:

Front: 20\*7-8  
 Rear : 22\*10-8

##### MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50

Front: 21\*7-10  
 Rear : 22\*10-10

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### TORQUE VALUES

Front wheel nut	70 N-m (7 kgf-m, 50 lbf-ft)
Rear wheel nut	70 N-m (7 kgf-m, 50 lbf-ft)

#### MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended inspections and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

ITEM	WHICHEVER COMES FIRST	INITIAL			
		mi	100	600	1200
		Km	150	1000	2000
		MONTH	1	6	12
ROUTINE					
Transmission oil	•Check oil level/oil leakage •Replace every 12 months.		○		○
*V-belt	•Check operation. •Replace if damage or excessive wear.		○		○
Air filter element	•Clean. •Replace if necessary.	Every 20~40 hours (150~300km, 100~200mi) (More often in wet or dusty areas.)			
*Carburetor	•Check idle speed/starter operation. •Adjust if necessary.		○	○	○
*Fuel line	•Check fuel hose for cracks or damage. •Replace if necessary.			○	○
Spark plug	•Check condition. •Adjust gap and clean. •Replace if necessary.		○	○	○
*Wheels	•Check balance/damage/runout. •Replace if necessary.		○	○	○
*Wheel bearings	•Check bearing assembly for looseness/damage •Replace if damage.		○	○	○
*Brake	•Check operation and brake fluid. •Replace brake pad if necessary.		○	○	○
Drive chain	•Check slack/alignent/clean/lube. •Adjust slack if necessary.		○	○	○
Battery	•Check specific gravity. •Check breather hose for proper operation. •Correct if necessary.		○	○	○
*Exhaust system	•Check leakage. •Retighten if necessary. •Replace gasket if necessary.			○	○
*Steering system	•Check operation. •Replace if damaged. •Check toe-in. •Adjust if necessary.		○	○	○
*Knuckle shafts/ Steering shaft	•Lubricate every 6 months.			○	○
*Fittings and Fasteners	•Check all chassis fittings and fasteners. •Correct if necessary.		○	○	○

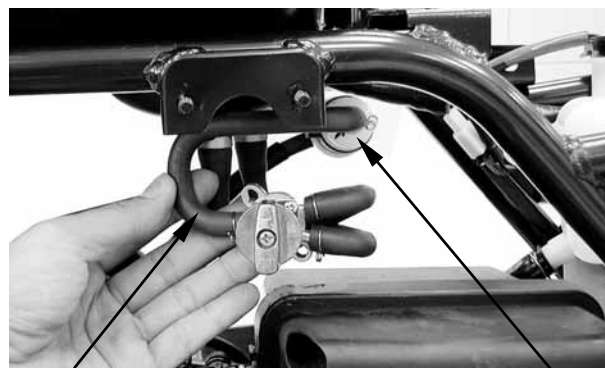
- In the interest of safety, we recommend these items should be serviced only by an authorized KYMCO motorcycle dealer.

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### FUEL LINE

Check the fuel tubes and replace any parts, which show signs of deterioration, damage or leakage.

\* Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in your working area.



Fuel tube

Fuel Filter

#### THROTTLE OPERATION

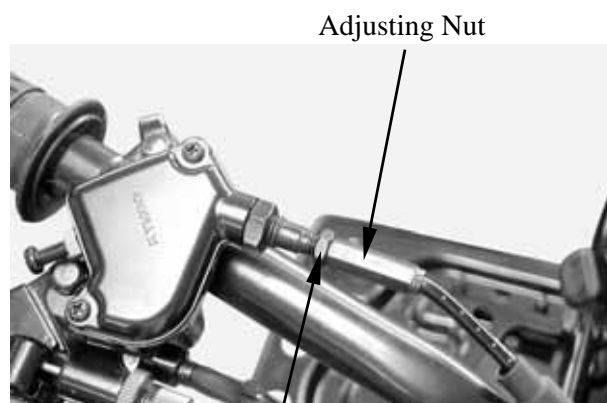
Check the throttle to swing for smooth movement.

Measure the throttle to swing free play.

**Free Play:** 1 ~ 4 mm (0.04 - 0.16 in)



Minor adjustment is made with the adjusting nut at the throttle to swing above. Slide the rubber cover out and adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.



Adjusting Nut

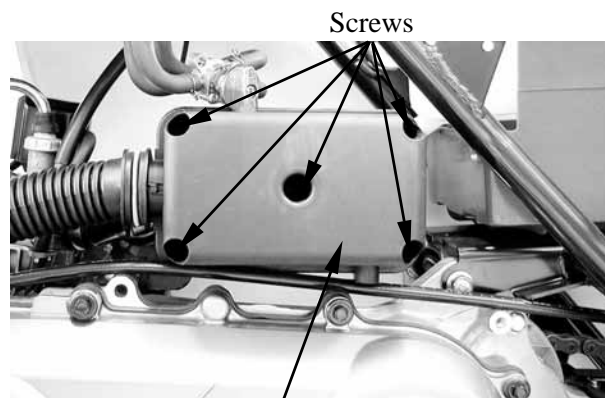
Lock Nut

#### AIR CLEANER

##### AIR CLEANER REPLACEMENT

Remove five screws on the air cleaner case cover and the cover.

Check the element and replace it if it is excessively dirty or damaged.



Screws

Air Cleaner Case Cover

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### CLEAN AIR FILTER ELEMENT

Wash the element gently, but thoroughly in solvent.

- \* Use parts cleaning solvent only. Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents which may lead to a fire or explosion.

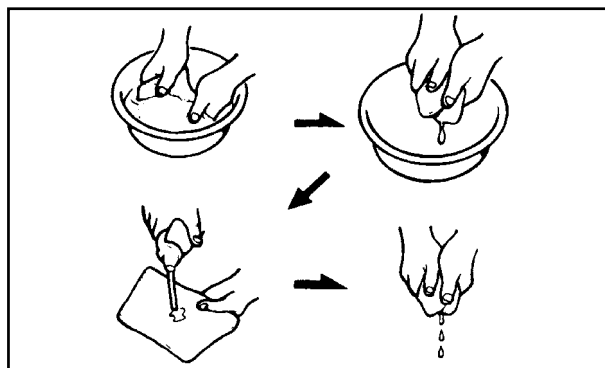
Squeeze the excess solvent out of the element and let dry.

- \* Do not twist or wring out the foam element. This could damage the foam material.

Apply the engine oil.

Squeeze out the excess oil.

- \* The element should be wet but not dripping.



#### CHANGE INTERVAL

More frequent replacement is required when riding in unusually dusty or rainy areas.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### SPARK PLUG

Remove the spark plug  
Check the spark plug for wear and fouling deposits.

Clean any fouling deposits with a spark plug cleaner or a wire brush.

**Specified Spark Plug:** NGK-BR8HAS



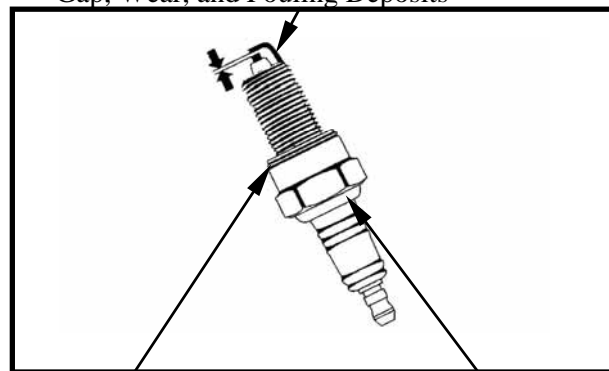
Measure the spark plug gap.

**Spark Plug Gap:**

0.6~0.7 mm (0.024 – 0.028)

\* When installing, first screw in the spark plug by hand and then tighten it with a spark plug wrench.

Gap, Wear, and Fouling Deposits



Washer Deformation

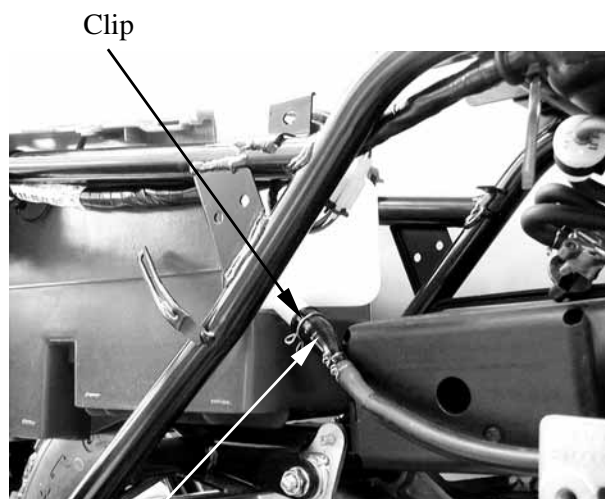
Cracks, Damage

#### LUBRICATION SYSTEM

##### 《Oil Filter Cleaning》

Disconnect the oil tube at the oil pump side and allow oil to drain into a clean container. Remove the tube clip at the oil tank side and disconnect the oil tube.

Remove the oil filter.



Oil Filter

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

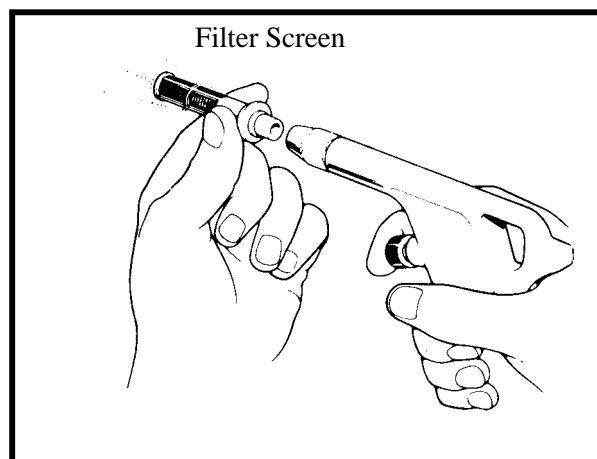
Clean the oil filter screen with compressed air.

Install the oil filter in the reverse order of removal and fill the oil tank with specified oil up to the proper level.

Bleed air from the oil pump and oil lines.

**\***

- Connect the oil tubes securely.
- Install the tube clip at the oil tank side and also install the clip to the lower oil tube that goes to the oil pump.
- Check for oil leaks.



#### 《Oil Pump Condition》

**\***

Adjust oil pump control cable after the throttle grip free play is adjusted.

Open the throttle valve fully and check that the index mark on the pump body aligns with the aligning mark on the oil pump control lever.

Reference tip alignment within 1mm of index mark on open side is acceptable.

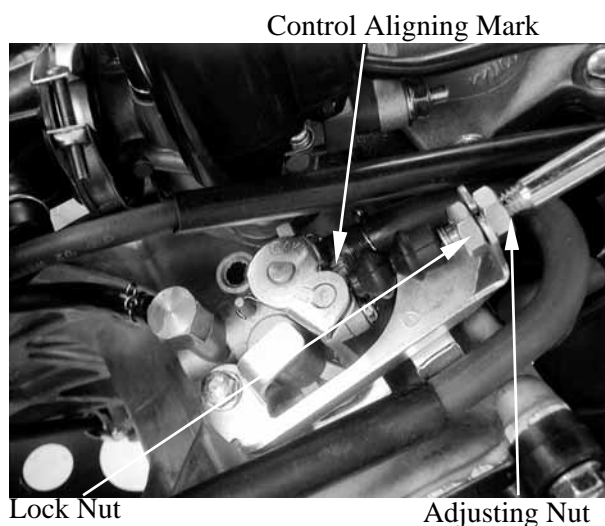
Start and idle the engine, then slowly open the throttle to increase engine rpm and check the operation of the oil pump control lever.

If adjustment is necessary, adjust the oil pump control cable by loosening the control cable lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.

After adjustment, tighten the lock nut.

**\***

Reference tip alignment within 1mm of index mark on open side is acceptable. However, the aligning mark on the control lever must never be on the closed side of the index mark, otherwise engine damage will occur because of insufficient lubrication.



If the oil pump is not synchronized properly, the following will occur:

- Excessive white smoke or hard starting due to pump control lever excessively open
- Seized piston due to pump control lever insufficiently open.

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### CARBURETOR IDLE SPEED

- \* The engine must be warm for accurate idle speed inspection and adjustment.

Warm up the engine before this operation. Start the engine and connect a tachometer. Turn the throttle stop screw to obtain the specified idle speed.

**Idle Speed:**  $1800 \pm 100$  rpm

When the engine misses or run erratic, adjust the air screw.



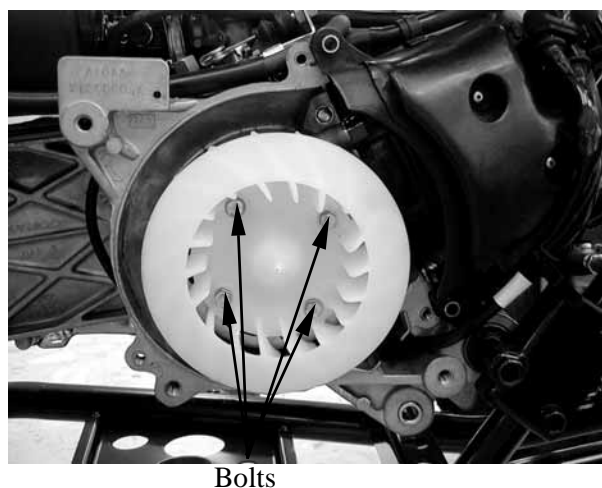
#### 《Ignition Apparatus》

- \* The CDI ignition timing is not adjustable. If the timing is incorrect, check the CDI unit, ignition coil and A.C. generator and replace any faulty parts.

Remove the A.C. generator fan cover.  
(⇒8-3)

Remove the four bolts attaching the fan and then remove the fan.

Warm up the engine and check the ignition timing with a timing light.



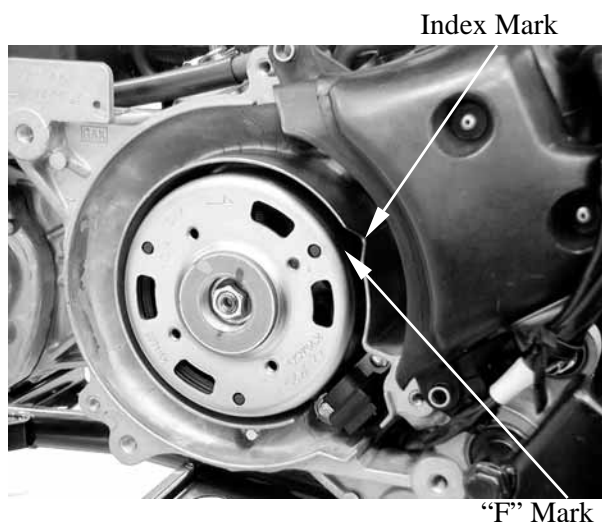
When the engine is running at the specified rpm, the ignition timing is correct if the "F" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase within  $\pm 1.5^\circ$ .

#### Ignition Timing:

MX'ER 50:  $22^\circ \pm 1.5^\circ$  BTDC/2000rpm

MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50:

$13.5^\circ \pm 1.5^\circ$  BTDC/1500rpm





### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### CYLINDER COMPRESSION

Warm up the engine before compression test.

Remove the spark plug.

Insert a compression gauge.

Open the throttle valve fully and push the starter button to test the compression.

#### Compression:

1200kPa (12kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 170psi)

If the compression is low, check for the following:

- Leaky valves
- Valve clearance too small
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn piston rings
- Worn piston/cylinder

If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.



Compression Gauge

#### FINAL REDUCTION GEAR OIL

##### MXU 50/MX'ER 50: Gear Oil Lever

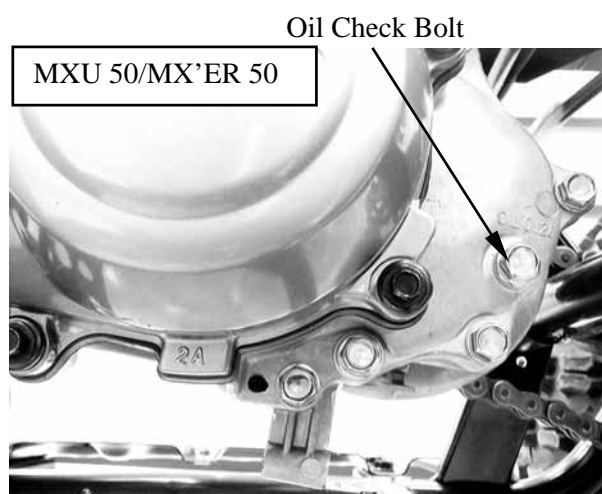
The gear oil level shall be at the oil check bolt hole. If the oil level is low, add the specified oil to the proper level.

**Specified Gear Oil:** SAE10W90#

Install and tighten the oil check bolt.

**Torque:** 1.3 kgf-m (13 N-m, 9.4 lbf-ft)

Start the engine and check for oil leaks.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### GEAR OIL CHANGE

Remove the oil filler bolt.  
Removes the oil drains bolt and drain the oil thoroughly.

Install the oil drain bolt.

**Torque:** 1.3 kgf-m (13 N-m, 9.4 lbf-ft)

\* Make sure that the sealing washer is in good condition.

Fill with the recommended oil.

**Specified Gear Oil:** SAE10W90#

#### Oil Capacity:

MXU 50/MX'ER 50

At disassembly:

0.12 liter (0.11 Imp qt, 0.13 Us qt)

At change: 0.09 liter (0.08 Imp qt, 0.1 Us qt)

MXU 50 REVERSE

At disassembly:

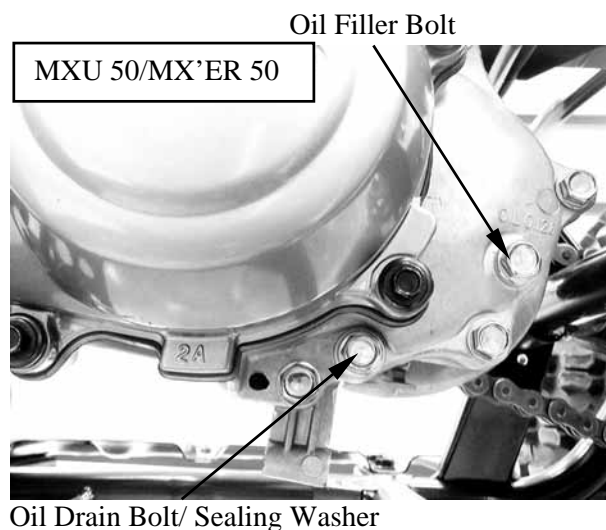
0.3 liter (0.26 Imp qt, 0.32 Us qt)

At change:

0.25 liter (0.22 Imp qt, 0.26 Us qt)

Reinstall the oil filler bolt and check for oil leaks.

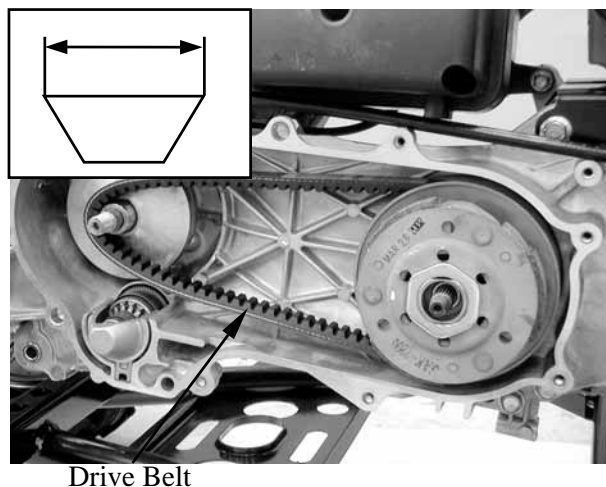
**Torque:** 1.3 kgf-m (13N-m, 9.4 lbf-ft)



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

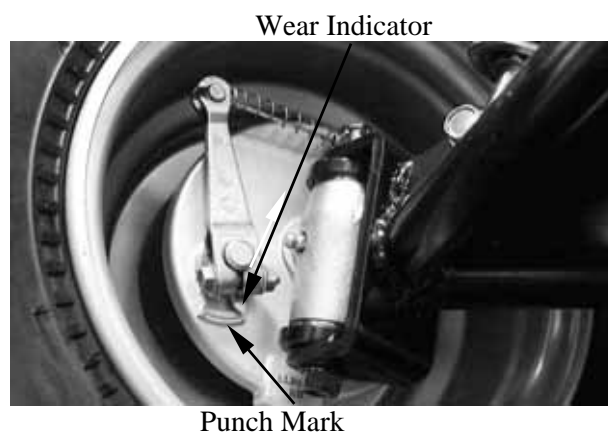
#### DRIVE BELT

Remove the left crankcase cover.  
Inspect the drive belt for cracks, scaling, chipping or excessive wear.  
Measure the V-belt width  
**Service limit:** 16.5mm (0.7 in)  
Replace the drive belt if out of specification.



#### BRAKE SHOE

Replace the brake shoes if the arrow on the wear indicator plate aligns with the punch mark on the brake panel when the brake is fully applied.



#### BRAKE SYSTEM

##### FRONT BRAKE

Measure the front brake lever free play.  
**Free Play:** 10~20 mm (0.4 – 0.8 in)  
Adjust if out of specification.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

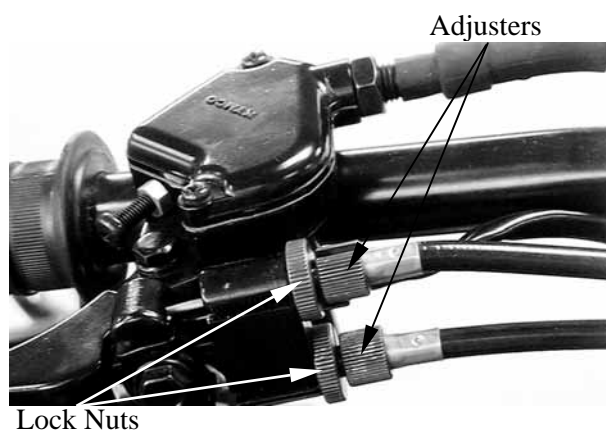
Adjust brake lever free play:

Loosen the lock nuts.

Turn the adjusters in or out until the specified free play is obtained.

Turning adjusters in that the free play is increased.

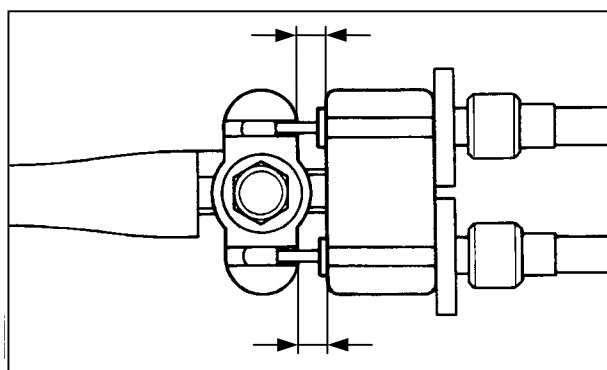
Turning adjusters out that the free play is decreased.



The difference between both clearances should be 2 mm (0.08 in) or less when front brake is applied.

Tighten the lock nuts.

\* Make sure that the brake does not drag after adjusting.



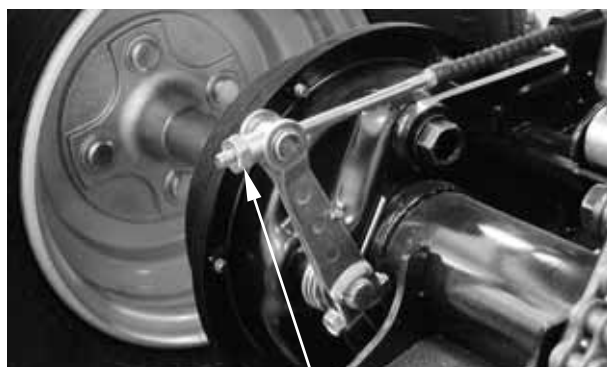
#### **REAR BRAKE (drum brake)**

Measure the rear brake lever free play.

**Free Play:** 10~20 mm (0.4 – 0.8 in)



If the free play do not fall within the limit, adjust by turning the adjusting nut.



Adjusting Nut

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### HEADLIGHT AIM

##### MX'ER 50:

Turn the ignition switch ON and start the engine.

Turn on the headlight switch.

Adjust the headlight aim by turning the headlight aim adjusting screw.



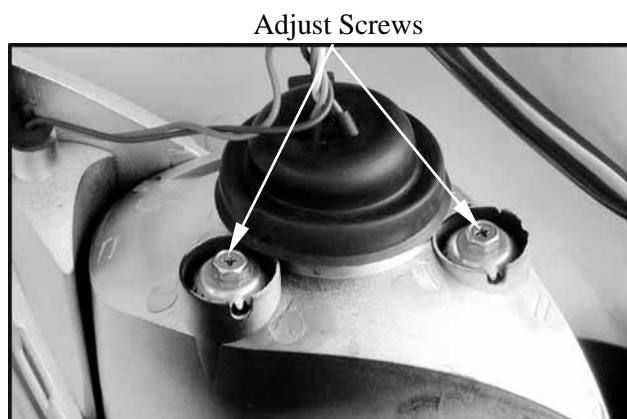
Adjusting Screw

##### MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50:

Turn the ignition switch ON and start the engine.

Turn on the headlight switch.

Adjust the headlight aim by turning the headlight aim adjusting screws.



Adjust Screws

## 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

### STEERING SYSTEM INSPECTION

Place the machine on a level place.

Check the steering column bushings and bearings:

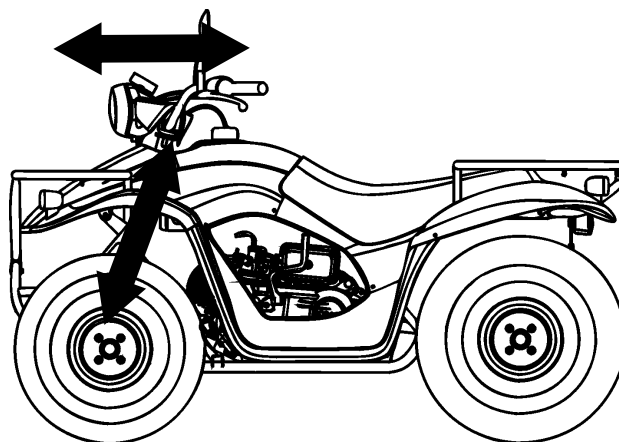
Move the handlebar up and down, and/or back and forth.

Replace the steering column bushings and or bearings if excessive play

Check the tie-rod ends

Turn the handlebar to the left and/or right until it stops completely, then slightly move the handlebar from left to right.

Replace the tie-rod ends if tie-rod end has any vertical play.



Tie-rod Ends

Raise the front end of the machine so that there is no weight on the front wheels.

Check ball joints and/or wheel bearings.

Move the wheels laterally back and forth.

Replace the front arms and/or wheel bearings if excessive free play.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### TOE-IN ADJUSTMENT

Place the machine on a level place.

Measure the toe-in

Adjust if out of specification.

Toe-in measurement steps:

Mark both front tire tread centers.

Raise the front end of the machine so that there is no weight on the front tires.

Fix the handlebar straight ahead.

Measure the width A between the marks.

Rotate the front tires 180 degrees until the marks come exactly opposite.

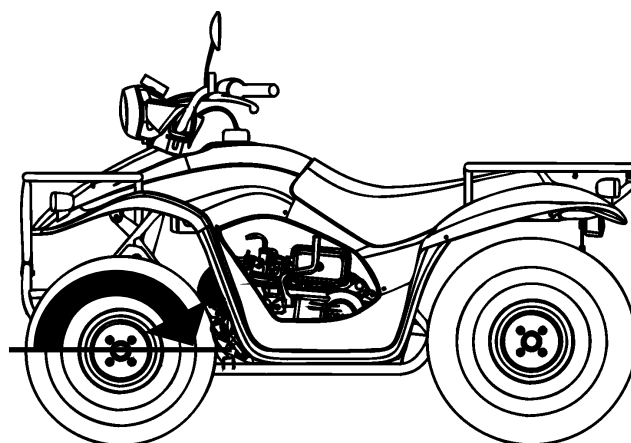
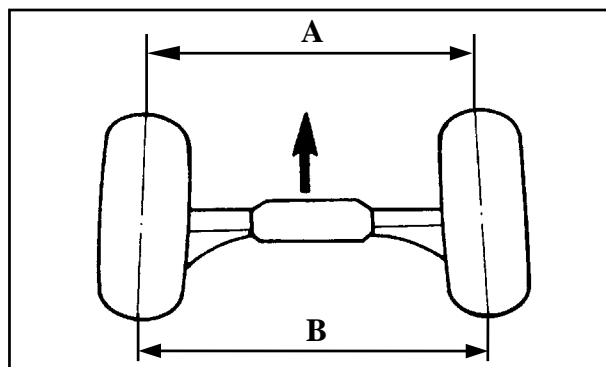
Measure the width B between the marks.

Calculate the toe-in using the formula given below.

Toe-in =  $B - A$

Toe-in: 0~10mm ( 0 – 0.4 in)

If the toe-in is incorrect, adjust the toe-in



Adjust the toe-in step:

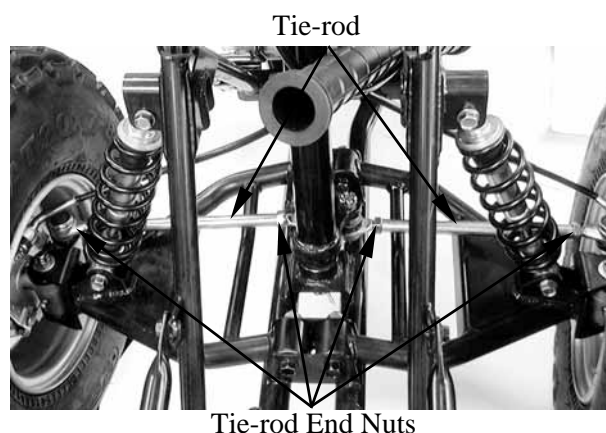
Mark both tie-rod ends.

This reference point will be needed during adjustment.

Loosen the lock nuts (tie-rod end) of both tie-rods

The same number of turns should be given to both tie-rods right and left until the specified toe-in is obtained, so that the lengths of the rods will be kept the same.

**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)



**\***

- Be sure that both tie-rod are turned the same amount. If not, the machine will drift tight or left even though the handlebar is positioned straight which may lead to mishandling and accident.
- After setting the toe-in to specification, run the machine slowly for some distance with hands placed lightly on the handlebar and check that the handlebar responds correctly. If not, turn either the right or left tie-rod within the toe-in specification.

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### WHEELS/TIRES

Check the tires for cuts, imbedded nails or other damages.  
Check the tire pressure.

\* Tire pressure should be checked when tires are cold.



#### TIRE PRESSURE

	Front/Rear (1 Rider)
MX'ER 50	0.33 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (33 kPa, 4.7 psi)
MXU 50	0.28 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (28 kPa, 3.9 psi)

#### TIRE SIZE

MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU50:

Front: 21\*7-10

Rear: 22\*10-10

MX'ER 50:

Front: 20\*7-8

Rear: 22\*10-8

Check the front axle nut for looseness.  
Check the rear axle nut for looseness.  
If the axle nuts are loose, tighten them to the specified torque.

#### Torque:

**Front** : 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

**Rear** : 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

Front Axle Nut



Rear Axle Nut



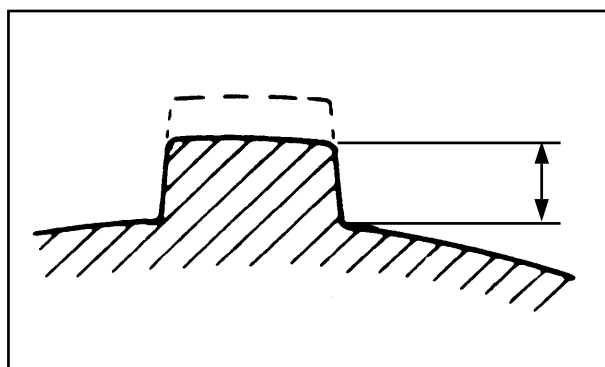
#### WHEEL INSPECTION

Inspect the tire surfaces.

Replace if wear or damage.

**Tire wear limit:** 3 mm (0.1 in)

\* It is dangerous to ride with a worn out tire. When a tire wear is out of specification, replace the tire immediately.





### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

Inspect the wheel.

Replace if damage or bends

Always balance the wheel when a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced.

- \* 

- Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.
  - Ride conservatively after installing a tire to allow it to seat itself properly on the rim.

#### DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

Before checking and/or adjusting, rotate the rear wheels several revolutions and check slack at several points to find the tightest point. Check and/or adjust the chain slack with the rear wheels in this “tightest” position.

- \* 

Too little of chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.



Place the machine on a level place.

- \* 

Wheels should be on the ground without the rider on it.

Check drive chain slack.

Adjust if out of specification.

**Drive chain slack:** 10-20 mm (0.4 – 0.8 in)

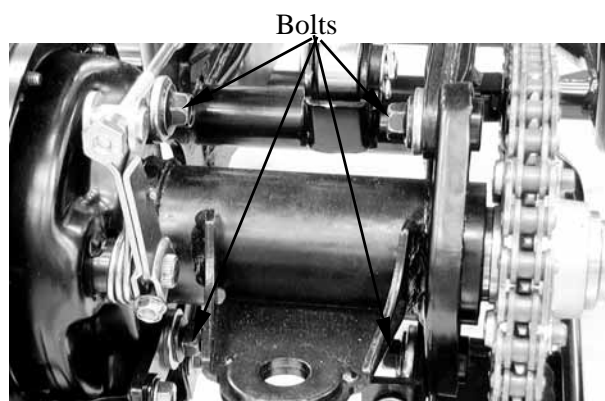
Adjust drive chain slack:

Elevate the rear wheels by placing a suitable stand under the rear of frame.

- \* 

Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

Loosen four bolts attaching rear axle hub.



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

Turn the adjuster in or out until the specified slack is obtained.

Adjuster



**Turn in:** Slack is increased.

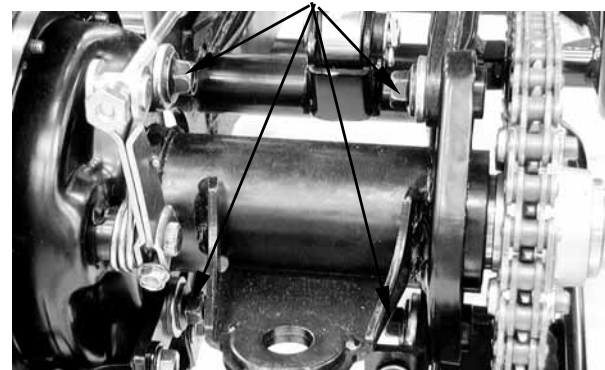
**Turn out:** Slack is decreased.



Tighten four bolts attaching rear axle hub to the specification. While pushing up or down on the chain to zero slack.

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

Bolts



Tighten the adjuster.

**Torque:** 2.2 kgf-m (22 N-m, 16 lbf-ft)

Adjuster



### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### CABLE INSPECTION AND LUBRICATION

- \* Damaged cable sheath may cause corrosion and interfere with the cable movement. An unsafe condition may result so replace such cable as soon as possible.

Inspect the cable sheath.

Replace if damage.

Check the cable operation.

Lubricate or replace if unsmooth operation.

- \* Hold cable end high and apply several drops of lubricant to cable.

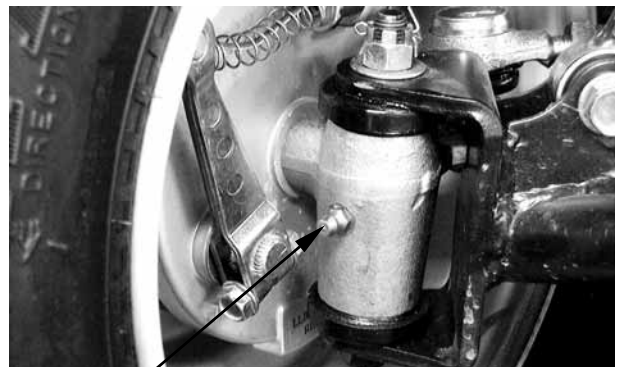
#### LEVER LUBRICATION

Lubricate the pivoting parts of each lever.

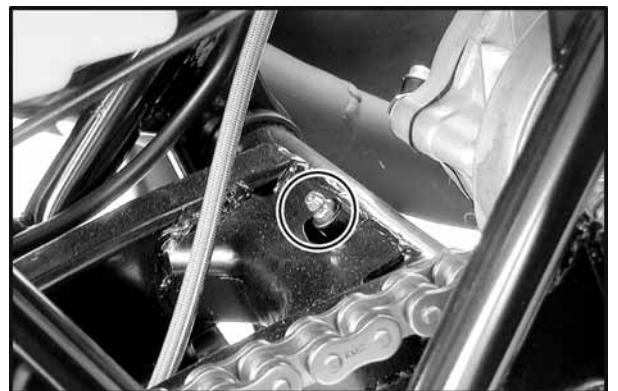
#### FRONT/REAR SUSPENSION LUBRICATION

Inject grease into the nipples using a grease gun until slight over flow is observed from the thrust covers.

- \* Wipe off the excess grease.



Nipple



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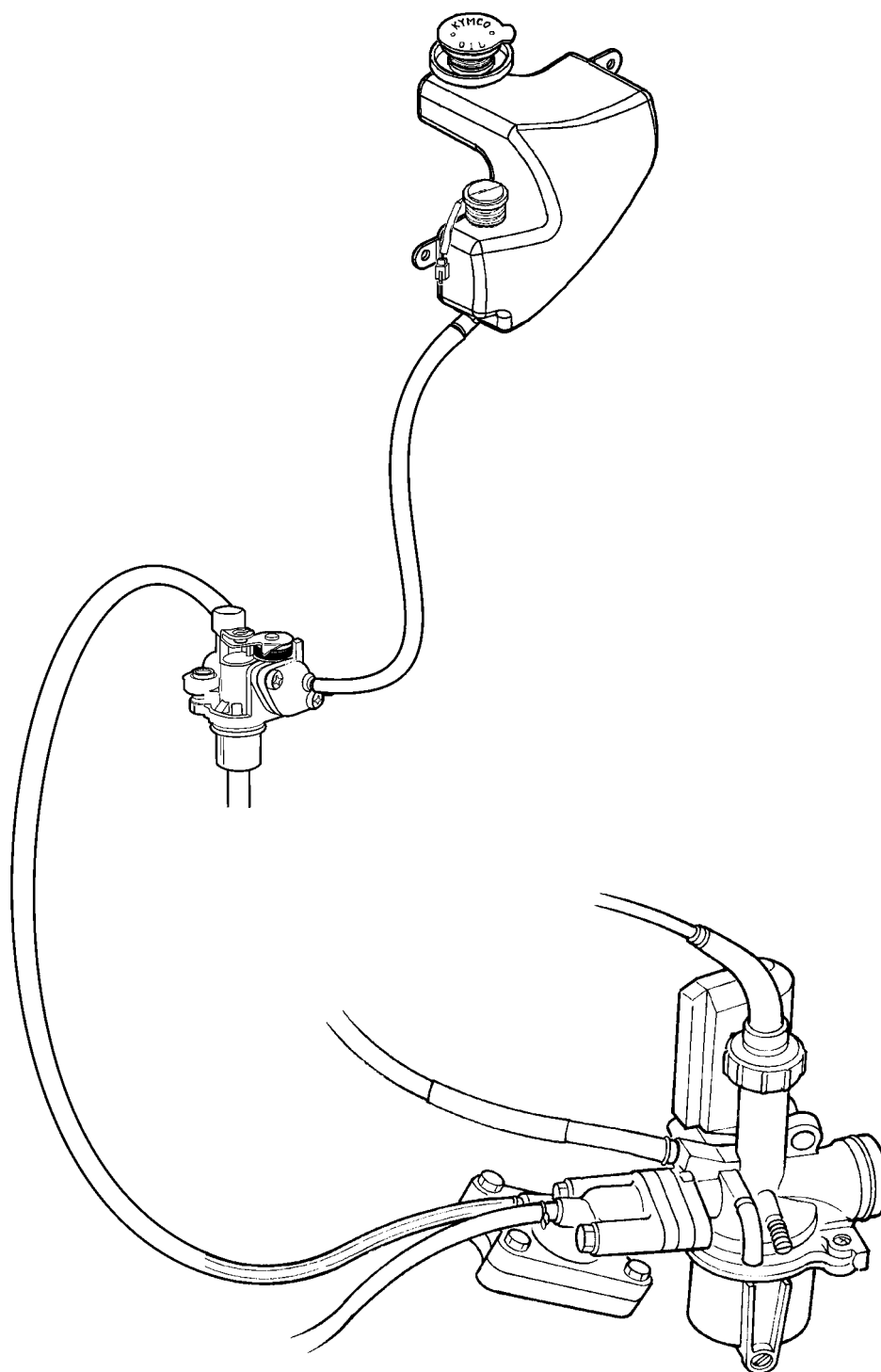
## 4

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OIL TANK .....	4-6

## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

---

### LUBRICATION SYSTEM



## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

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### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Use care when removing and installing the oil pump not to allow dust and dirt to enter the engine and oil line.
- Do not attempt to disassemble the oil pump.
- Bleed air from the oil pump if there is air between the oil pump and oil line.
- If the oil is disconnected, refill the oil line with motor oil before connecting it.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

- Recommended Motor Oil: SAE20W20# 2-stroke Motor Oil
- Oil Capacity : 1 liter (0.88 Imp qt, 1.06 Us qt)  
Light comes on : 0.25 liter (0.22 Imp qt, 0.27 Us qt)

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Excessive white smoke or carbon deposits on spark plug

- Oil pump not properly synchronized (excessive oil)
- Poor quality oil

#### Engine overheating

- Oil pump not properly adjusted (insufficient oiling)
- Poor quality oil

#### Seized piston

- No oil in tank or clogged oil line
- Oil pump not properly adjusted (insufficient oiling)
- Air in oil line
- Faulty oil pump

#### Oil not flowing out of tank to engine

- Clogged oil tank cap breather hole
- Clogged oil filter

## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

### OIL PUMP REMOVAL

★

Do not allow foreign matters to enter the crankcase. Before removing the oil pump, clean the oil pump and crankcase surfaces.

Disconnect the oil pump control cable from the pump body.

Disconnect the oil inlet line from the oil pump.

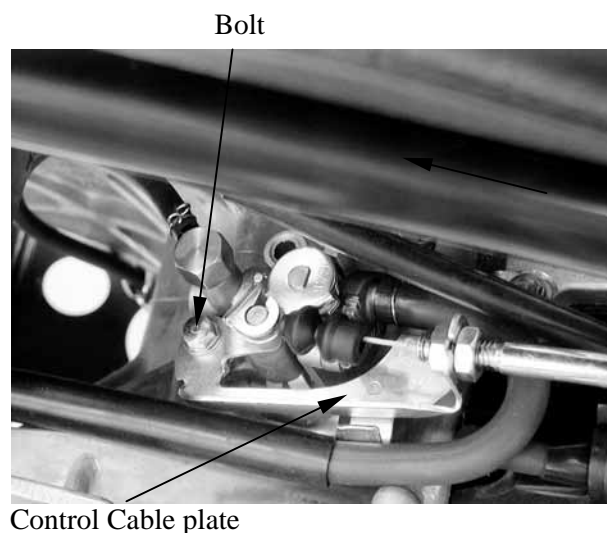
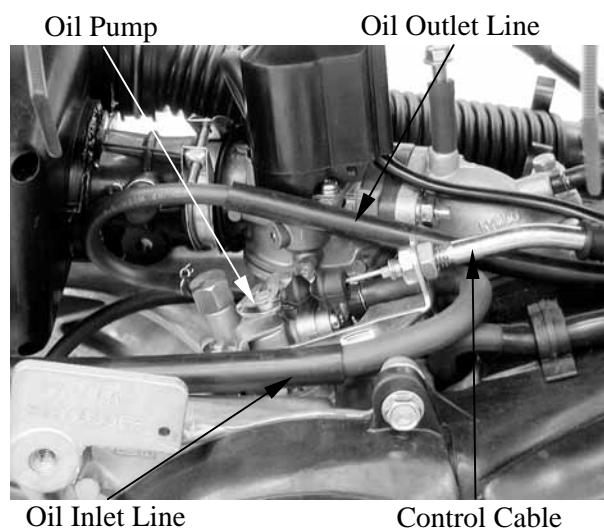
Then, disconnect the oil outlet line.

★

Before disconnecting the oil line, clip the oil line to avoid oil flowing out and then plug the oil line after it is disconnected.

Remove the oil pump control cable plate bolt.

Remove the oil pump from the crankcase.



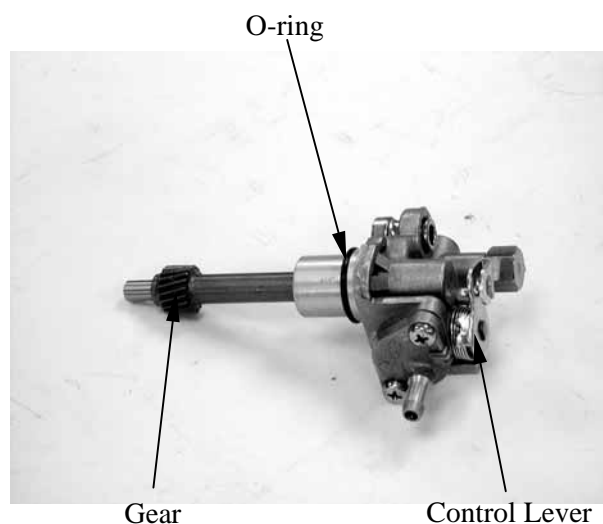
### OIL PUMP INSPECTION

Remove the oil pump and inspect the following items:

- Weakened O-ring
- Damage to crankcase mating surface
- Damage to pump body
- Control lever operation
- Oil leaks through oil seals
- Worn or damaged pump pinion

★

Do not disassemble the oil pump which cannot be used after disassembly.

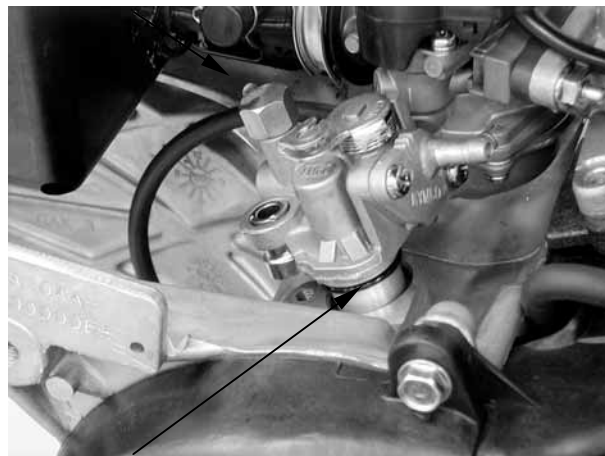


## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

### OIL PUMP INSTALLATION

★

- Lubricate the O-ring with grease or engine oil before installation.
- Make sure that the oil pump is inserted into the crankcase.
- Apply molybdenum disulfide or grease to the pump pinion.



Grease or Engine Oil

Install the oil pump onto the crankcase.



Install the oil pump control cable plate.  
Connect the oil inlet line and oil outlet line properly.  
Connect the oil pump control cable.  
Bleed air from the oil pump.

Oil Outlet Line



Oil Inlet Line

Control Cable

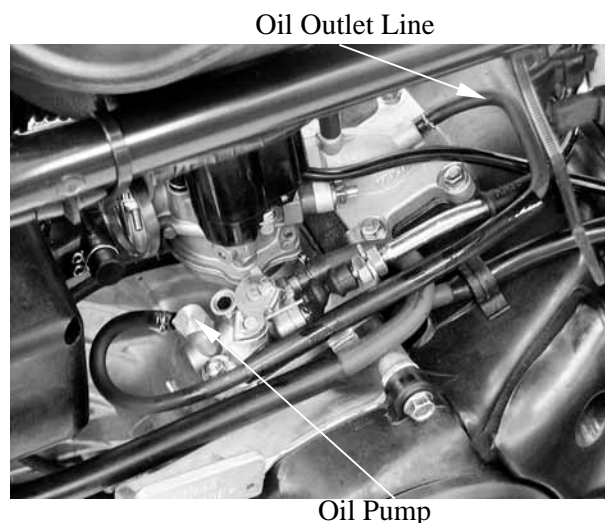


## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

### OIL PUMP BLEEDING

★

- Air in the oil lines will block oil flow and result in severe engine damage.
- Bleed air from the oil lines and oil pump whenever the oil lines or pump have been removed or there is air in the oil lines.



### OIL INLET LINE/OIL PUMP BLEEDING

Fill the oil tank with recommended oil.  
Place a shop towel around the oil pump.  
Disconnect the oil inlet line from the oil pump and clip it.

Fill the oil pump with oil by squirting clean oil through the joint. (About 3cc, 0.003 Imp qt, 0.003 Us qt)

Fill the oil line with oil and connect it to the oil pump.

★

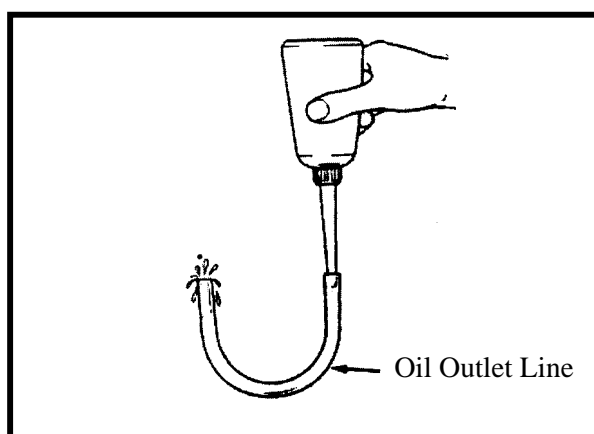
Bleed air from the oil inlet line first, then bleed air from the oil outlet line.

### OIL OUTLET LINE BLEEDING

1. Disconnect the oil outlet line and bend it into U shape. Force air out of the tube by filling it with oil.
2. Start the engine and allow it to idle with the oil control lever in the fully open position. Visually check the oil flow.
3. If there is no oil flowing out within 1 minute, bleed air from the oil inlet line and oil pump.

★

- Never run the engine in a closed area.
- Do not increase the engine speed at will.



## 4. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

### OIL TANK

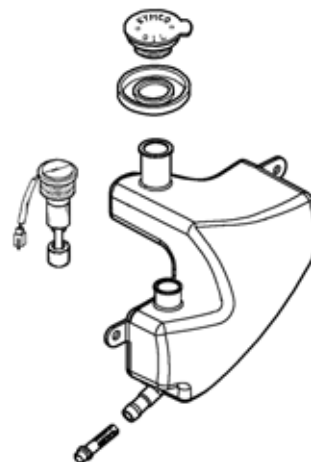
#### OIL TANK REMOVAL

Remove the seat. (⇒2-3 or 2-8)  
 Remove the oil meter connector.  
 Remove the one bolt and one nut from the oil tank. (see page 2-14)  
 Disconnect the oil inlet line.  
 Drain the oil inside the oil tank into a clean container.  
 Remove the oil tank.  
 The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



★

- Connect the oil line properly.
- Bleed air from the oil pump after installation.
- The oil tube clip (at the oil tank side) must be locked from inside of the oil tube joint.



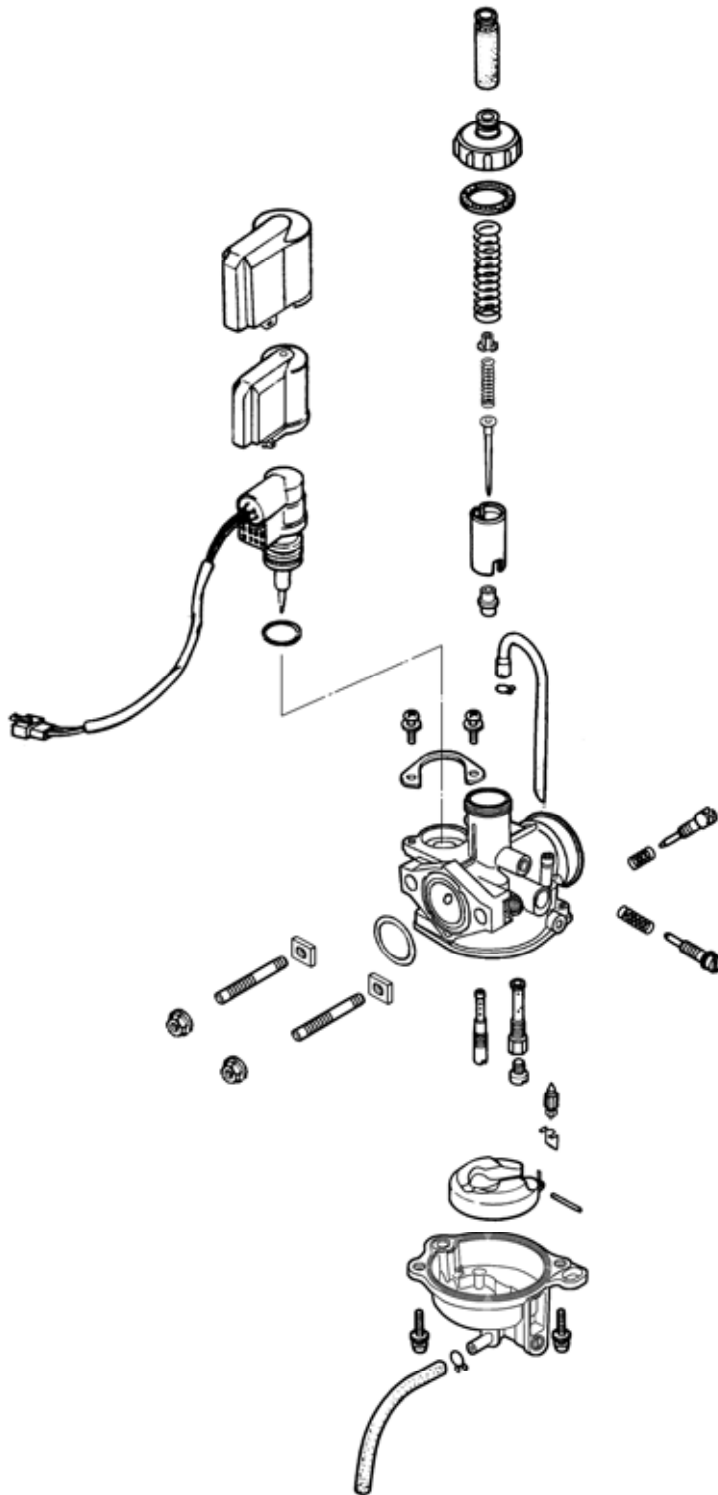
## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

5

### FUEL SYSTEM

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## 5. FUEL SYSTEM



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When working with gasoline, keep away from sparks and flames..
- Note the locations of O-rings when disassembling and replace them with new ones during assembly.
- All cables, fuel lines and wires must be routed and secured at correct locations.
- Bleed air from the oil lines whenever they are disconnected.

SPECIFICATIONS	ATV 50
Venturi dia.	14 mm (0.56 in)
Identification number	PB
Float level	8.6 mm (0.34 in)
Main jet	# 80
Slow jet	# 38S
Air screw opening	2 ± 1/2
Idle speed	1800±100 rpm
Throttle grip free play	1 ~ 4 mm (0.04 – 0.16 in)

#### SPECIAL TOOL

Float level gauge

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Engine does not start

- No fuel in tank
- Too much fuel getting to cylinder
- Clogged fuel filter
- Clogged air cleaner

#### Lean mixture

- Clogged fuel jets
- Clogged fuel cap vent
- Clogged fuel filter
- Bent, kinked or restricted fuel line

- Faulty float valve
- Float level too low
- Clogged air cleaner

#### Engine idles roughly, stalls or runs poorly

- Incorrect idle speed
- Ignition malfunction
- Compression too low
- Incorrectly adjusted air screw
- Incorrect float level
- Clogged air cleaner
- Intake air leaks
- Fuel contaminated
- Faulty reed valve
- Clogged fuel jets

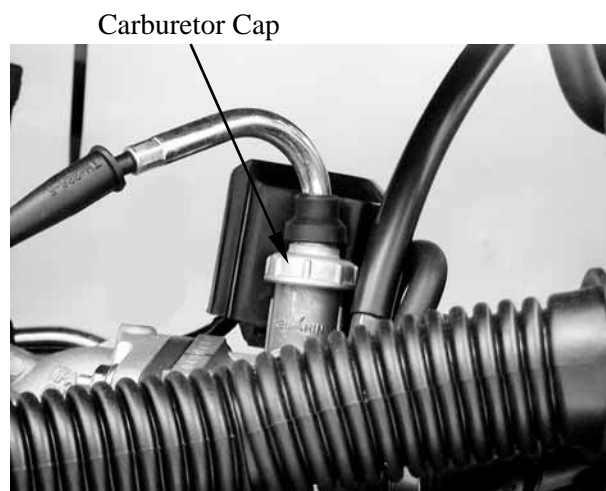
#### Rich mixture

- Faulty float valve
- Float level too high
- Clogged air jets

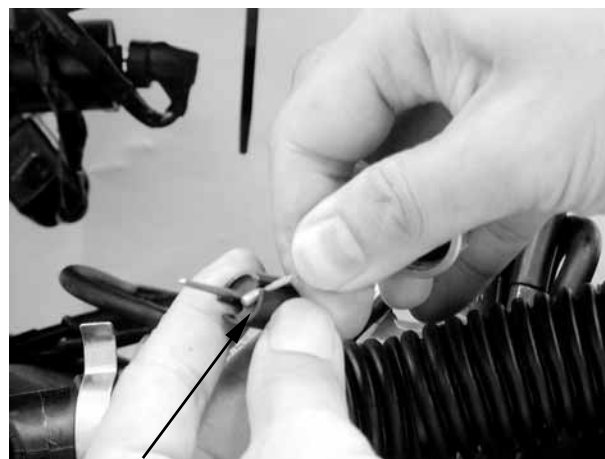
## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### THROTTLE VALVE DIS- ASSEMBLY/CARBURETOR REMOVAL

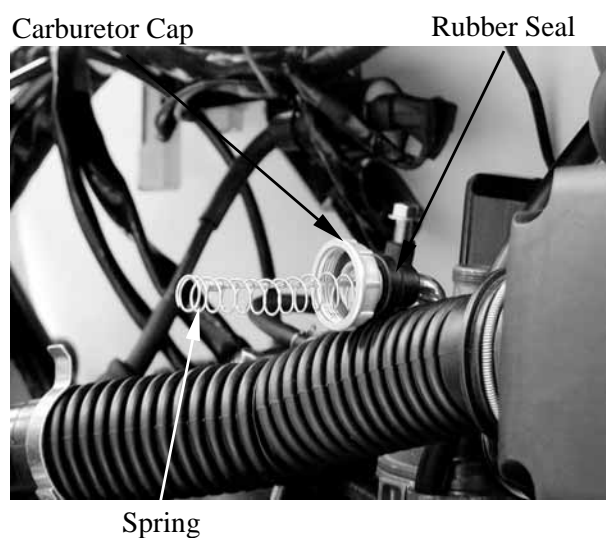
Loosen the carburetor cap and remove the throttle valve.



Disconnect the throttle cable from the throttle valve.

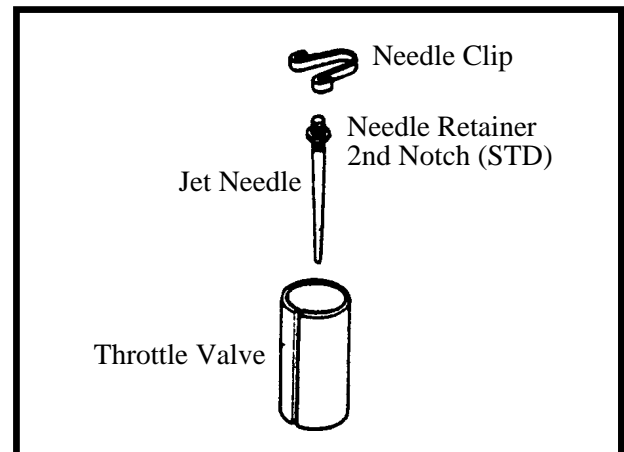


Remove the throttle valve spring, carburetor cap and rubber seal.



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

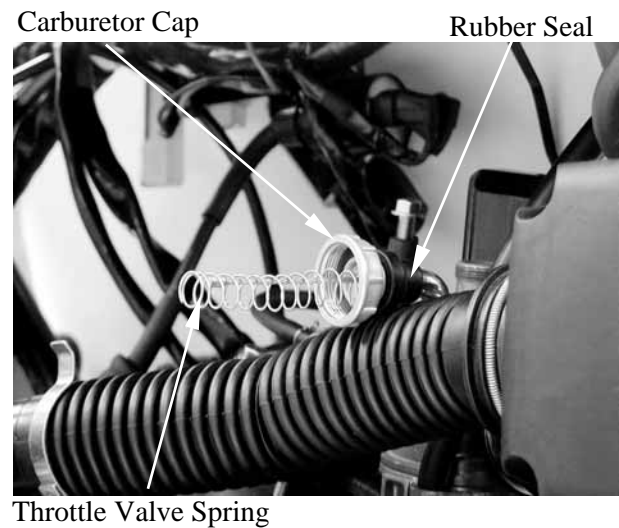
Remove the jet needle by removing the needle clip.  
Check the jet needle and throttle valve for wear or damage.



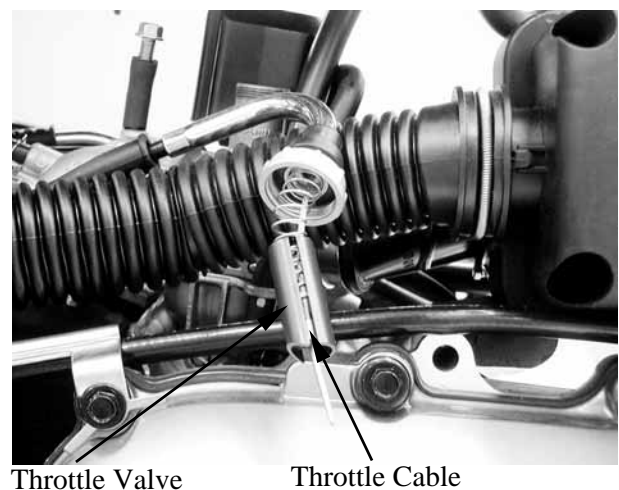
### THROTTLE VALVE INSTALLA-TION

Install the jet needle on the throttle valve and secure with the needle clip.

Install the rubber seal on the throttle cable and then install the carburetor cap and throttle valve spring.



Connect the throttle cable to the throttle valve.



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

Install the throttle valve by aligning the groove in the throttle valve with the throttle stop screw.

Groove



Tighten the carburetor cap.  
After installation, perform the following adjustments and inspections.

- Throttle cable free play (⇒3-3)
- Idle speed adjustment (⇒3-7)

Carburetor Cap



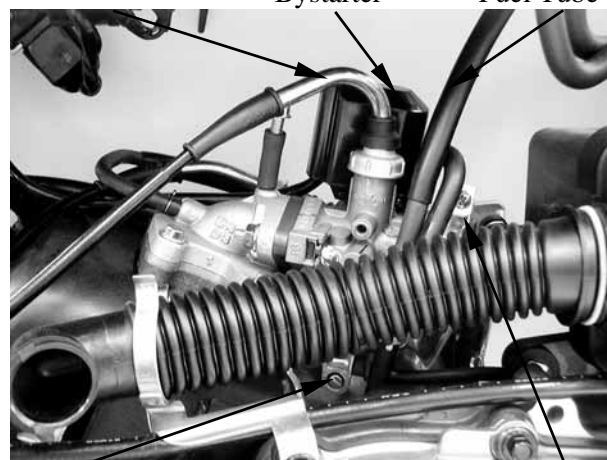
### CARBURETOR REMOVAL

Remove the air cleaner by removing the air cleaner band screw and attaching bolts.  
Disconnect the fuel tube.  
Loosen the drain bolt to drain fuel from the carburetor.  
Disconnect the auto bystarter wire connector.

Throttle Cable

Bystarter

Fuel Tube



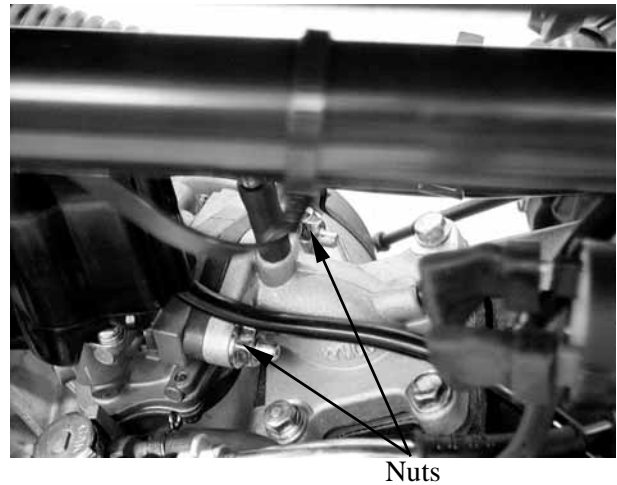
Drain Bolt

Band



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

Remove the two carburetor lock nuts.  
Remove the carburetor.



### AUTO BYSTARTER

#### AUTO BYSTARTER INSPECTION

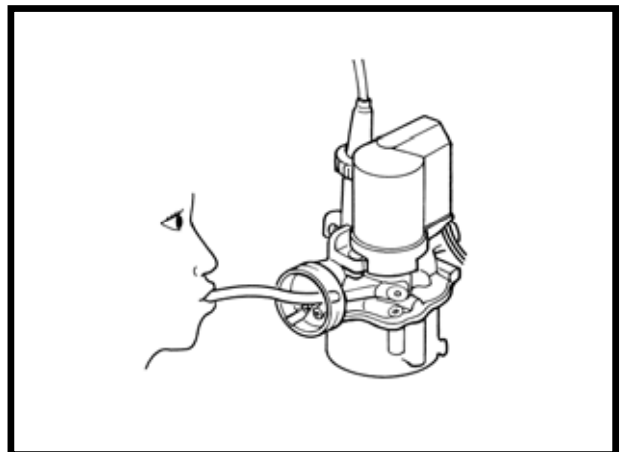
Measure the resistance between the auto bystarter wire terminals.

**Resistance:**  $5\Omega$  (10 minutes minimum after stopping the engine)

If the resistance exceeds  $5\Omega$ , replace the auto bystarter with a new one.



After the engine stops for 30 minutes, connect a hose to the fuel enriching circuit and blow the hose with mouth.  
If air cannot be blown into the hose (clogged), the auto bystarter is faulty.  
Replace it with a new one.

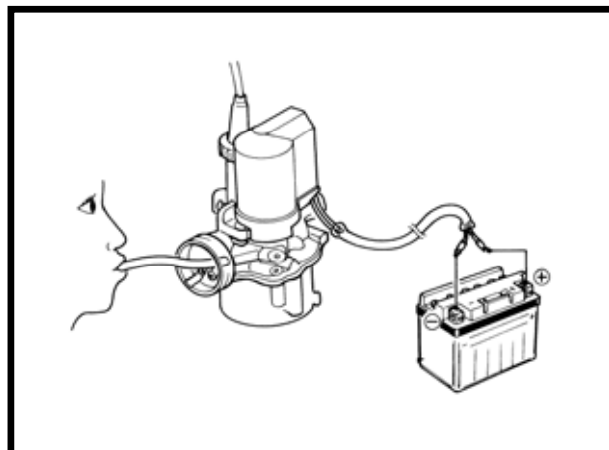


## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

Connect the auto bystarter yellow wire to the battery positive (+) terminal and green/ black wire to the battery negative (-) terminal and wait 5 minutes.

Connect a hose to the fuel enriching circuit and blow the hose with mouth.

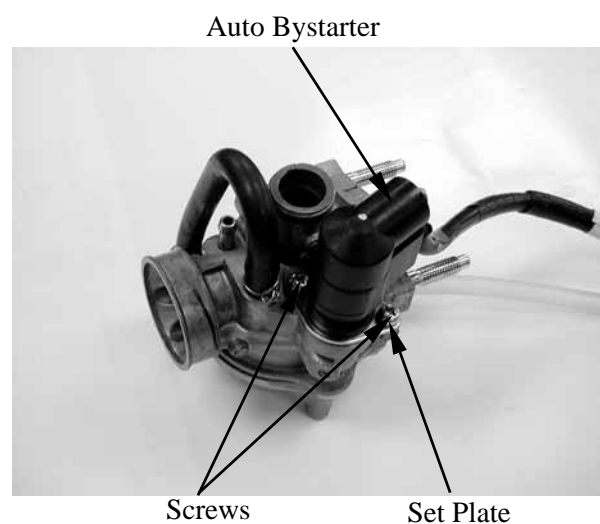
If air can be blown into the hose, the auto bystarter is faulty and replace it with a new one.



### AUTO BYSTARTER REMOVAL

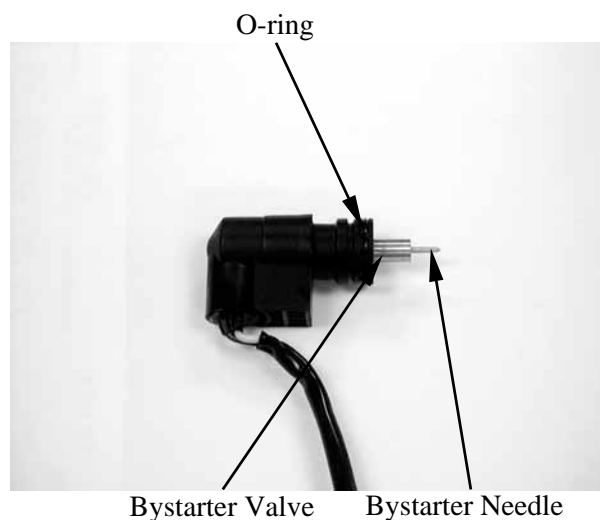
Remove the auto bystarter cover.

Remove the two auto bystarter set plate screws to remove the auto bystarter.



Check the auto bystarter valve and needle for wear or damage.

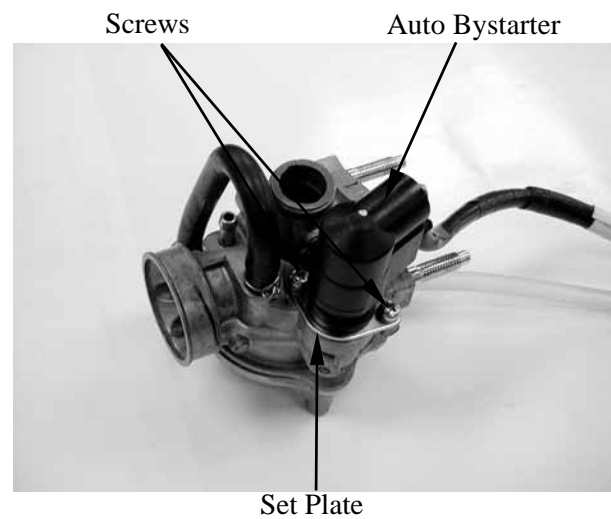
Check the O-ring for wear or damage.



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

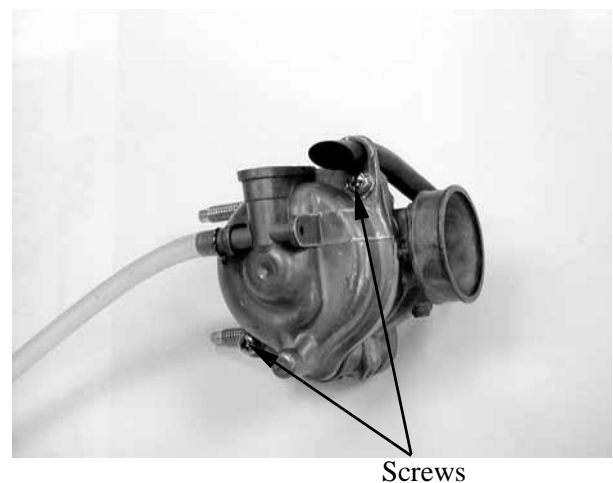
### AUTO BYSTARTER INSTALLATION

Install the auto bystarter into the carburetor body until it bottoms..  
Install the set plate and then tighten the two screws.

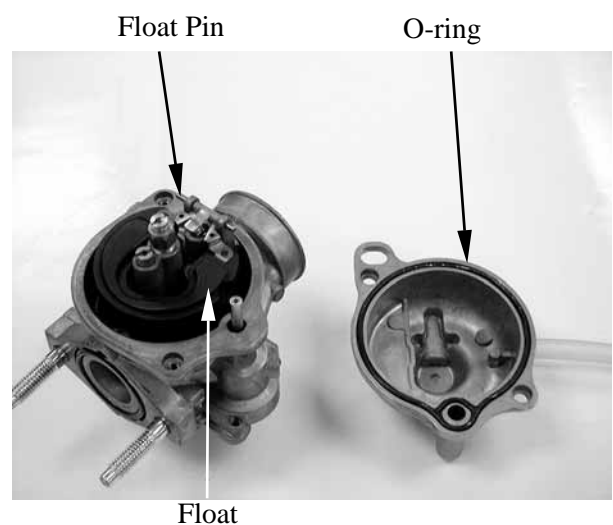


### FLOAT/FLOAT VALVE/JETS FLOAT CHAMBER

Remove the two float chamber screws and the float chamber.



Remove the screw and O-ring.  
Remove the float pin, float and float valve.

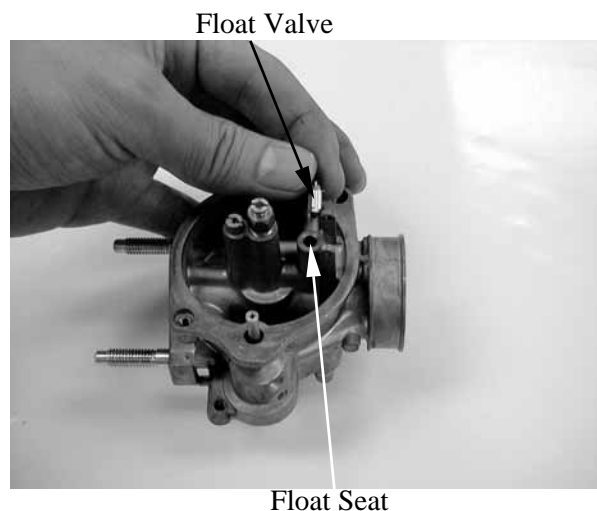


## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### FLOAT/FLOAT VALVE INSPECTION

Inspect the float for damage or fuel inside the float.

Check the float valve seat for wear or damage.

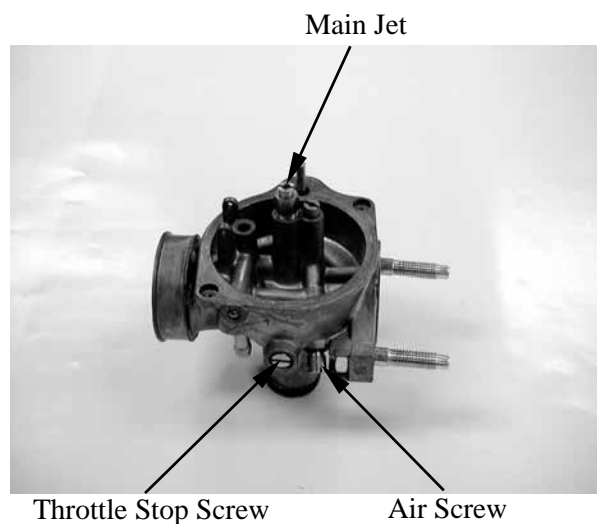


### JETS/SCREWS REMOVAL

Before removing the throttle stop screw or air screw, record the number of rotations until it seats lightly. Then, remove them.

\* Do not force the air screw against its seat to prevent damage.

Remove the main jet and needle jet holder.



### CARBURETOR PASSAGES CLEANING

Blow compressed air through all passages of the carburetor body with an air gun.

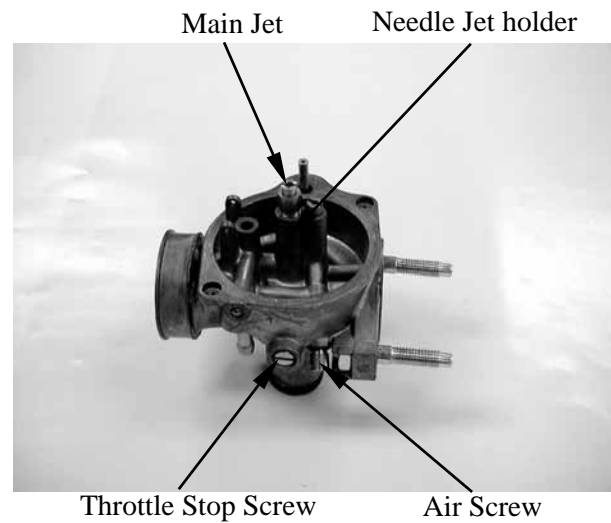


## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

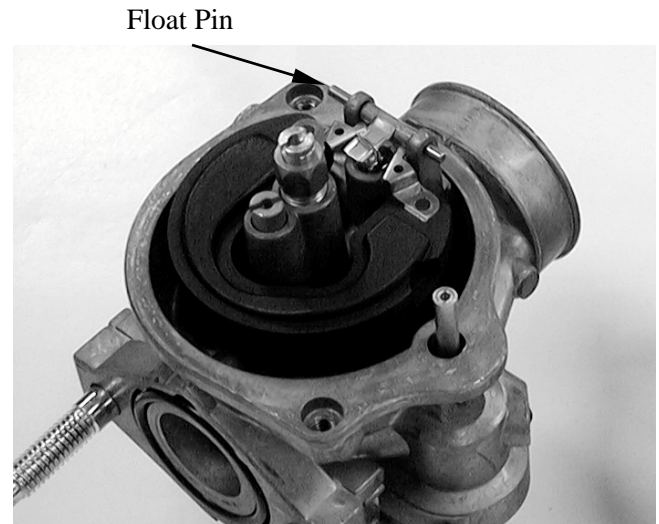
### FLOAT CHAMBER ASSEMBLY

Install the main jet and needle jet holder.  
Install the air screw and throttle stop screw according to the rotations recorded.

\* If the air screw must be replaced, be sure to perform the air screw adjustment again.



Install the float valve, float and float pin.  
Tighten the float screw securely.



### FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION

Slightly tilt the carburetor and measure the float level with the float valve just connecting the float arm.

**Float Level:** 8.6 mm (0.34 in)

Replace the float if the level is out of the specified level range.

Install the O-ring.

Check the operation of the float and install the float chamber.

Tighten the screws.

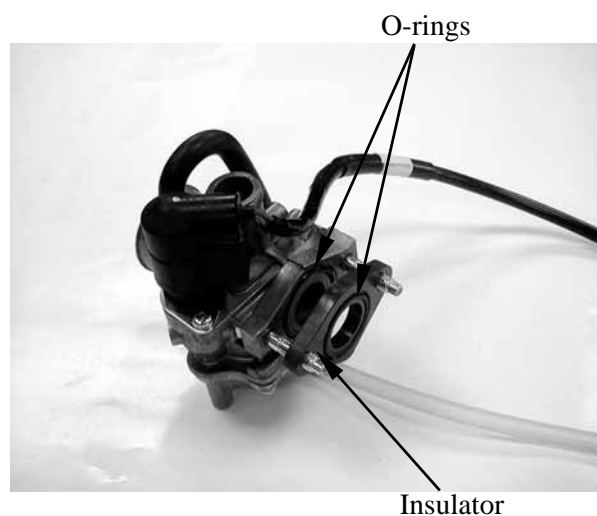


## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### CARBURETOR INSTALLATION

- \* When installation, do not allow foreign particles to enter the carburetor.

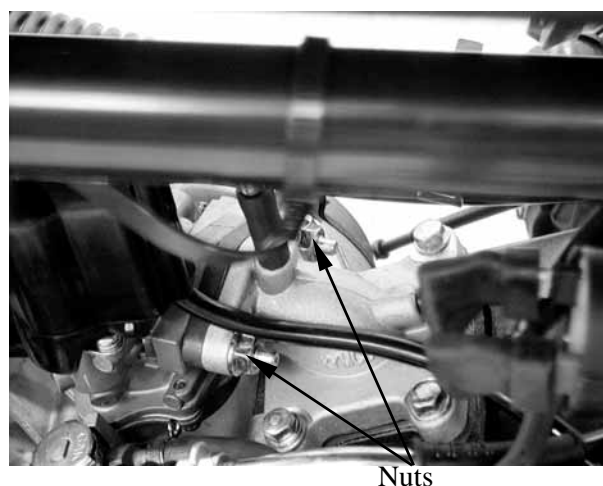
Check the carburetor insulator and O-ring for wear or damage.



Install the carburetor and insulator onto the intake manifold and tighten the two lock nuts.

Connect the fuel tube and auto bystarter wire connector.

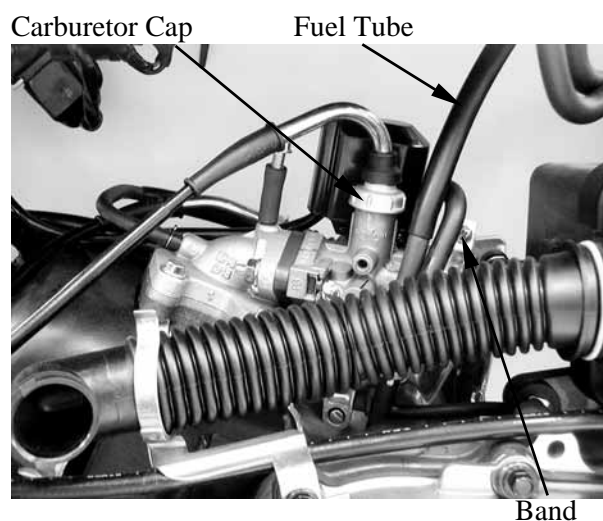
- \* Route the auto bystarter wire correctly and properly.



Install the carburetor cap. (⇒5-3)

Install the fuel tube

Install the air cleaner onto the carburetor and tighten the band screw.



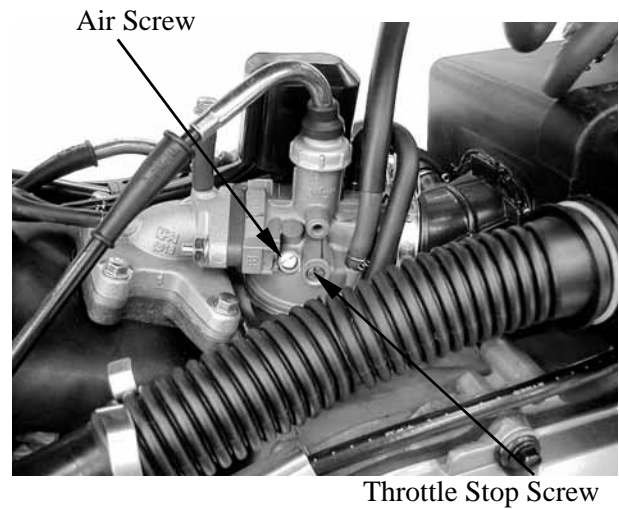
## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### AIR SCREW ADJUSTMENT

Turn the air screw clockwise until it seats lightly and back it to the specification given.

\* Do not force the air screw against its seat to prevent damage.

Start the engine and turn the air screw in or out slowly to obtain the highest engine speed.



Turn the throttle stop screw to obtain the specified idle speed.

**Idle Speed:**  $1800 \pm 100$  rpm

**Air Screw Opening:**  $2 \pm 1/2$  turns

Slightly increase the engine speed and make sure that the engine does not miss or run erratic.

If the adjustment of the air screw within the range of  $\pm 1/2$  turn makes no difference to the engine performance, check other related items.

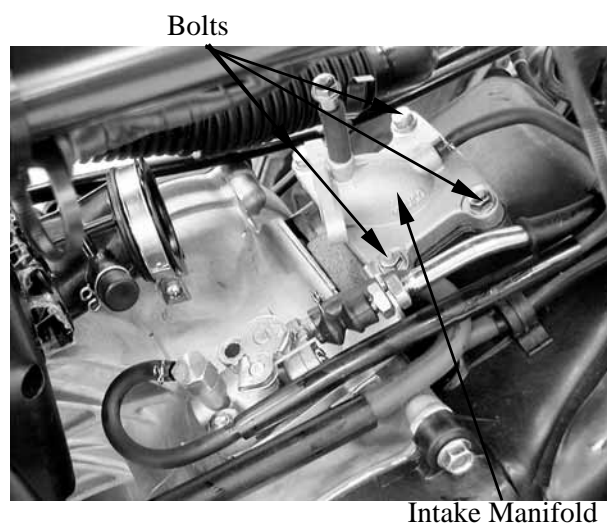
## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

### REED VALVE

#### REMOVAL

Remove the four intake manifold bolts and gasket.

Remove the reed valve and gasket.



Intake Manifold

#### INSPECTION

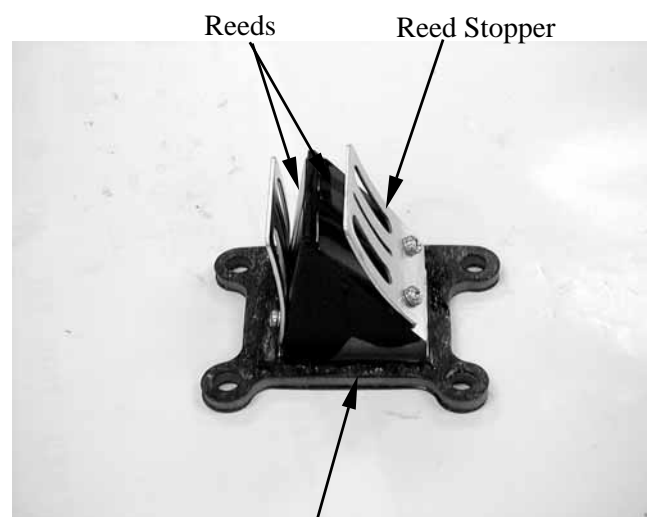
Check the reed valve for damaged or weak reeds.

Check the reed valve seat for cracks, damage or clearance between the seat and reed.

Replace the valve if necessary.

**\***

Do not disassemble or bend the reed stopper. To do so can cause loss of engine power and engine damage. If any of the stopper, reed or valve seat is faulty, replace them as unit.



Reed Valve Seat

#### INSTALLATION

Install the reed valve in the reverse order of removal.

**\***

Install a new gasket with the gasket indentation aligned with the reed valve. After installation, check for intake air leaks.



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

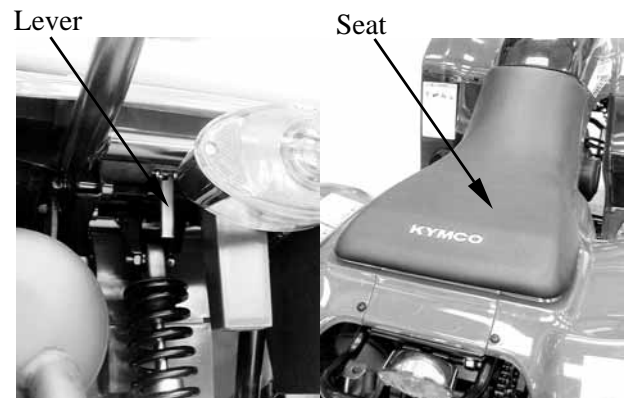
### FUEL TANK

#### FUEL TANK REMOVAL

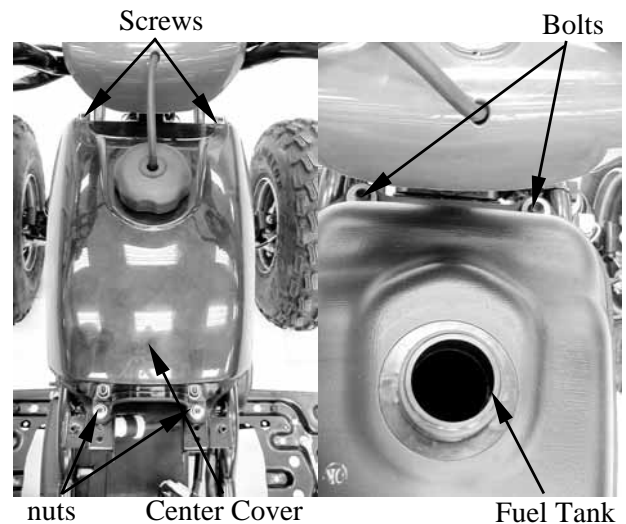
##### Warning

- Keep sparks and flames away from the work area.
- Wipe off any spilled gasoline.

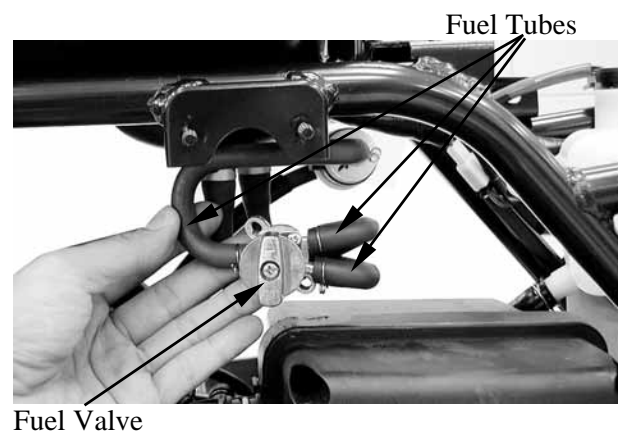
Remove the seat.  
Remove the center cover.  
Remove the right and left front fender.



Remove two bolts and two nuts on the end of the fuel tank.



Switch the fuel valve "OFF".  
Disconnect the fuel tubes.  
Remove the fuel tank and fuel valve.



## 5. FUEL SYSTEM

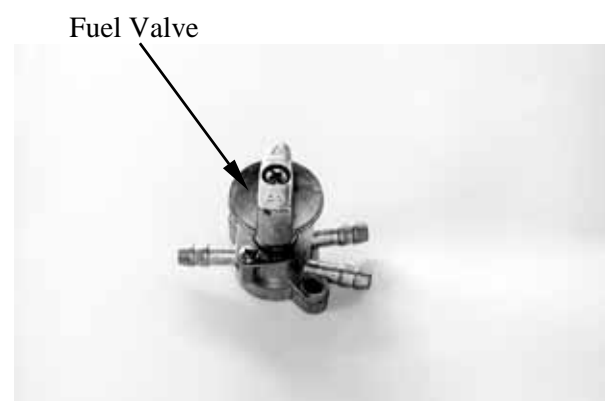
### FUEL VALVE REMOVAL

Disconnect the fuel tubes and remove the bolts.



Fuel Valve

Remove the fuel valve and fuel cup.



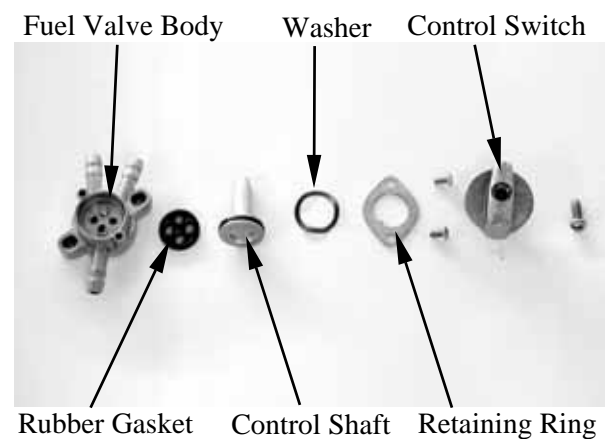
Fuel Valve

Remove the screw on the fuel valve control switch.  
Remove the two screws on the fuel valve body.

### INSPECTION

Inspect the fuel valve strainer for dirt and clog. Clean if necessary.

Replace the O-rings with new ones if they are damaged or deteriorated.



Fuel Valve Body

Washer

Control Switch

Rubber Gasket

Control Shaft

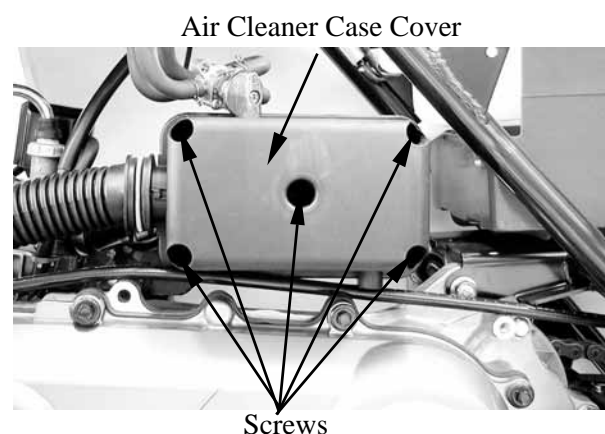
Retaining Ring

### AIR CLEANER

#### REMOVAL

Remove the five screws on the air cleaner case cover and the cover.  
Remove the air cleaner screen and element.

Refer to chapter 3 to clean air filter element.



Air Cleaner Case Cover

Screws

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ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



SERVICE INFORMATION----- 6- 1

ENGINE REMOVAL ----- 6- 2

ENGINE INSTALLATION ----- 6- 5

## **6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION**

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### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

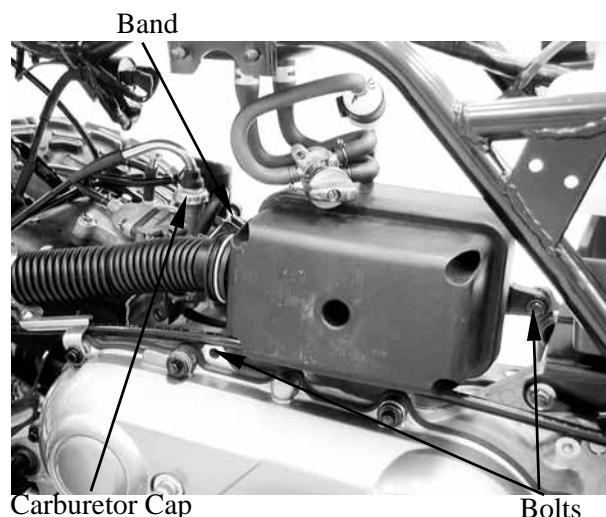
- A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine.  
Be careful not to damage the machine body, cables and wires during engine removal.
- Use shop towels to protect the motorcycle body during engine removal.
- Parts requiring engine removal for servicing:
  - Crankcase
  - Crankshaft

## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

### ENGINE REMOVAL

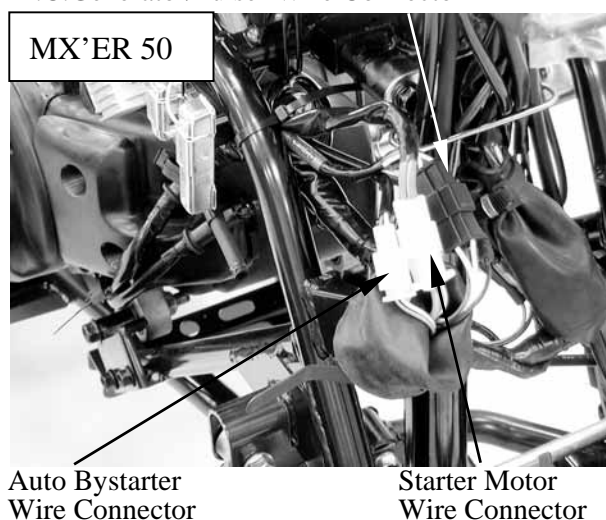
Remove the frame covers (see chapter 2).  
 Remove the exhaust muffler (see chapter 2).  
 Remove the oil tank (see chapter 4)  
 Remove the fuel tank (see chapter 5).

Remove the two bolts attaching the air cleaner case.  
 Loosen the band between the air cleaner and carburetor to remove the air cleaner case.  
 Remove the carburetor cap.

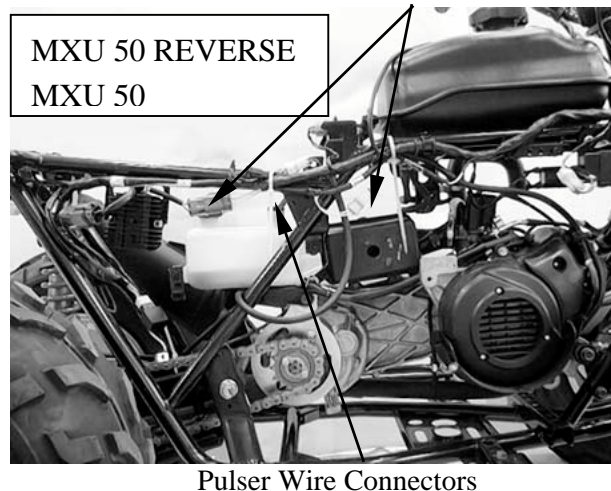


Disconnect the auto bystarter, A.C. generator/pulser and starter motor wire connectors.

A.C. Generator/Pulser Wire Connector



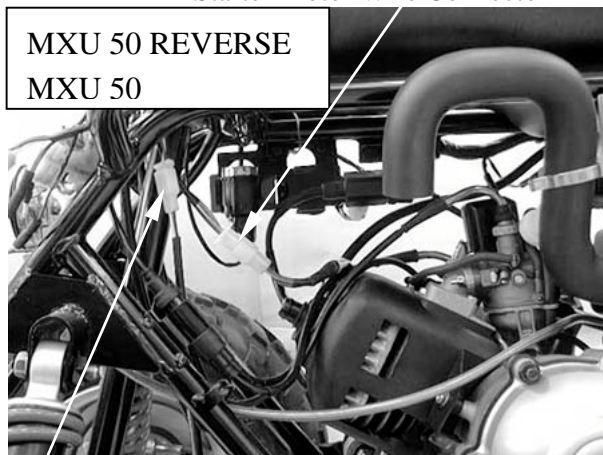
A.C. Generator Wire Connectors



## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Starter Motor Wire Connector

MXU 50 REVERSE  
MXU 50



Auto Bystarter Wire Connector

Remove the spark plug cap.

Spark Plug Cap



Disconnect the oil pump control cable from the pump body.  
Disconnect the oil inlet and outlet line from the oil pump.

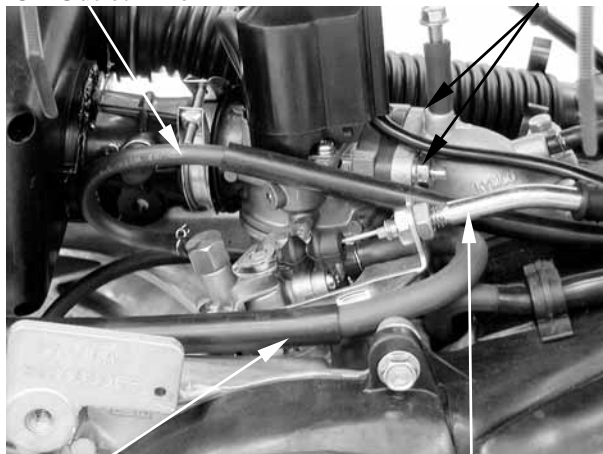
**\***

After the oil inlet line is disconnected, plug the oil line opening to prevent oil from flowing out.

Remove the two carburetor lock nuts.  
Remove the carburetor.

Oil Outlet Line

Carburetor Lock Nuts



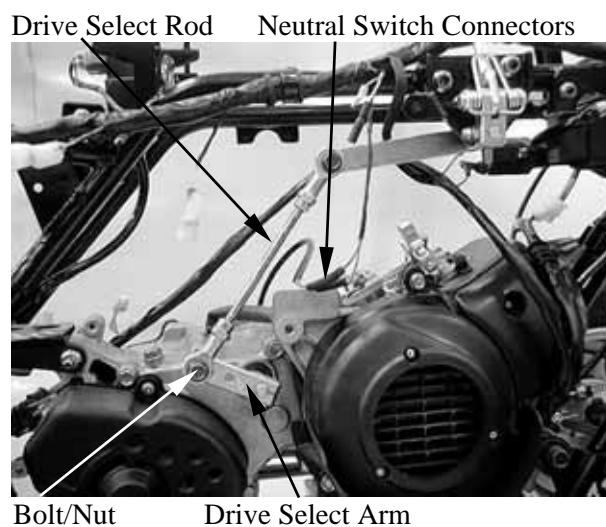
Oil Inlet Line

Control Cable

## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

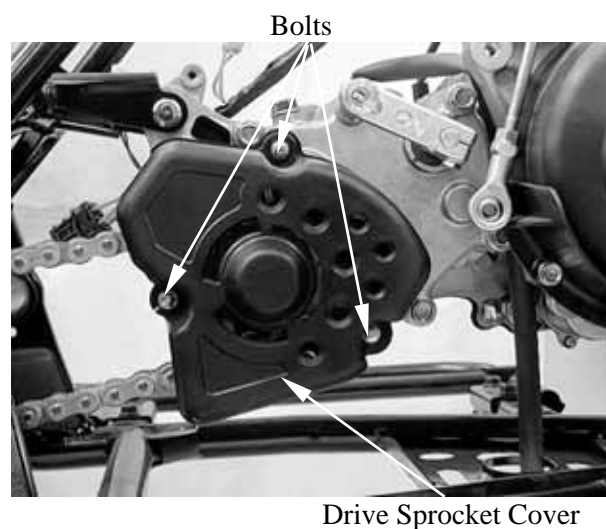
### MXU 50 REVERSE:

Disconnect the neutral switch connectors.  
Remove the bolt/nut at drive select rod, then remove the drive select rod from drive select arm.

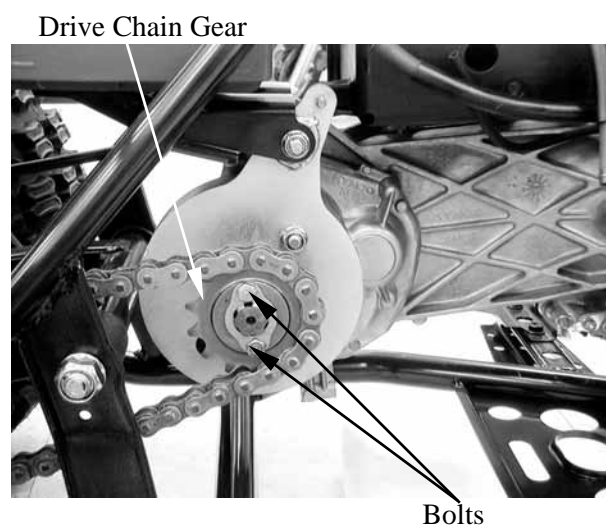


### MXU 50 REVERSE:

Remove the three bolts at the drive sprocket cover, then remove the protector cover.



Remove the rear drive chain gear on the bolts.  
Remove the drive chain gear.



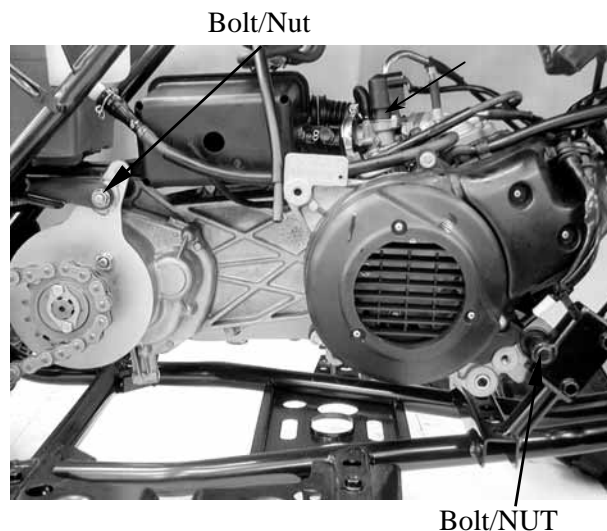


## 6. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the engine any connector thing.

Remove the rear right engine bracket bolt/nut (MXU 50/MX'ER 50).

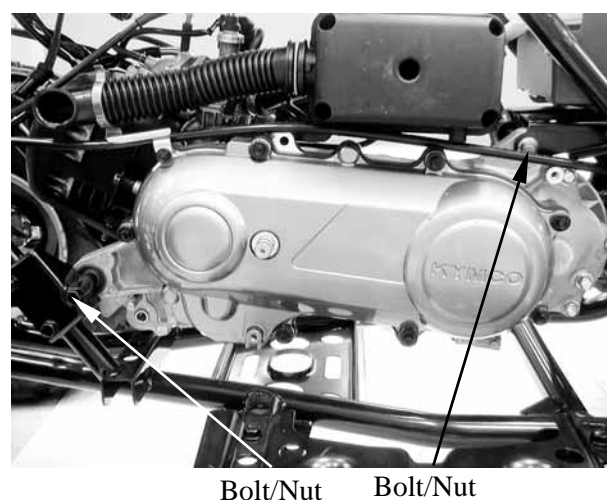
Remove the front right engine bracket bolt/nut.



Remove the front left engine bracket bolt/nut.

Remove the rear left engine bracket bolt/nut.

Remove the engine to the right side of the frame.



### ENGINE INSTALLATION

Install the engine and tighten the engine mounting bolts/nuts.

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)

Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.

★

Route the wires and cables properly.





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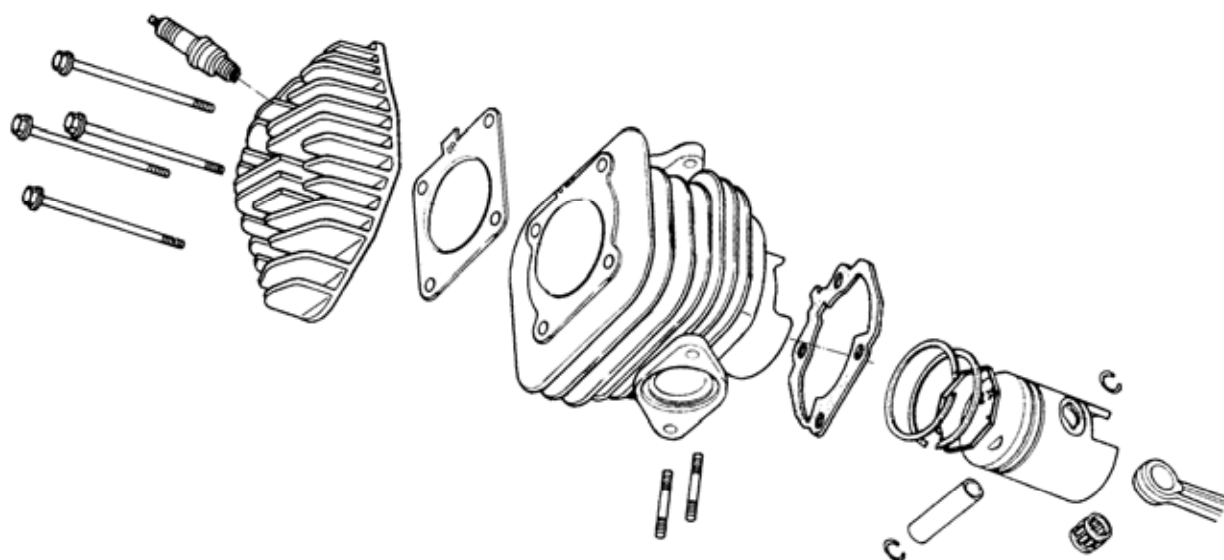
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**CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON**

SERVICE INFORMATION-----	7-2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	7-2
CYLINDER HEAD-----	7-3
CYLINDER/PISTON -----	7-6

## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

ATV 50



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder head, cylinder and piston can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- Before disassembly, clean the engine to prevent dust from entering the engine.
- Remove all gasket material from the mating surfaces.
- Do not use a driver to pry between the cylinder and cylinder head, cylinder and crankcase.
- Do not damage the cylinder inside and the piston surface.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts before inspection. When assembling, apply the specified engine oil to movable parts.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Cylinder head warpage	—	0.1 (0.004)
Piston O.D.(5mm from bottom of piston skirt)	38.97 (1.5588)~38.955 (1.5582)	38.9 (1.556)
Cylinder-to- piston clearance	0.03 (0.0012)~0.07 (0.0028)	0.1 (0.004)
Piston pin hole I.D.	12.002 (0.48008)~12.008 (0.48032)	12.03 (0.4812)
Piston pin O.D.	11.994 (0.47976)~12 (0.48)	11.98 (0.4792)
Piston-to-piston pin clearance	0.002 (0.00008)~0.014 (0.00056)	0.03 (0.0012)
Piston ring end gap (top/second)	0.1 (0.004)~0.25 (0.01)	0.4 (0.016)
Connecting rod small end I.D.	17.005 (0.6802)~17.017 (0.68068)	17.03 (0.6812)
Cylinder bore	39 (1.56)~39.025 (1.561)	39.05 (1.562)

#### TORQUE VALUES

Cylinder head bolt	1.6 kgf-m (16 N-m, 11.5 lbf-ft)
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 8.6 lbf-ft)
Exhaust muffler lock bolt	3.3 kgf-m (33 N-m, 23.8 lbf-ft)
Spark plug	1.4 kgf-m (14 N-m, 10.1 lbf-ft)

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

##### Compression too low, hard starting or poor performance at low speed

- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Loose spark plug
- Worn, stuck or broken piston and piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

##### Compression too high, overheating or knocking

- Excessive carbon build-up in cylinder head or on piston head

##### Abnormal noisy piston

- Worn cylinder and piston
- Worn piston pin or piston pin hole
- Worn connecting rod small end bearing

##### Abnormal noisy piston rings

- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder

## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

### CYLINDER HEAD

#### REMOVAL

Remove the spark plug cap.

Remove the exhaust muffler. (⇒2-15 or 2-16)

Spark Plug Cap

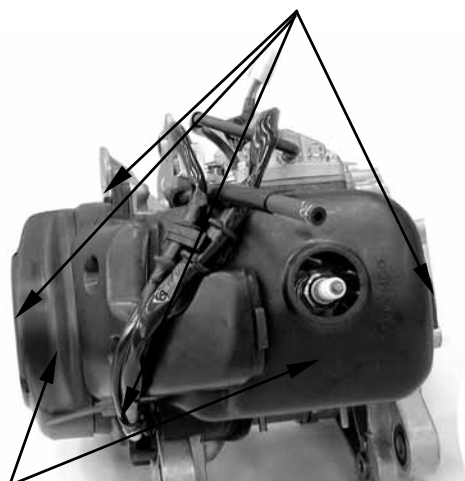


Remove the three bolts attaching the fan cover to remove the fan cover.

Remove the bolt attaching the engine hood to remove the engine hood.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Bolts



Fan Cover/Engine Hood

Remove the spark plug.

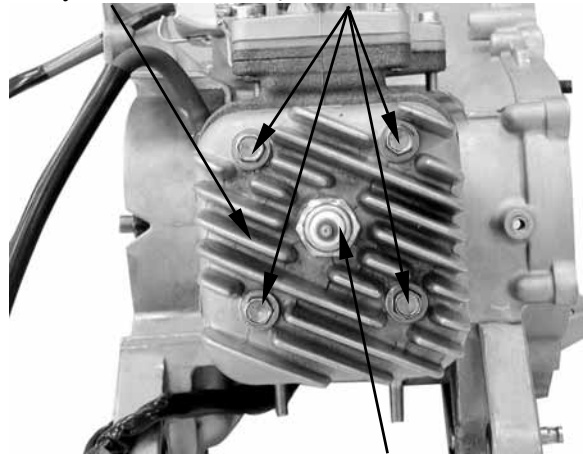
Remove the cylinder head bolts and the cylinder head.

**\***

Loosen the bolts diagonally in 2 or 3 times.

Remove the cylinder head gasket.

Cylinder Head    Cylinder head Bolts



Spark Plug

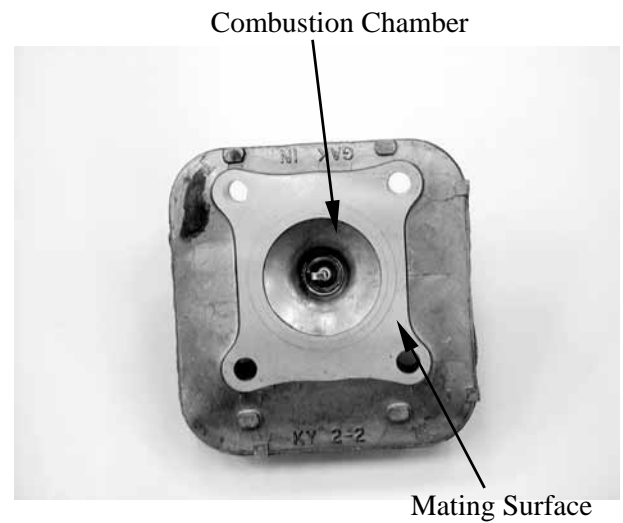
## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

### COMBUSTION CHAMBER DECARBONIZING

Remove the carbon deposits from the combustion chamber

**\***

Avoid damaging the combustion chamber wall and cylinder mating surface.

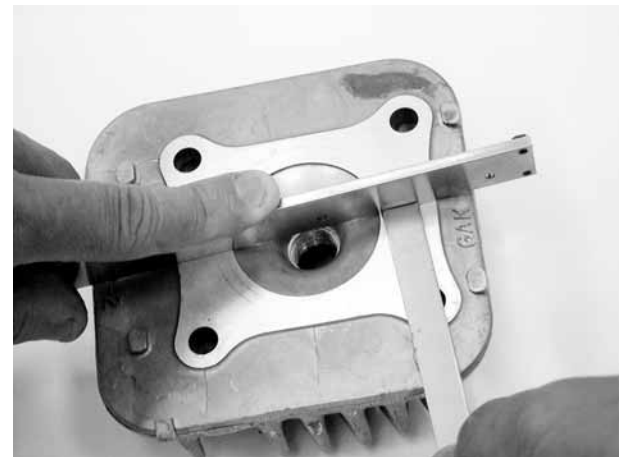


### CYLINDER HEAD INSPECTION

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

#### Service Limit:

0.1 mm (0.004 in) replace if over



### CYLINDER HEAD INSTALLATION

Install the cylinder head on the cylinder properly.

**\***

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

Install a new cylinder head gasket onto the cylinder.



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

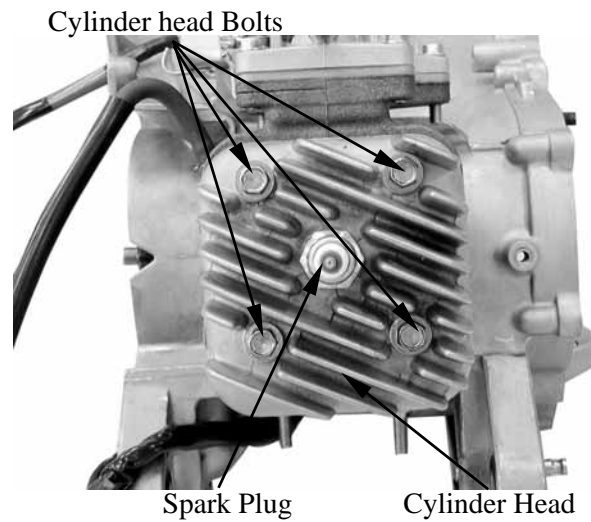
### Cylinder Head Bolts Installation

Install and tighten the cylinder head bolts diagonally in 2 or 3 times.

**Torque:** 1.6 kgf-m (16 N-m, 11.5 lbf-ft)

Install the spark plug.

**Torque:** 1.4 kgf-m (14 N-m, 10.1 lbf-ft)



### Engine Hood Installation

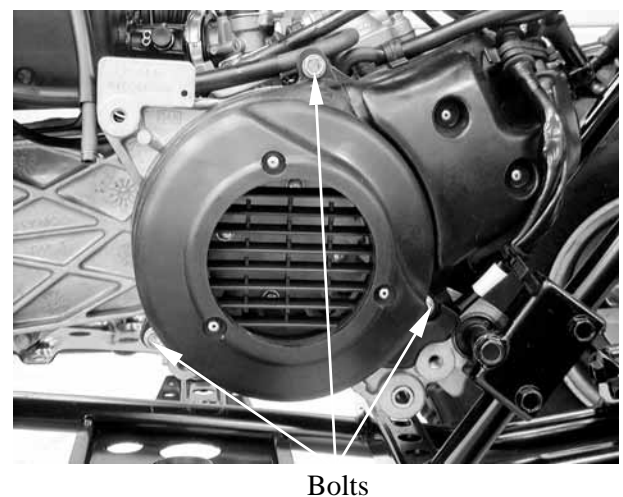
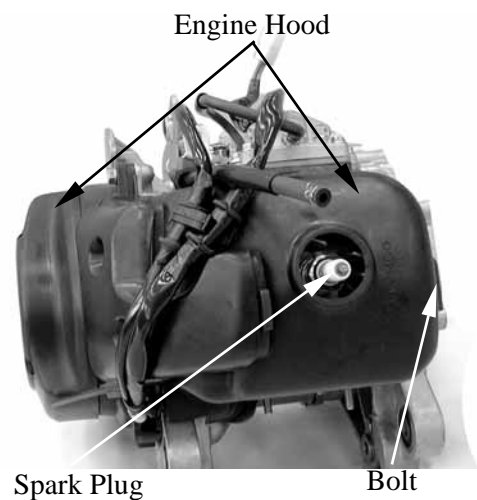
Install the engine hood. (⇒7-3)

Install the spark plug cap. (⇒7-3)

Install the exhaust muffler. (⇒12-15 or 12-16)

Perform the following inspections after installation:

- Compression test
- Abnormal engine noise
- Cylinder air leaks



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

### CYLINDER/PISTON

#### CYLINDER REMOVAL

Remove the reed valve (see page 5-13).

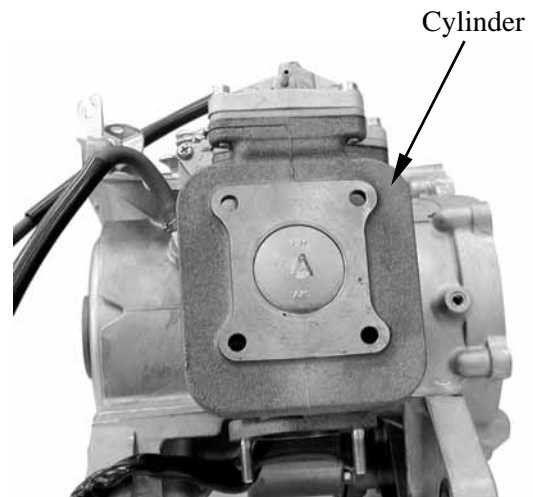
Remove the cylinder head.

Remove the cylinder.

Remove the cylinder gasket.

**\***

Do not pry between the cylinder and crankcase or strike the fins.

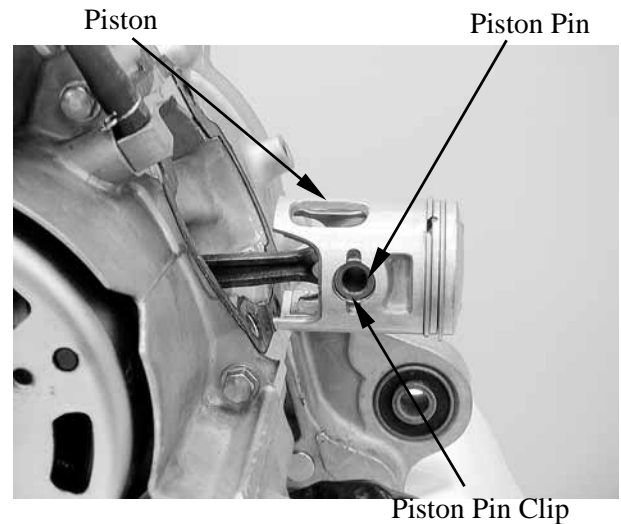


#### PISTON REMOVAL

Remove the piston pin clip to remove the piston pin and piston.

**\***

- Do not damage or scratch the piston.
- Do not apply side force to the connecting rod when removing the piston pin.
- Place clean shop towels in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



Spread each piston ring and remove by lifting it up at a point just opposite the gap.  
Remove the expander.



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

### CYLINDER/PISTON INSPECTION

Check the cylinder and piston for wear or damage.

Clean carbon deposits from the exhaust port area.



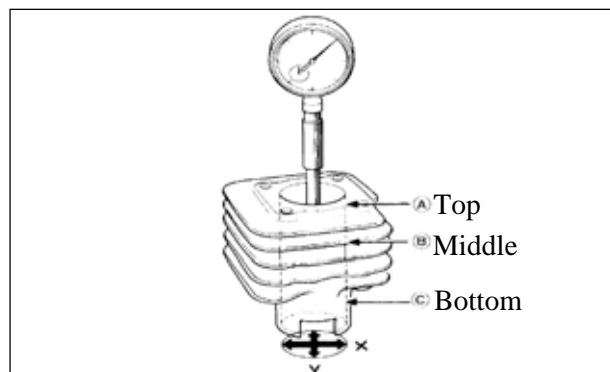
Be careful not to damage the cylinder inside wall.



Measure the cylinder bore at three levels of A, B and C in both X and Y directions. Avoid the port area. Take the maximum figure measured to determine the cylinder bore.

**Service Limit:**

39.05 mm (1.56 in) replace if over



Inspect the top of the cylinder for warpage.

**Service Limit:**

0.1 mm (0.004 in) replace if over

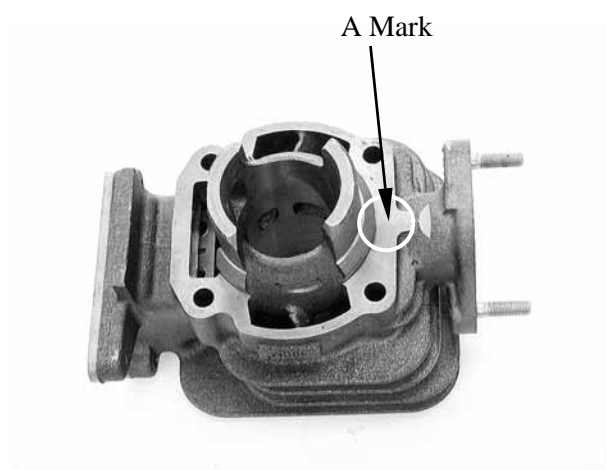




## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

**\***

The cylinder has an “A” mark or no mark on it. When replacing the cylinder with a new one, use a cylinder having the same mark as the old one.



Measure the piston O.D. at a point 5 mm (0.2 in) from the bottom of the piston skirt.

**Service Limit:**

38.9 mm (1.56 in) replace if below



Measure the piston-to-cylinder clearance.

**Service Limit:**

0.1 mm (0.004 in) replace if over

Measure the piston pin hole I.D.

**Service Limit:**

12.03 mm (0.481 in) replace if over

Measure the piston pin O.D.

**Service Limit:**

11.98 mm (0.479 in) replace if below



Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance.

**Service Limit:**

0.03 mm (0.0012 in) replace if over

## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

### PISTON RING INSPECTION

Measure each piston ring end gap.

**Service Limits:** Top/Second:

0.4 mm (0.016 in) replace if over

**\***

Set each piston ring squarely into the cylinder using the piston and measure the end gap.



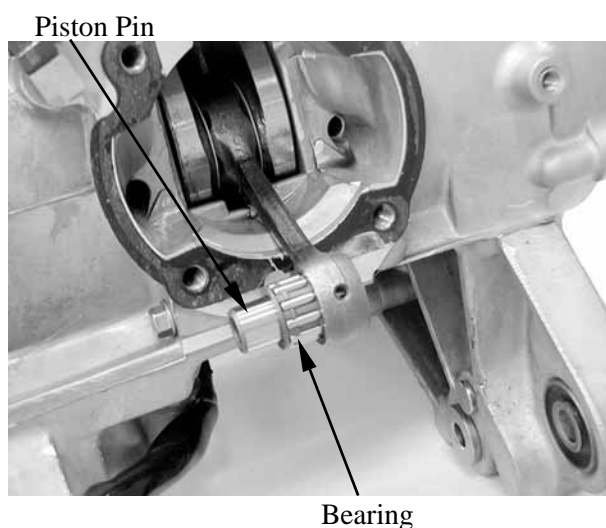
### CONNECTING ROD SMALL END INSPECTION

Install the piston pin and bearing in the connecting rod small end and check for excessive play.

Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

**Service Limit:**

17.03 mm (0.6812 in) replace if over



### PISTON/CYLINDER INSTALLATION

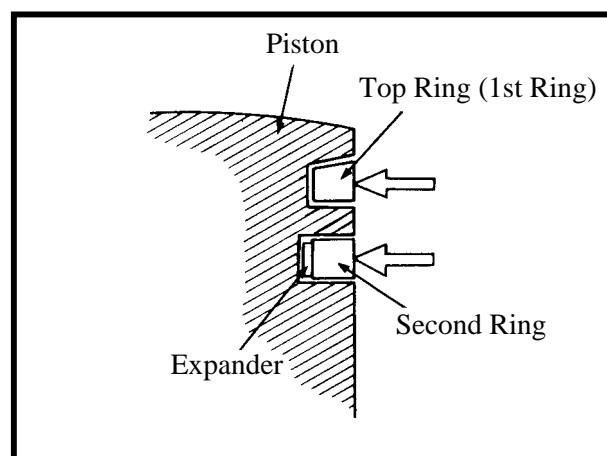
First install the expander in the second ring groove.

Then install the top and second rings in their respective ring grooves.

The piston rings should be pressed into the grooves with even force.

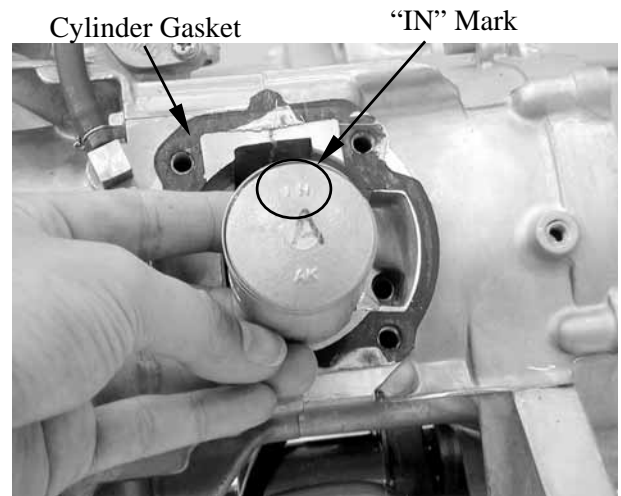
After installation, check and make sure that each ring is flush with the piston at several points around the ring.

A ring that will not compress means that the ring groove has carbon deposits in it and should be cleaned.



## 7. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

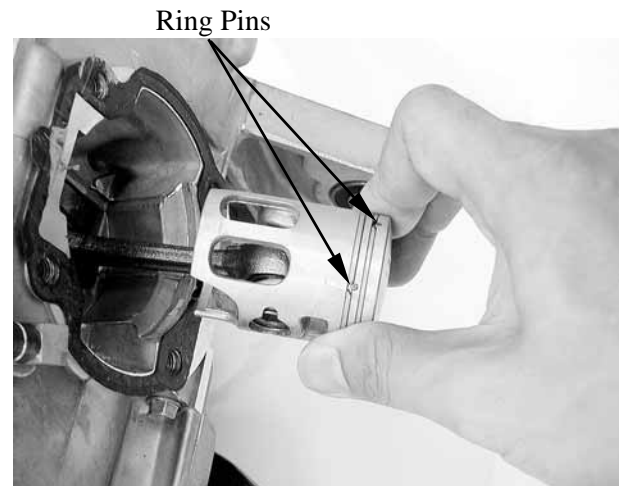
Install a new cylinder gasket on the mating surface between the cylinder and crankcase. Position the piston “IN” mark on the intake valve side.



Make sure that the ring end gaps are aligned with the piston ring pins in the ring grooves. Lubricate the cylinder inside and piston rings with engine oil and install the piston into the cylinder while compressing the piston rings.

**\***

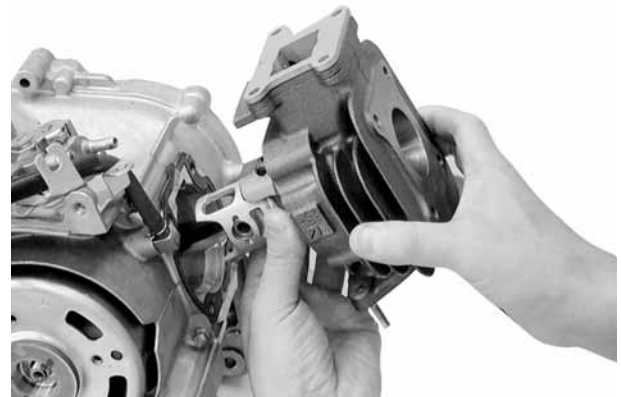
Be careful not to damage the piston.



Install the cylinder head.

**Torque:** 1.6 kgf-m (16 N-m, 11.5 lbf-ft)

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



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**A.C. GENERATOR**

SERVICE INFORMATION ..... 8-2

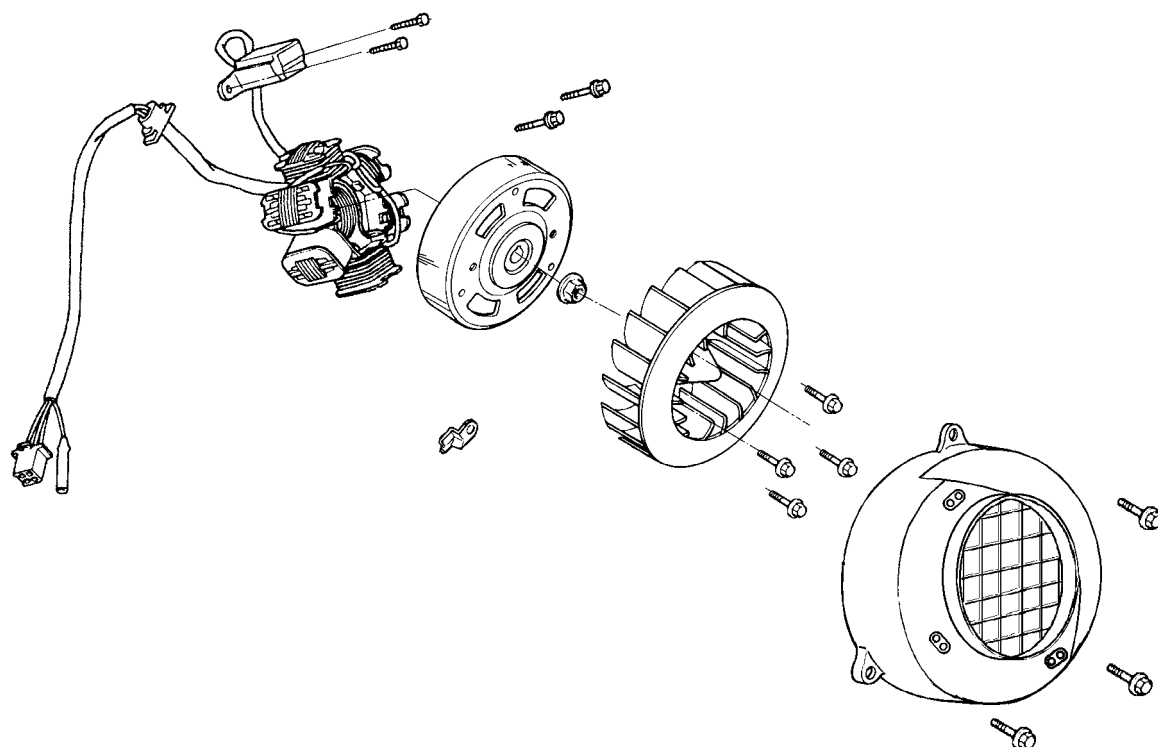
A.C. GENERATOR REMOVAL..... 8-3

A.C. GENERATOR INSTALLATION ..... 8-4



## 8. A.C. GENERATOR

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## **8. A.C. GENERATOR**

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### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- All A.C. generator maintenance and inspection can be made with the engine installed.
- Refer to Section 15, 16 for A.C. generator inspection.

#### **TORQUE VALUE**

Flywheel nut : 3.8 kgf-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)

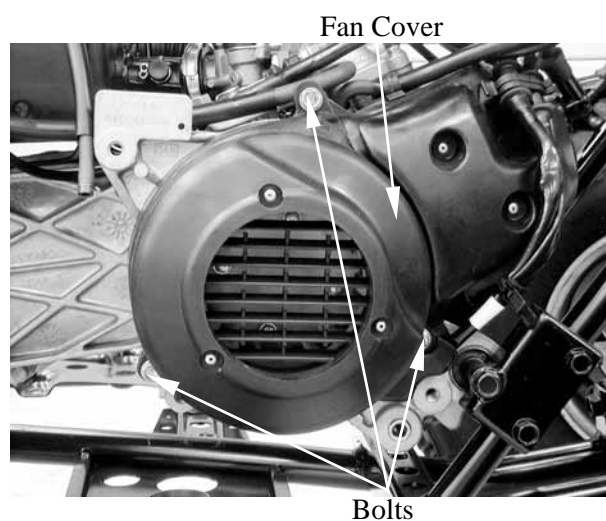
#### **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Flywheel puller	A120E00001
Universal holder	A120E00017

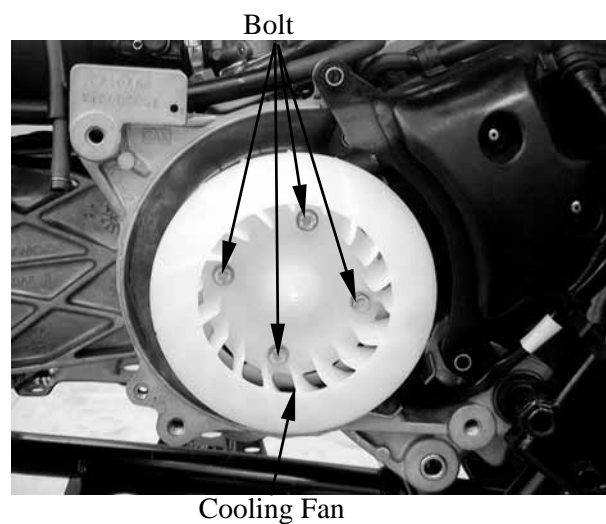
## 8. A.C. GENERATOR

### A.C. GENERATOR REMOVAL

Remove the three bolts attaching the fan cover to remove the fan cover.



Remove the cooling fan by removing the four bolts.

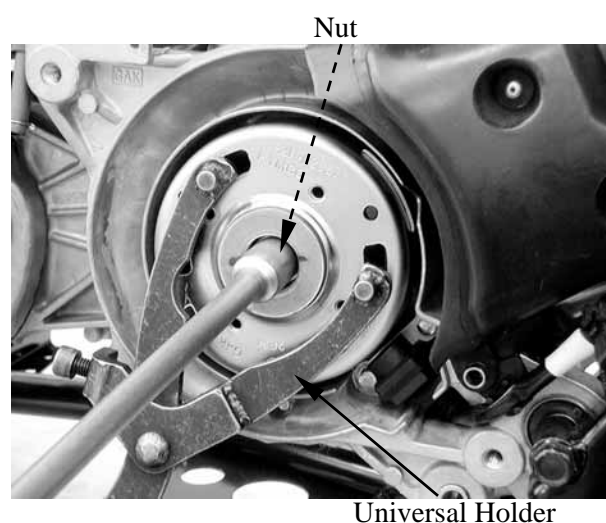


Hold the flywheel with an universal holder and then remove the flywheel nut.

**Special tool:**

**Universal holder**

**A120E00017**



## 8. A.C. GENERATOR

Remove the A.C. generator flywheel using the flywheel puller.

**Special tool:**

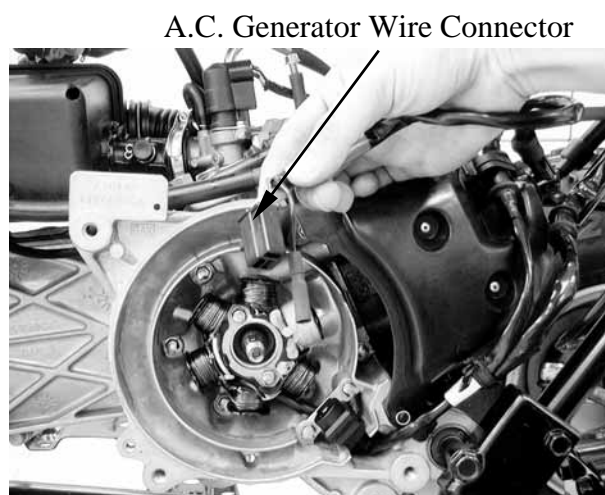
**Flywheel puller     A120E00001**



Flywheel Puller

Lock Nut Wrench

Remove the A.C. generator wire connector.



A.C. Generator Wire Connector

Remove the two pulser coil bolts and pulser coil from the right crankcase.  
Remove the two bolts attaching the A.C. generator stator.

**\***

Be careful not to damage the disconnected wire.

### A.C. GENERATOR INSTALLATION

Install the A.C. generator stator and pulser coil wire clamp onto the right crankcase, and then install the pulser coil.



Stator

Pulser Coil



## 8. A.C. GENERATOR

Connect the A.C. generator wire connector.

A.C. Generator Wire Connector



Clean the taper hole in the flywheel off any burrs and dirt.  
Install the woodruff key in the crankshaft key way.

Woodruff Key



Install the flywheel onto the crankshaft with the flywheel groove aligned with the crankshaft woodruff key.  
Hold the flywheel with the universal holder and install the 10 mm (0.4 in) flywheel flange nut.

**Torque:** 3.8 kgf-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)

Start the engine and check the ignition timing. (⇒3-7)

Install other removed parts in the reserve order of removal.

Universal Holder



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**KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/  
CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY**

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SERVICE INFORMATION..... 9 - 2

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 9 - 2

KICK STARTER..... 9 - 3

DRIVE BELT ..... 9 - 7

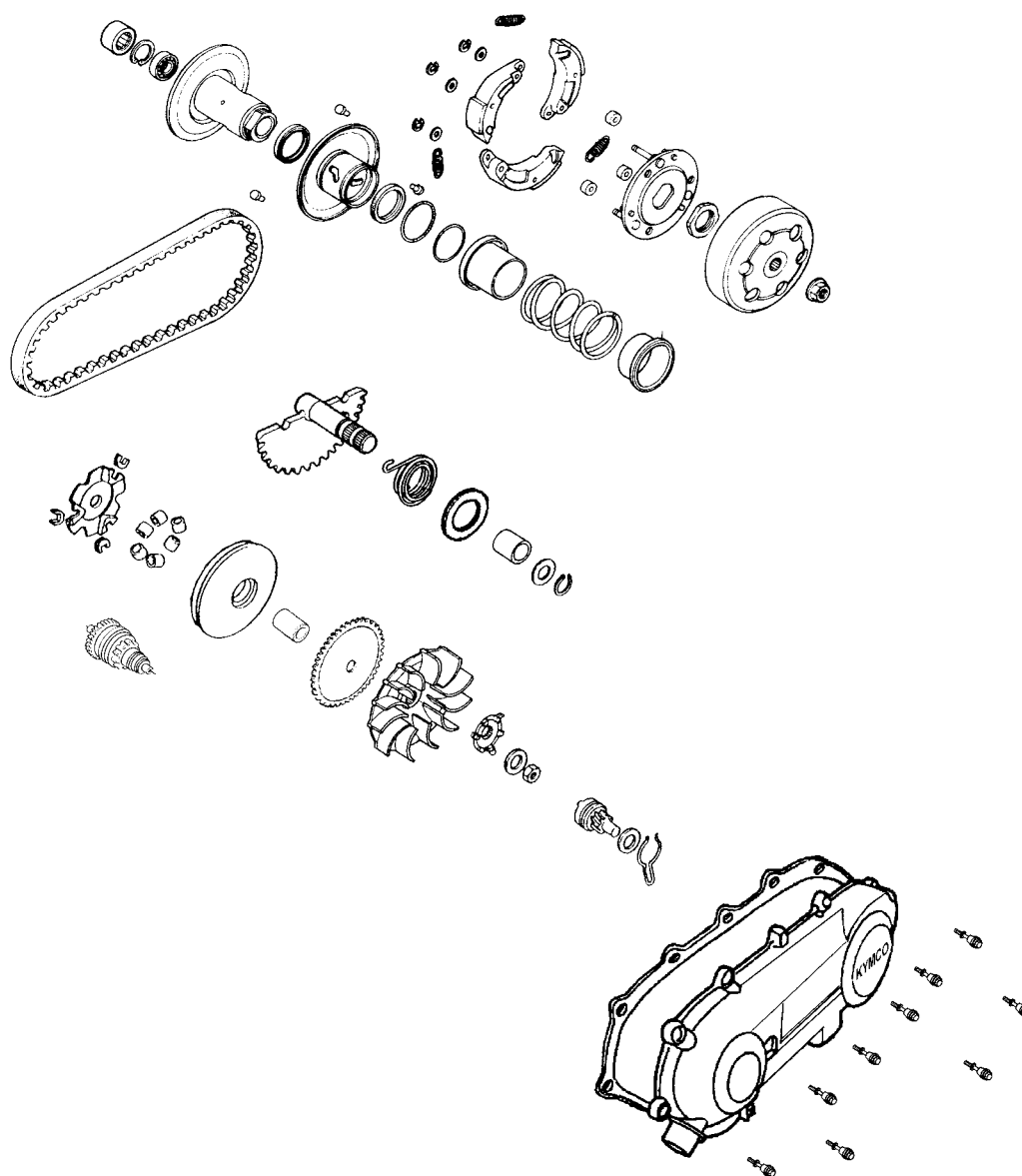
DRIVE PULLEY ..... 9 - 9

STARTER PINION ..... 9-11

CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY ..... 9-12

## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

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## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY



ATV 50

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Avoid getting grease and oil on the drive belt and pulley faces.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Drive pulley collar O.D.	20.01 (0.8004)~20.025 (0.801)	19.97 (0.7988)
Movable drive face I.D.	20.035 (0.8014)~20.085 (0.8034)	20.24 (0.8096)
Weight roller O.D.	13 (0.52)	12.4 (0.496)
Clutch outer I.D.	107 (4.28)~107.2 (4.288)	107.5 (4.3)
Driven face spring free length	98.1 (3.924)	92.8 (3.712)
Driven face O.D.	33.965 (1.3586)~33.985 (1.3594)	33.94 (1.3576)
Movable driven face I.D.	34 (1.36)~34.25 (1.37)	34.4 (1.376)
Drive belt width	17.5 (0.7)	16.5 (0.66)

#### TORQUE VALUES

Drive face nut	3.8 kgf-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)
Clutch outer nut	3.8 kgf-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)
Clutch drive plate nut	5.5 kgf-m (55 N-m, 39.6 lbf-ft)

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Universal holder	A120E00017
Clutch spring compressor	A120E00034
Bearing outer driver	A120E00037
Bearing driver pilot	A120E00014

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

##### Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Worn drive belt
- Broken ramp plate
- Worn or damaged clutch lining

##### Engine stalls or motorcycle creeps

- Broken clutch weight spring

##### Poor performance at high speed or lack of power

- Worn drive belt
- Weak driven face spring
- Worn weight roller
- Faulty driven face

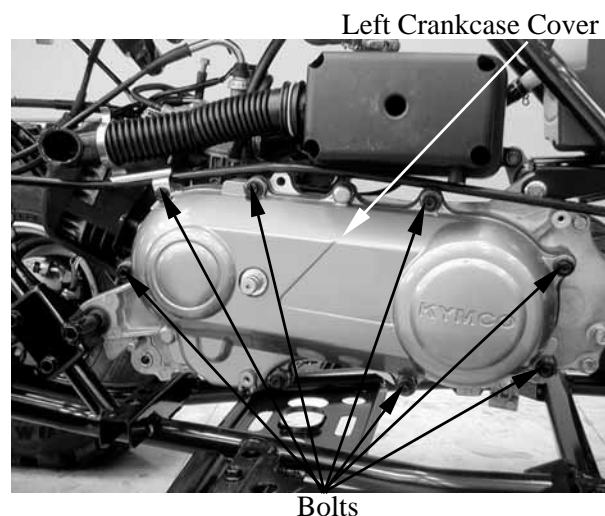
## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

### KICK STARTER

#### LEFT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover bolts, left crankcase cover and dowel pins.

Inspect the left crankcase cover seal rubber for damage or deterioration.



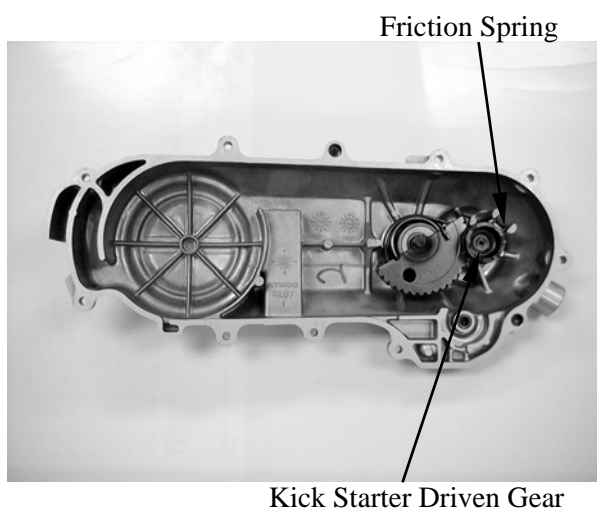
#### KICK STARTER SPINDLE REMOVAL

Remove the kick lever from the kick starter spindle.

Remove the snap ring and washer from the kick starter spindle.

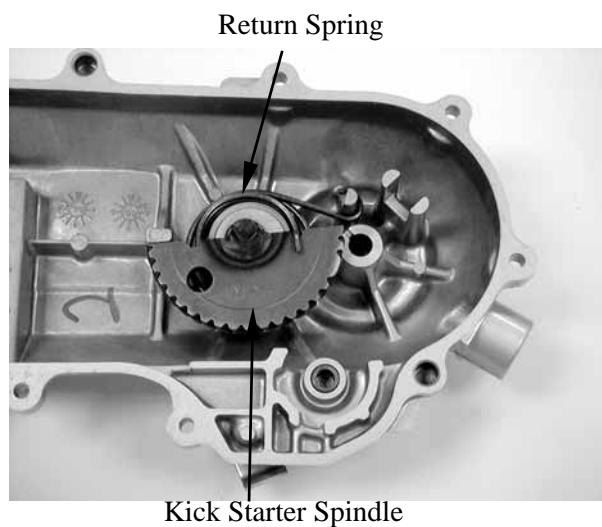


Slightly rotate the kick starter spindle to remove the kick starter driven gear together with the friction spring.



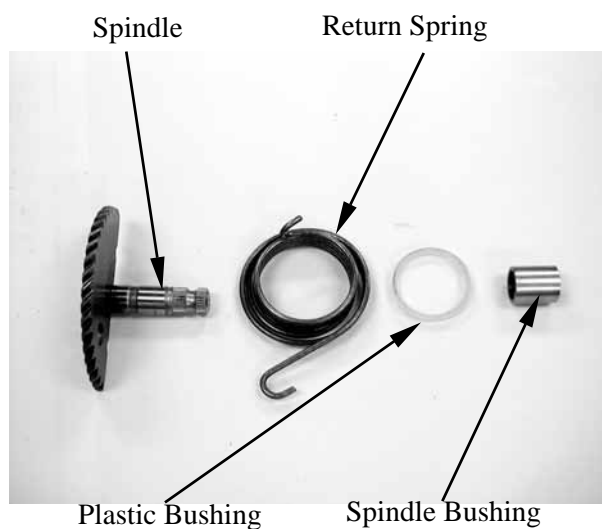
## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Remove the kick starter spindle and return spring from the left crankcase cover.  
Remove the kick starter spindle bushing.



### **KICK STARTER SPINDLE INSPECTION**

Inspect the kick starter spindle and gear for wear or damage.  
Inspect the return spring for weakness or damage.  
Inspect the kick starter spindle bushing for wear or damage.



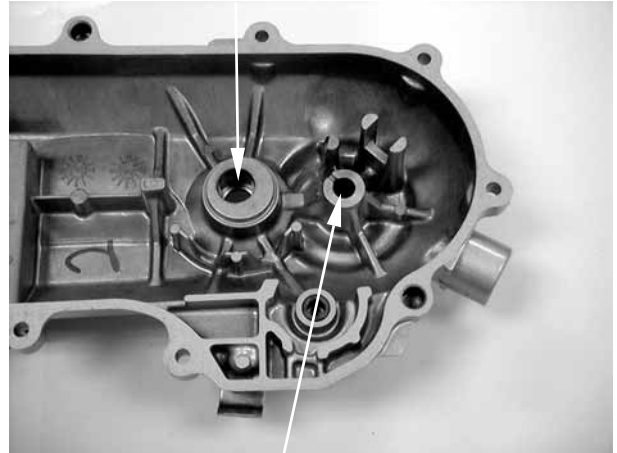
Check the kick starter driven gear for wear or damage.  
Check the friction spring for wear or damage.



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Inspect the kick starter spindle and driven gear forcing parts for wear or damage.

Kick Starter Spindle Forcing Part



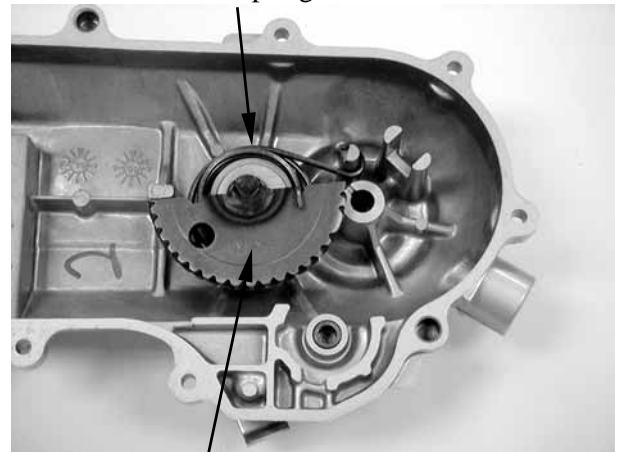
Kick Starter Driven Gear Forcing Part

### KICK STARTER INSTALLATION

Install the kick starter spindle bushing and return spring onto the left crankcase cover.

\* If the hooks of the return spring can not be installed properly, use a screw driver to press them into their locations respectively.

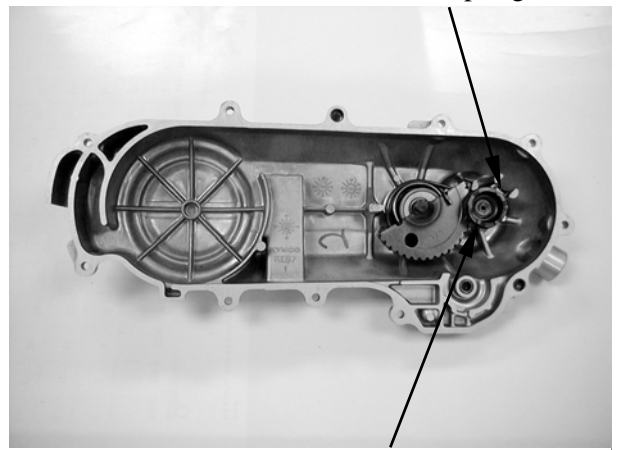
Friction Spring



Kick Starter Spindle

Properly install the kick starter driven gear and friction spring as the figure shown.

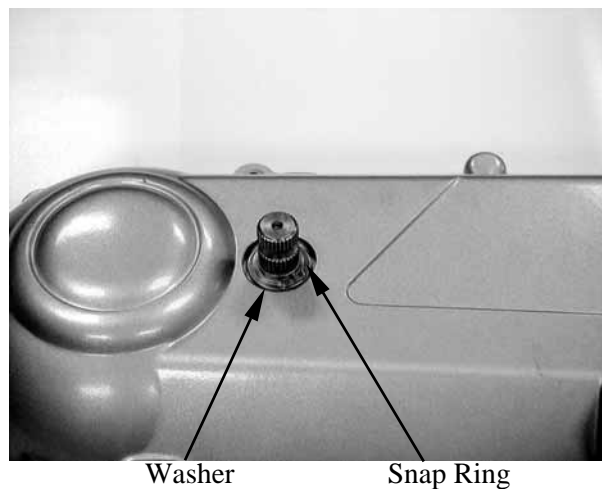
Friction Spring



Kick Starter Driven Gear

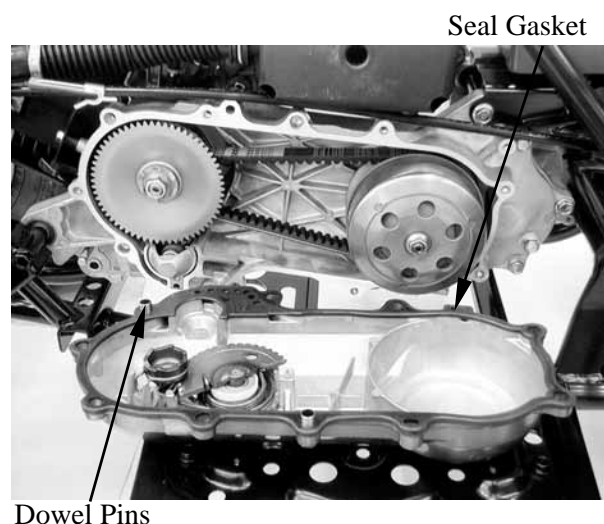
## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

First install the washer and then the snap ring onto the kick starter spindle.  
Install the kick lever.



### LEFT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION

First install the dowel pins and then the seal gasket.



Install the left crankcase cover and tighten the ten bolts diagonally.

\* For drum brake, note the location of the brake cable clamp and install the rear brake cable in place with the clamp.

Rear Brake Cable Clamp



Left Crankcase Cover



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

### DRIVE BELT

Remove the left crankcase cover.

### INSPECTION

Check the drive belt for cracks, separation or abnormal or excessive wear.

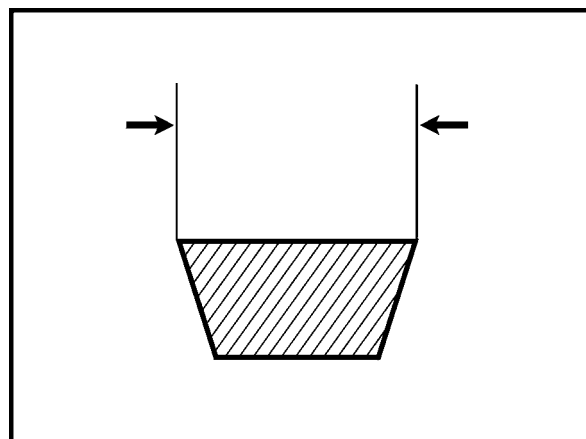
Measure the drive belt width.

#### Service Limit:

16.5 mm (0.66 in) replace if below

\*

Use specified genuine parts for replacement.



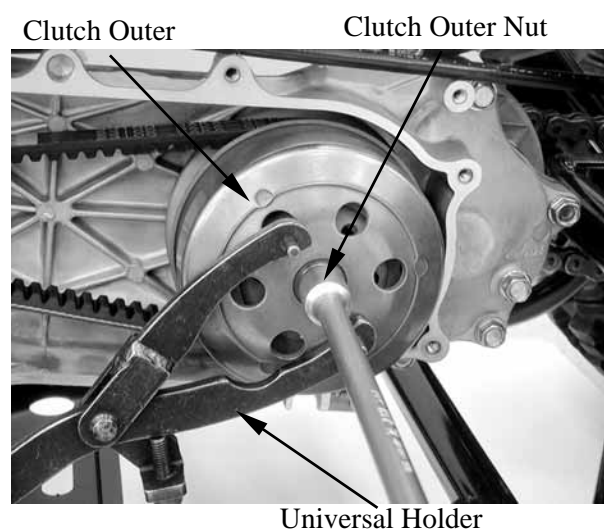
### REPLACEMENT

Remove the left crankcase cover bolts and left crankcase cover. (⇒9-3)

Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the clutch outer nut and clutch outer.

#### Special tool:

Universal holder    A120E00017

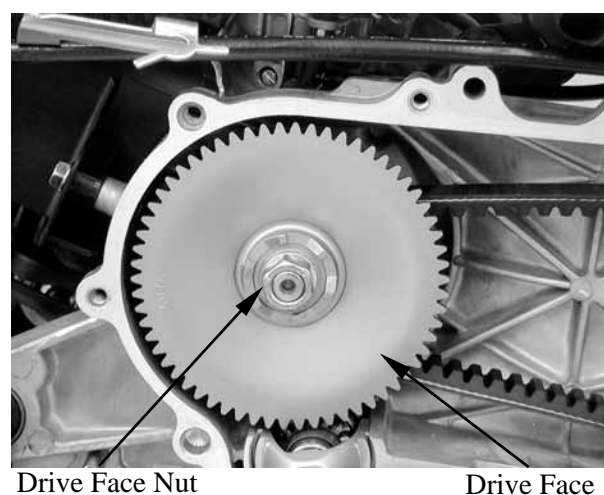


Hold the flywheel with the universal holder (see page 8-3) and remove the drive face nut and washer.

Remove the drive pulley face.

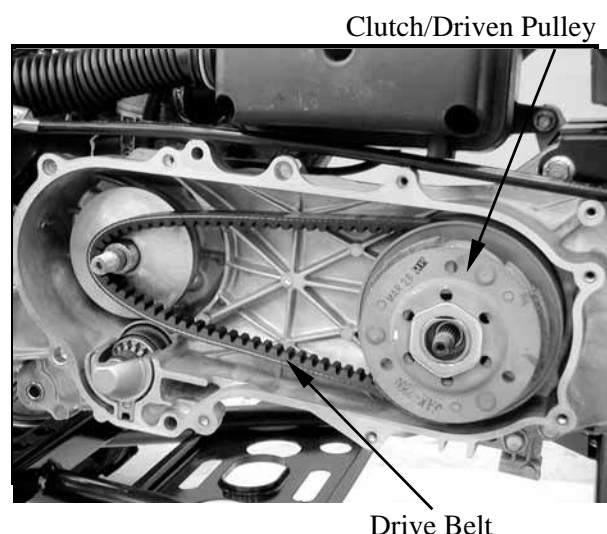
#### Special tool:

Universal holder    A120E00017



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Remove the drive belt from the clutch/driven pulley.



### DRIVE BELT INSTALLATION

Turn the driven pulley clockwise and lift it up to expand the drive belt groove and then install a new drive belt.

Install the clutch outer.

Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and tighten the clutch outer nut to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 3.8 kgf-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)

**Special tool:**

**Universal holder**     **A120E00017**

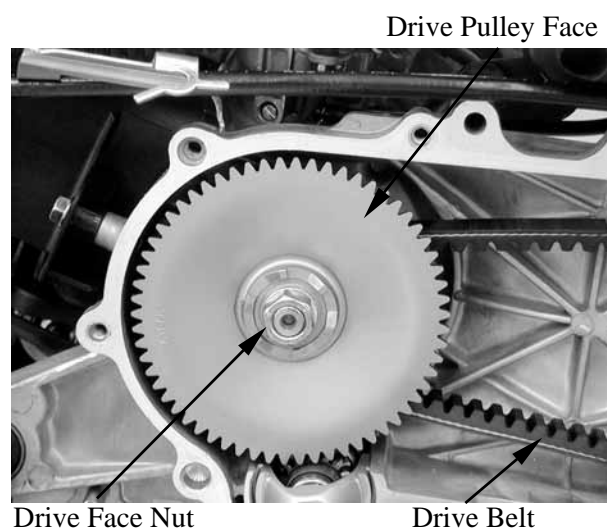


Set the drive belt on the drive pulley. Install the drive pulley face and washer, then hold the flywheel with the universal holder (see page 8-3) and tighten the drive face nut to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 3.8 kgf-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)

**Special tool:**

**Universal holder**     **A120E00017**



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

### DRIVE PULLEY

#### REMOVAL

Hold the flywheel with the universal holder (see page 8-3) and remove the drive face nut and washer.

Remove the drive pulley face.

#### Special tool:

Universal holder    A120E00017

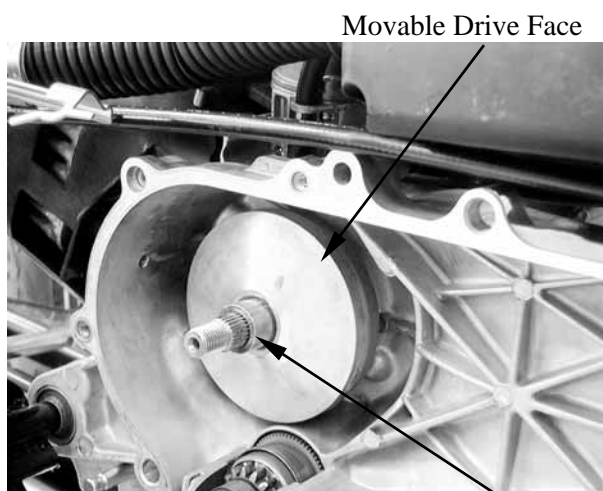


Drive Face Nut

Drive Pulley Face

### MOVABLE DRIVE FACE DISASSEMBLY

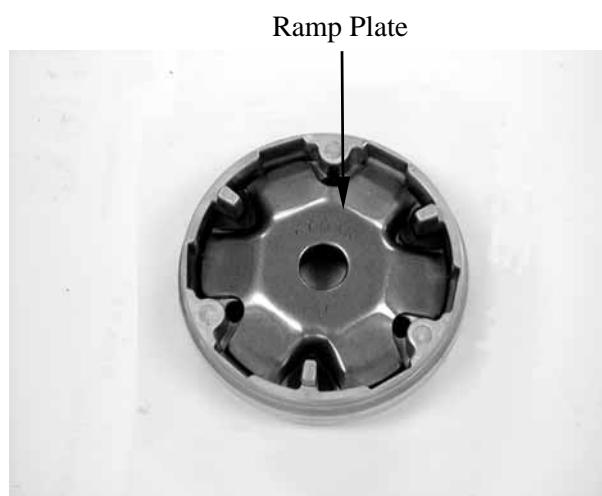
Remove the movable drive face and drive pulley collar from the crankshaft.



Movable Drive Face

Drive Pulley Collar

Remove the ramp plate.



Ramp Plate

## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Remove the weight rollers.

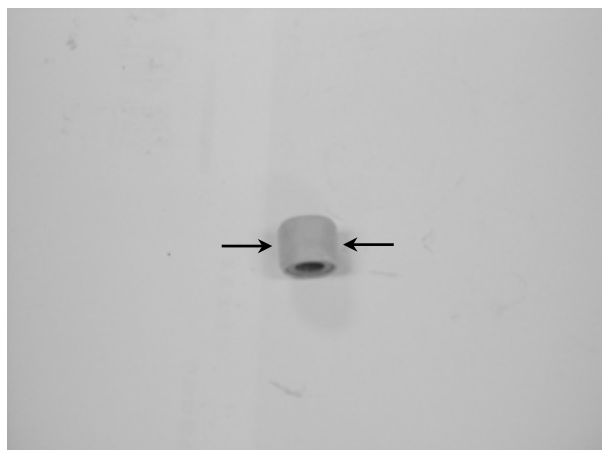
Weight Roller



Remove the weight rollers.  
Check each weight roller for wear or damage.  
Measure each roller O.D.

**Service Limit:**

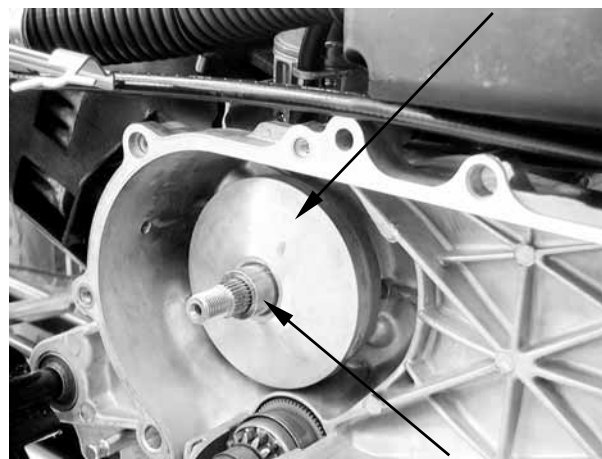
12.4 mm (0.496 in) replace if below



### DRIVE PULLEY INSTALLATION

Install the drive pulley collar and movable drive face onto the crankshaft.

Movable Drive Face



Drive Pulley Collar

## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Install the drive belt on the crankshaft.  
Install the drive pulley face and washer, then  
hold the flywheel with the universal holder  
(see page 8-3) and tighten the drive face nut  
to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 3.8 kgf-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)

**Special tool:**

**Universal holder     E017**

\* Keep grease or oil off the drive belt and  
drive pulley faces.



Drive Face Nut

Drive Pulley Face

### STARTER PINION

#### REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover. (⇒9-3)

Remove the drive pulley. (⇒9-9)

Remove the starter pinion cover.

Remove the starter pinion.



Starter Pinion Cover

#### INSPECTION

Inspect the starter pinion seat for wear.

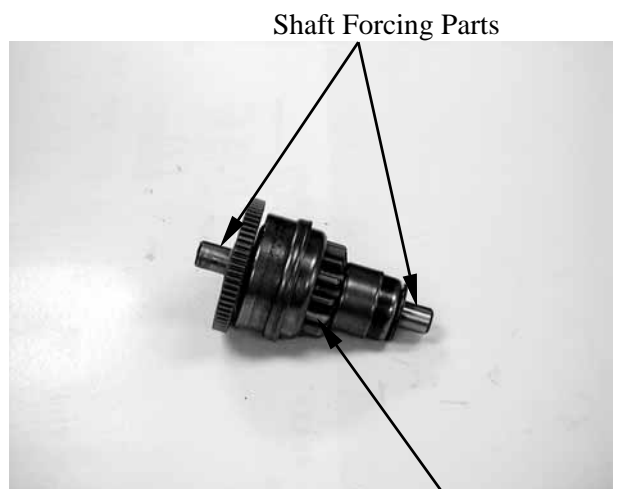
Inspect the starter pinion for smooth  
operation.

Inspect the starter pinion shaft forcing parts  
for wear and damage.

#### INSTALLATION

Apply a small amount of grease to the starter  
pinion teeth.

Install the starter pinion in the reverse order  
of removal.



Starter Pinion

## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY REMOVAL

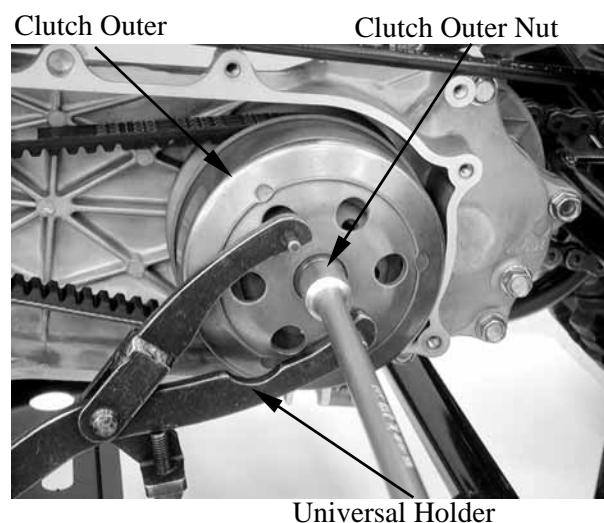
Remove the drive pulley. (⇒9-9)

Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the clutch outer nut

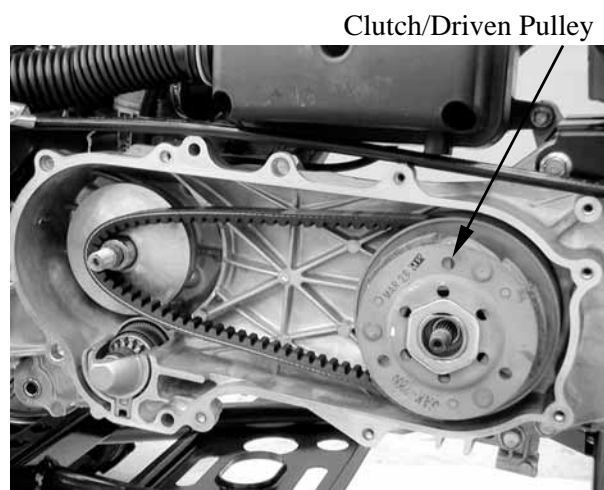
Remove the clutch outer.

#### Special tool:

Universal holder    A120E00017



Remove the clutch/driven pulley.  
Remove the drive belt from the clutch/driven pulley.

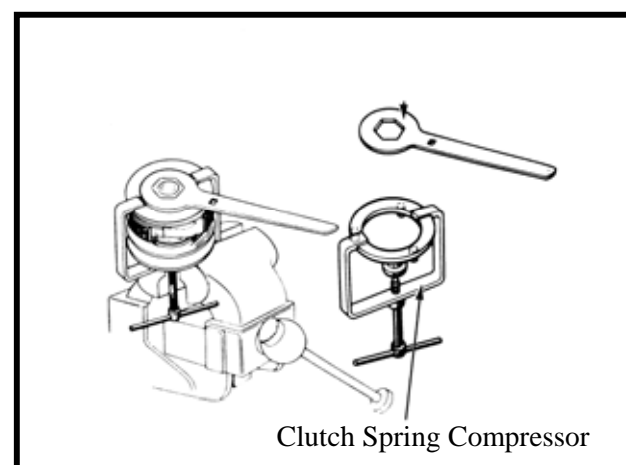


### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY DIS- ASSEMBLY

Compress the clutch/driven pulley spring with the clutch spring compressor and remove the 39 mm (1.56 in) drive plate nut.  
Remove the driven face spring.

#### Special tool:

Clutch spring compressor    A120E00034



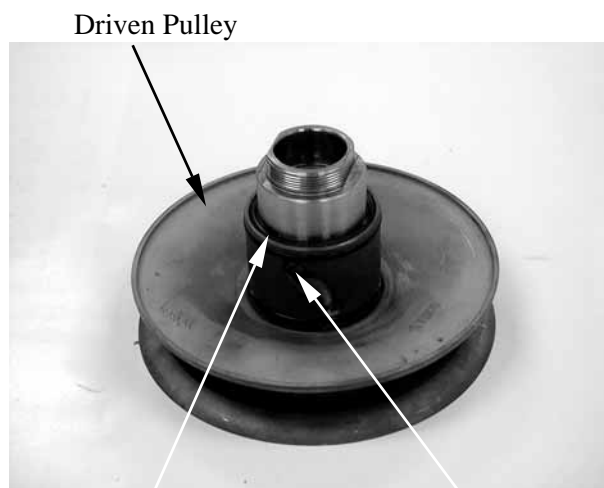
## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Remove the seal collar.



Seal Collar

Pull out the guide roller pins from the driven pulley and then remove the O-rings and oil seal from the driven pulley.



O-rings

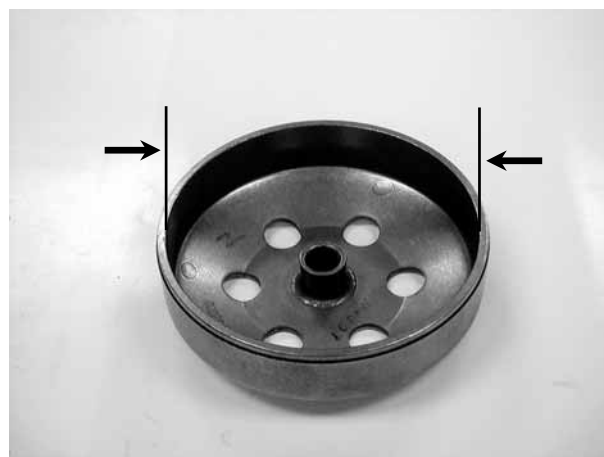
Guide Roller Pin

### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY INSPECTION

Inspect the clutch outer for wear or damage.  
Measure the clutch outer I.D.

**Service Limit:**

107.5 mm (4.3 in) replace if over



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Check the clutch shoes for wear or damage.  
Measure the clutch lining thickness.

**Service Limit:**

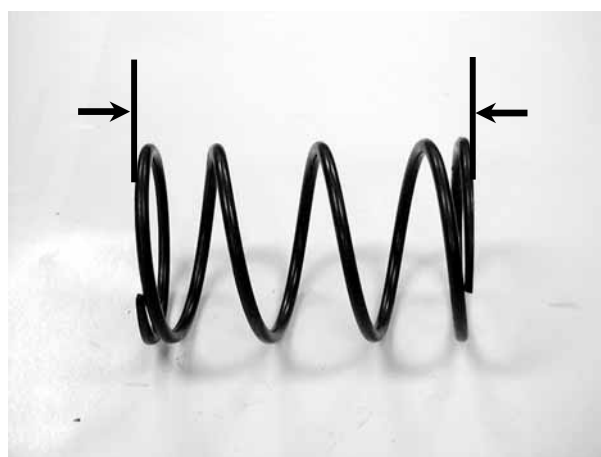
2 mm (0.08 in) replace if below



Measure the driven face spring free length.

**Service Limit:**

92.8 mm (3.712) replace if below



Check the driven face assembly for wear or damage.

Measure the driven face O.D.

**Service Limit:**

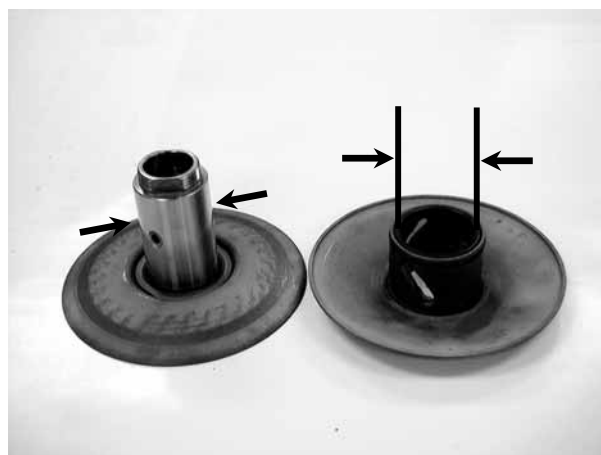
33.94 mm (1.3576 in) replace if below

Check the movable driven face for wear or damage.

Measure the movable driven face I.D.

**Service Limit:**

34.4 mm (1.376 in) replace if over



Check the guide roller pins for stepped wear.



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

### DRIVEN PULLEY FACE BEARING REPLACEMENT

Check the needle bearings in the driven face and replace them if they have excessive play, damage or abnormal noise.

Drive the inner bearing out of the driven pulley face.

Inner Bearing



Remove the snap ring and drive the outer bearing out of the driven face.



Outer Bearing

Drive a new outer bearing into the driven face with the sealed end facing up.

Seat the snap ring in its groove.

**\***

Pack all bearing cavities with 6 g (0.02 lb) grease.

Specified grease:

230°C Heat-resistant grease

Bearing Outer Driver



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

Drive in a new needle bearing into the driven face with the mark facing up

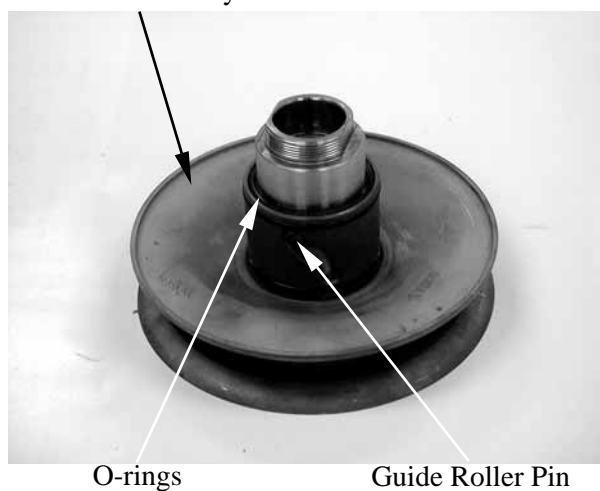
Bearing Driver Pilot



### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY

First install the movable driven face onto the driven face. Then, install the guide roller pins, O-rings and a new oil seal.

Driven Pulley



Install the seal collar.



## 9. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

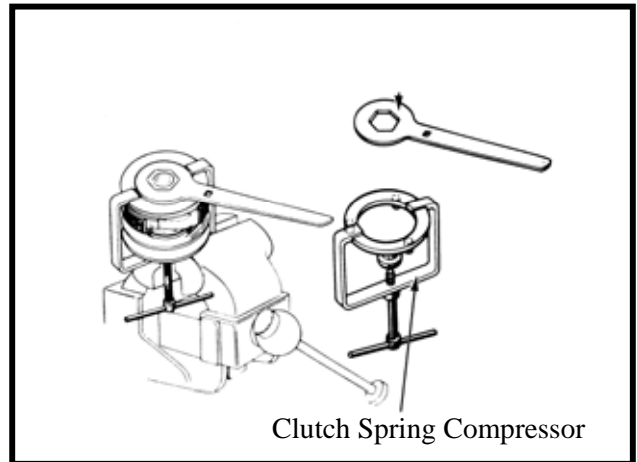
Set the driven pulley, driven face spring and clutch assembly onto the clutch spring compressor. Compress the tool and install the 39 mm (1.56 in) drive plate nut.

Tighten the 39 mm (1.56 in) nut to the specified torque.

**Torque:** 5.5 kgf-m (55 N-m, 39.6 lbf-ft)

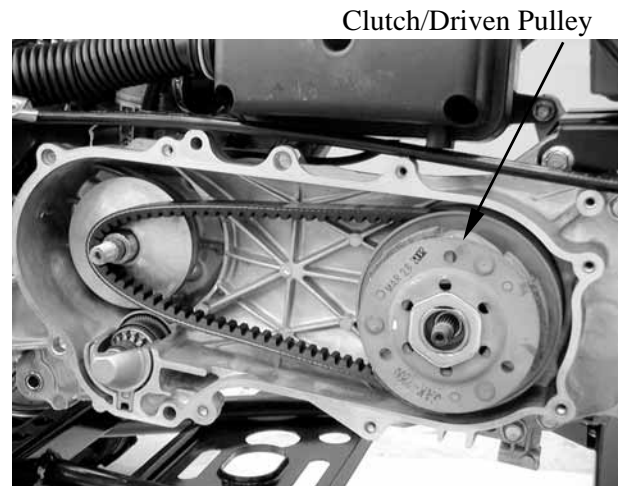
**Special tool:**

**Clutch spring compressor**      **A120E00034**



### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY INSTALLATION

Install the drive belt on the clutch/driven pulley and then install the clutch/driven pulley onto the drive shaft.



Install the clutch outer.

Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder.

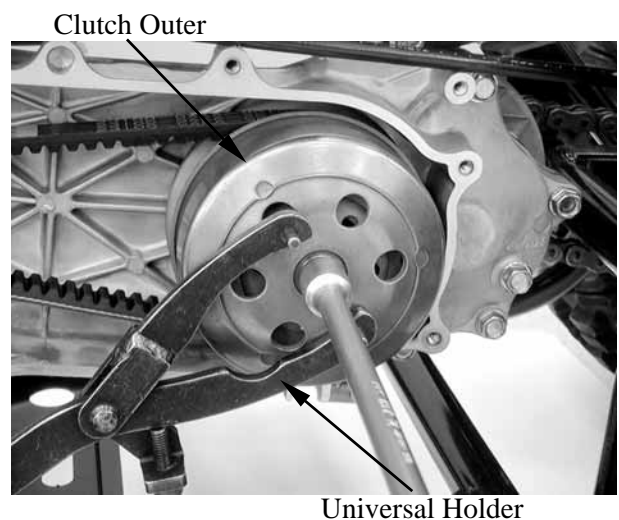
Install and tighten the clutch outer nut.

**Torque:** 3.8 kg-m (38 N-m, 27.4 lbf-ft)

**Special tool:**

**Universal holder**      **A120E00017**

Install the left crankcase cover. (⇒9-6)



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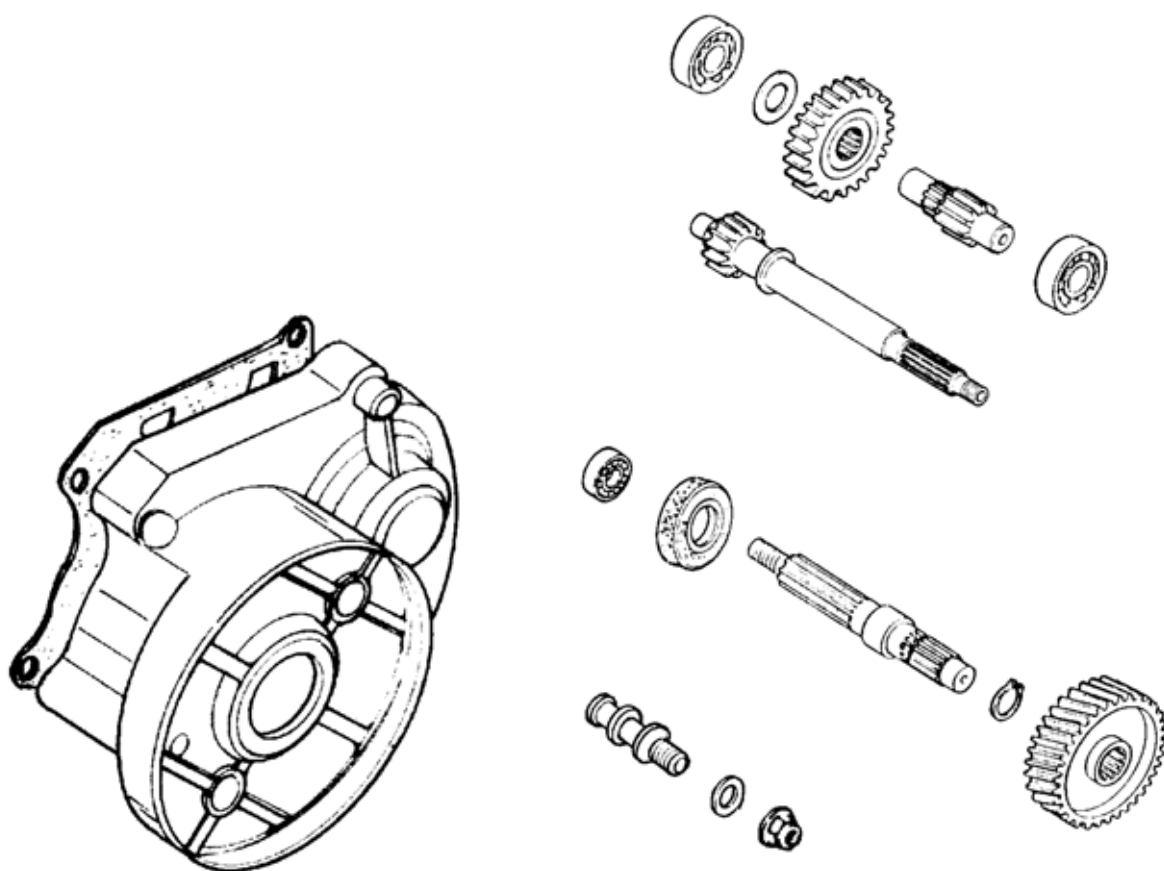
## **FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)**

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SERVICE INFORMATION .....	10-2
TROUBLESHOOTING .....	10-2
FINAL REDUCTION DISASSEMBLY .....	10-3
FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION .....	10-3
FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY .....	10-6

# 10. FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)

ATV 50



## **10. FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)**

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### **SERVICE INFORMATION**

Specified Oil: SAE90#

At disassembly: 0.12 liter (0.11 Imp qt, 0.13 Us qt)

At change: 0.09 liter (0.08 Imp qt, 0.1 Us qt)

### **SPECIAL TOOLS**

Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014

Bearing puller A120E00037

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### **Engine starts but motorcycle won't move**

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission

#### **Abnormal noise**

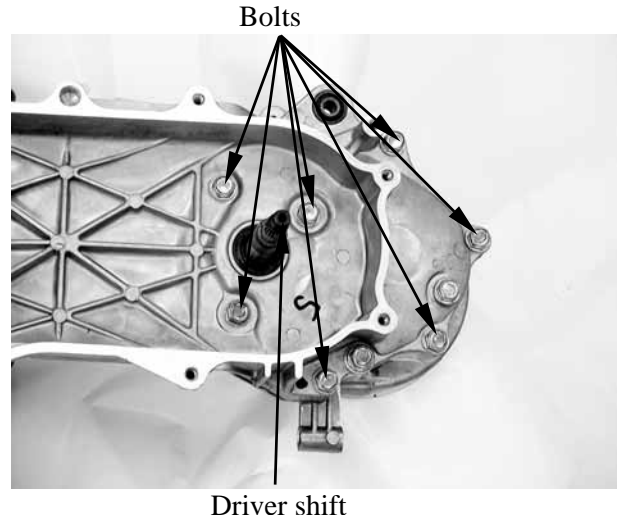
- Worn, seized or chipped gears
- Worn bearing

#### **Oil leaks**

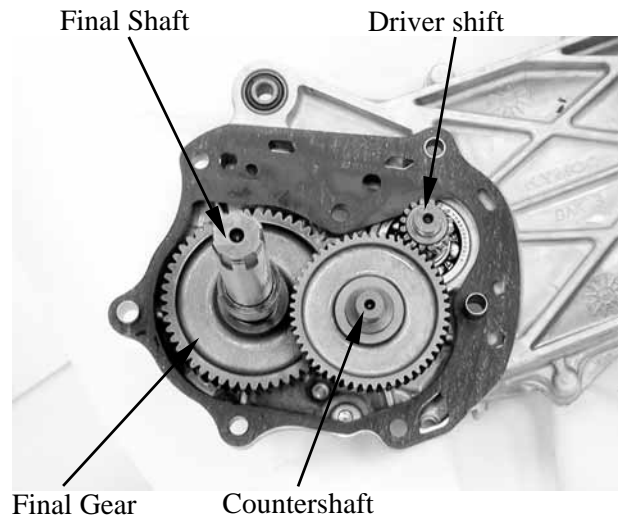
- Oil level too high
- Worn or damaged oil seal

## FINAL REDUCTION DISASSEMBLY

Remove the left crankcase cover. (⇒9-3)  
 Remove the clutch/driven pulley. (⇒9-12)  
 Drain the transmission gear oil into a clean container. (⇒3-8)  
 Remove the transmission case cover attaching bolts.  
 Remove the transmission case cover.  
 Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



Remove the final gear and countershaft.



## FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION

Inspect the countershaft and gear for wear or damage.



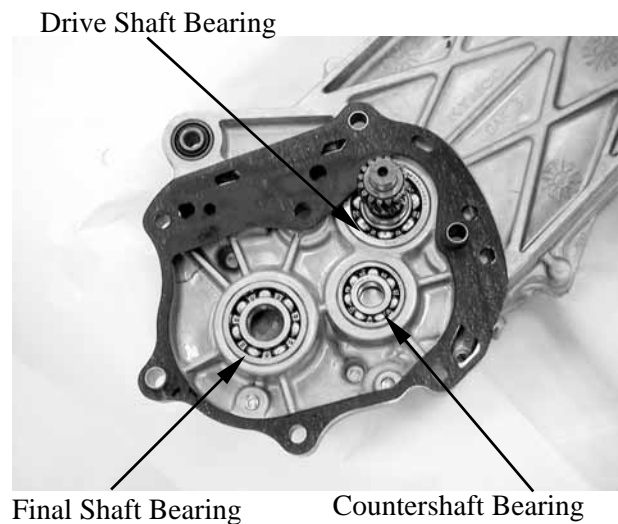
## 10. FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)

ATV 50

Inspect the final gear and final shaft for wear, damage or seizure.



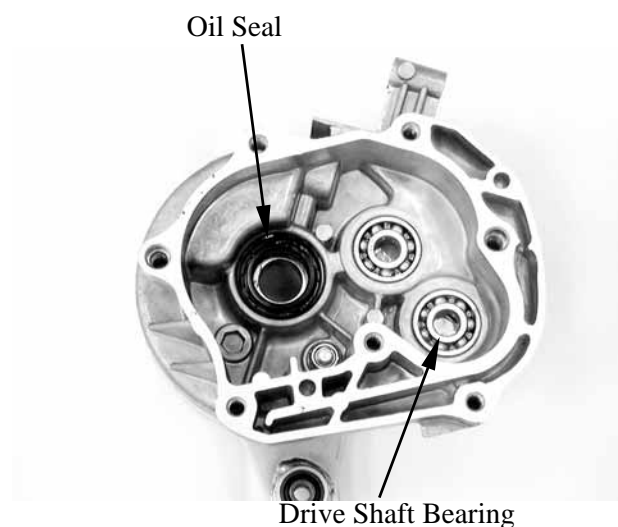
Check the left crankcase bearings for excessive play and inspect the oil seal for wear or damage.



Inspect the drive shaft and gear for wear or damage.  
Check the transmission case cover bearings for excessive play and inspect the final shaft bearing oil seal for wear or damage.

\*

Do not remove the transmission case cover except for necessary part replacement. When replacing the drive shaft, also replace the bearing and oil seal.





## 10. FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)

ATV 50

### BEARING REPLACEMENT (Transmission Case Cover)

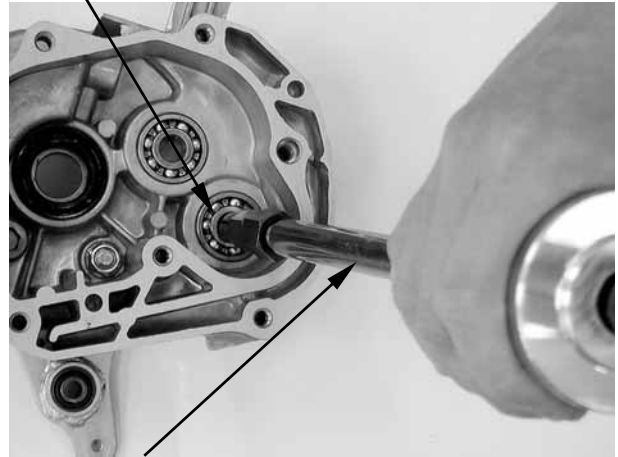
Remove the transmission case cover bearings using the bearing remover.

Remove the final shaft oil seal.

#### Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037

Drive Shaft Bearing



Bearing Remover Set

Drive new bearings into the transmission case cover.

#### Special tool:

Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014

Bearing Outer Driver Handle



### BEARING REPLACEMENT (Left Crankcase Cover)

Remove the drive shaft.

Remove the drive shaft oil seal.

Remove the left crankcase bearings using the bearing remover.

#### Special tool:

Bearing puller A120E00037



Bearing Remover Set, 15mm

## 10. FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)

ATV 50

Drive new bearings into the left crankcase.  
Install a new drive shaft oil seal.

### Special tool:

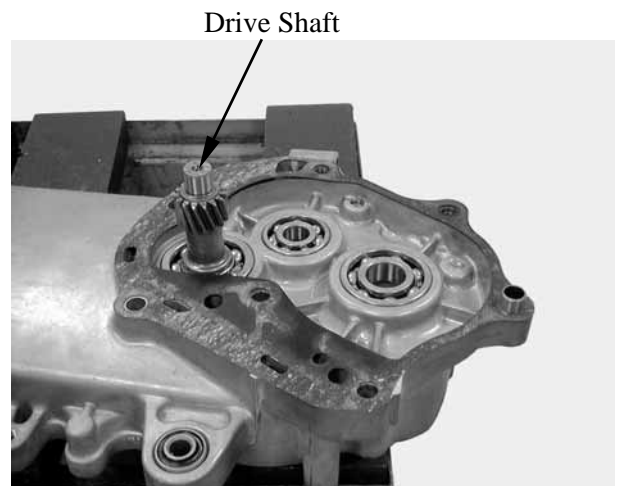
Oil seal and bearing installer    A120E00014



Bearing Outer Driver

### FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY

Install the drive shaft into the left crankcase.



Drive Shaft

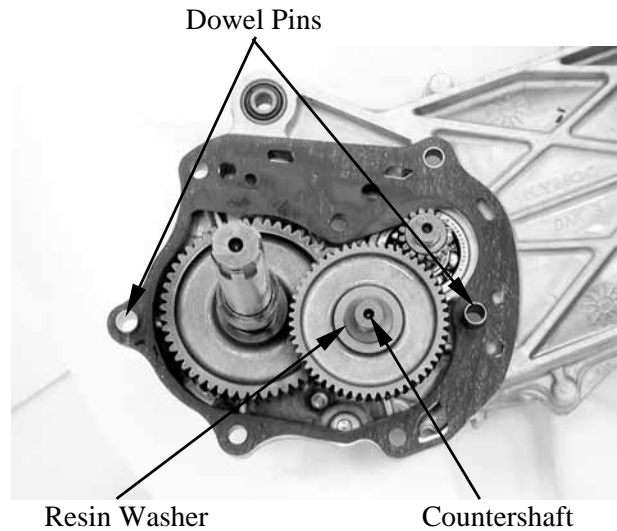
Install the final gear and final shaft into the left crankcase.



## 10. FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)

ATV 50

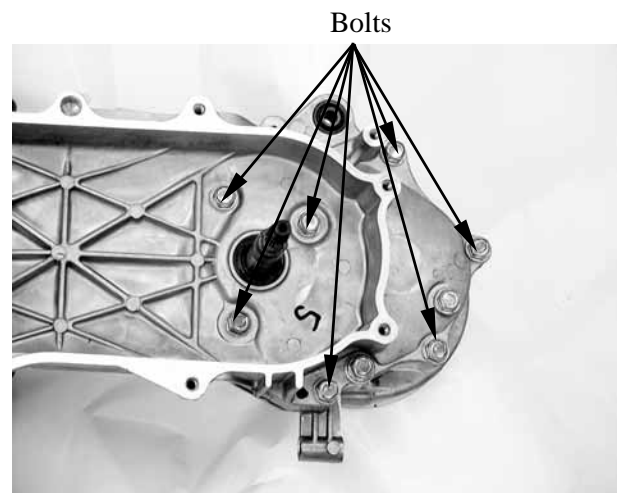
Install the countershaft and gear into the left crankcase.  
 Install the resin washer onto the countershaft.  
 Install the dowel pins and a new gasket.



Install the transmission case cover.



Install and tighten the transmission case cover bolts.  
 Install the clutch/driven pulley. (⇒9-17)  
 Install other removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



## 10. FINAL REDUCTION (MXU 50/MX'ER 50)

ATV 50

After installation, fill the transmission case with the specified oil.

★

- Place the motorcycle on its main stand on level ground.
- Check the sealing washer for wear or damage.

**Specified Gear Oil:** SAE90#

**Oil Capacity:**

**at disassembly:**

0.12 liter (0.11 Imp qt, 0.13 Us qt)

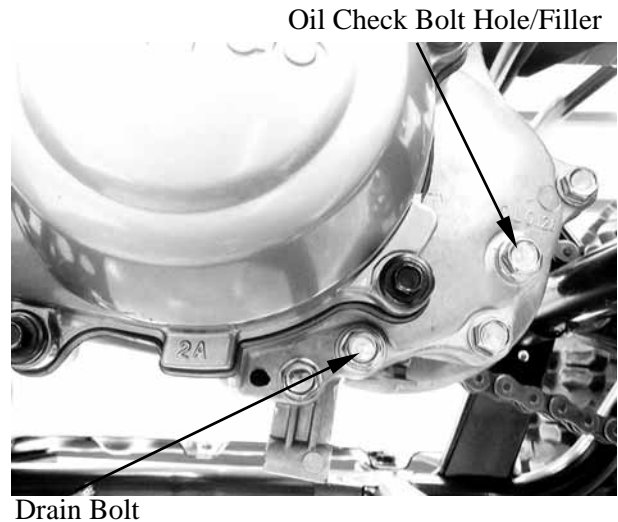
**at change:**

0.09 liter (0.08 Imp qt, 0.1 Us qt)

Install and tighten the oil check bolt.

**Torque:** 1.3 kg-m (13 N-m, 9.4 lbf-ft)

Start the engine and check for oil leaks. Check the oil level from the oil check bolt hole and add the specified oil to the proper level if the oil level is low.



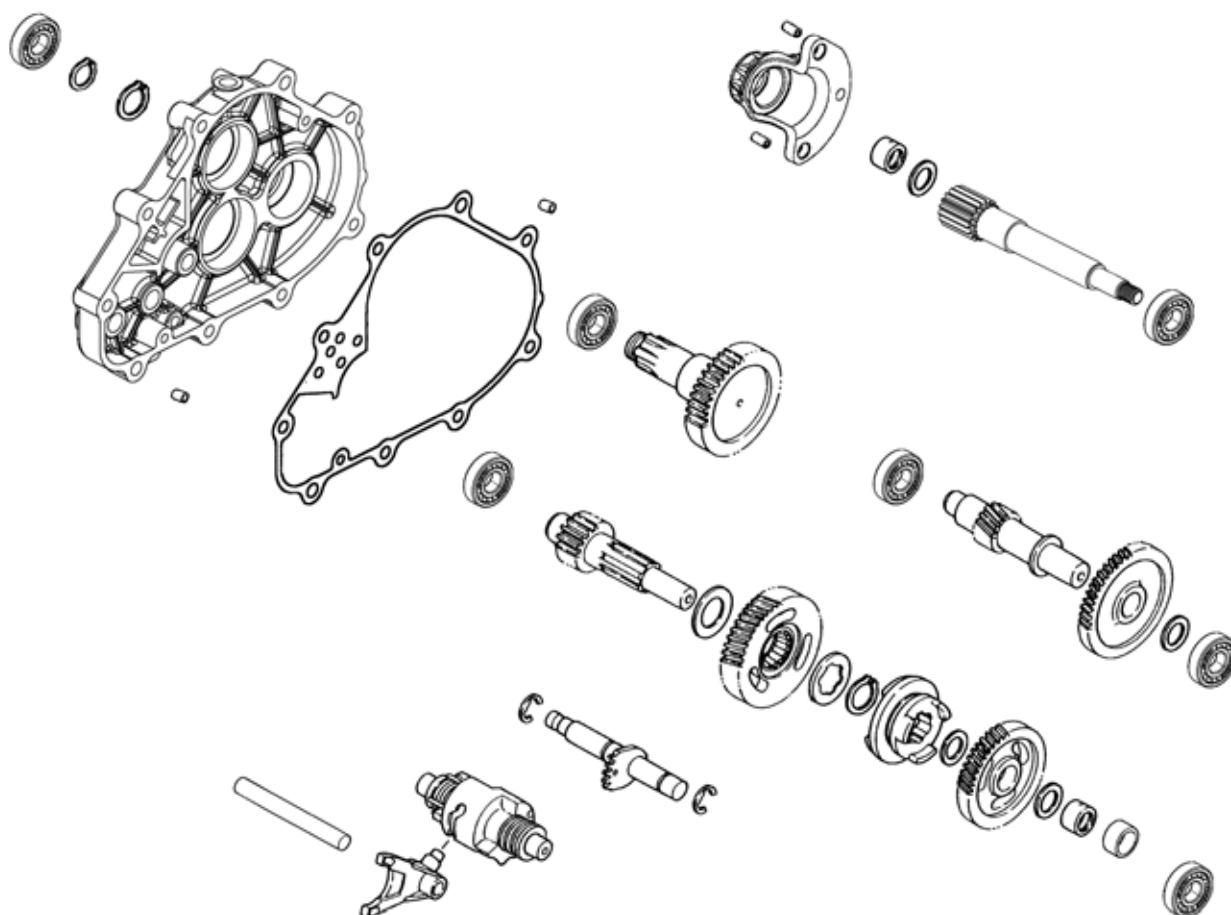
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**FINAL REDUCTION/TRANSMISSION SYSTEM  
(MXU 50 REVERSE)**

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SERVICE INFORMATION-----	11- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING-----	11- 2
TRANSMISSION CASE COVER-----	11- 3
TRANSMISSION-----	11- 6

## ATV 50



# 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

---



ATV 50

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The MXU 50 REVERSE transmission system can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Specified Oil: GEAR OIL SAE 90#

Oil Capacity:           At change           : 0.25 liter (0.22 imp qt, 0.26 US qt)  
                              At disassembly : 0.3 liter (0.26 imp qt, 0.32 US qt)

### TORQUE VALUES

Transmission case cover bolt   2.7 kgf-m (27 Nm, 20 lbf-ft)

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Oil seal & bearing driver	A120E00014
Bearing puller	A120E00037

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission

### Oil leaks

- Oil too rich
- Worn or damaged oil seal

# 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)



ATV 50

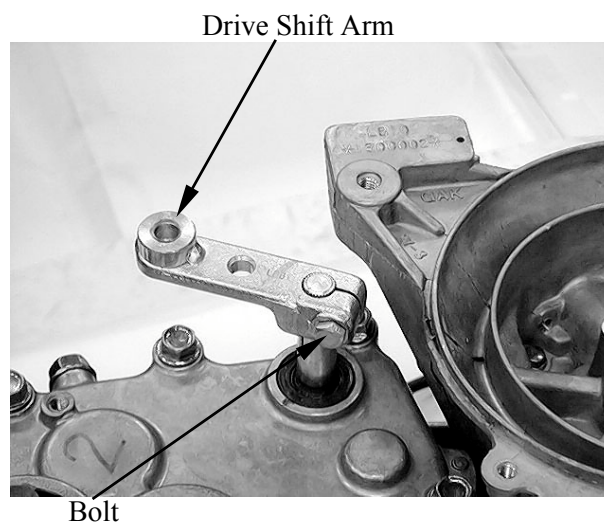
## TRANSMISSION CASE COVER

### REMOVAL

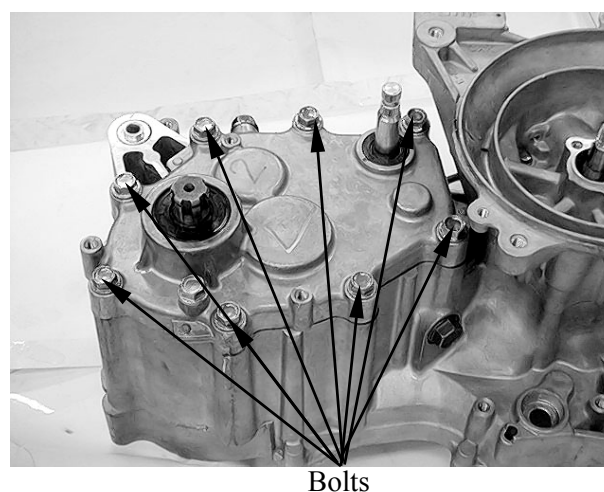
Drain transmission gear oil into a clean container. (Refer to the “TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT” section in the chapter 3)

Remove the three bolts and then remove the drive sprocket cover (see page 6-4).  
Remove the two bolts and then remove the washer and drive sprocket (see page 6-4).

Remove the bolt and then disconnect the drive shift arm from the shift shaft.

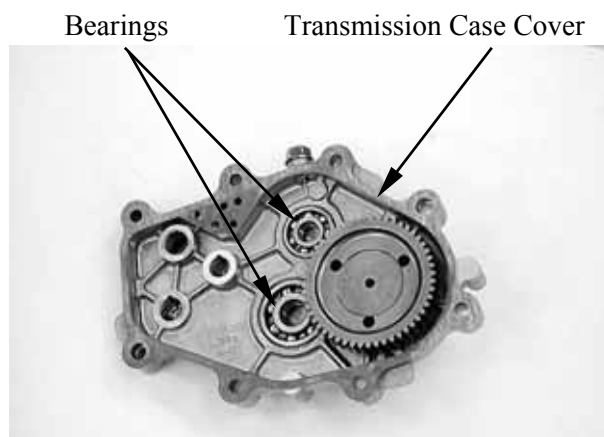


Remove eight bolts from transmission case cover.



Remove the transmission case cover, dowel pins and gasket.

Inspect the bearings for allow play in the transmission case cover or the bearings turn roughly.  
If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.





## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

Remove the transmission case cover bearings using the special tool.

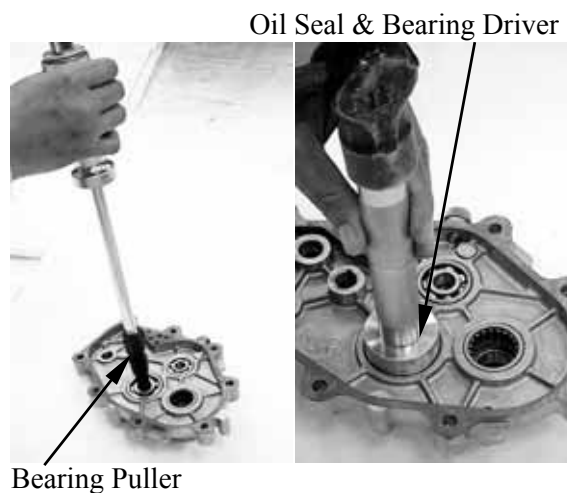
**Special tools:**

Bearing puller A120E00037

Install the new bearings using the special tool.

**Special tool:**

Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014



### TRANSMISSION CASE COVER DISASSEMBLY

Inspect the oil seal for wear or damage.

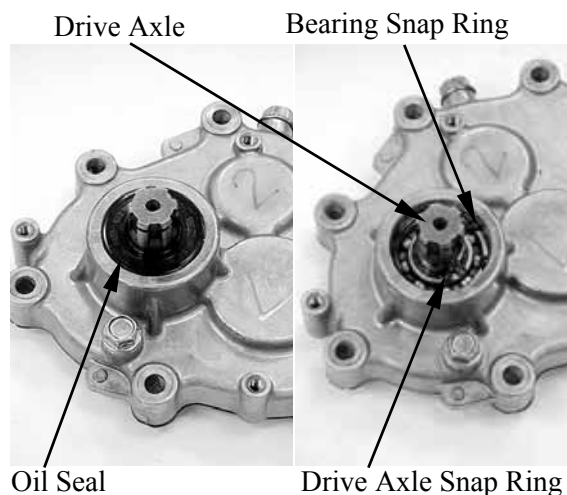
If any defects are found, replace the oil seal with a new one.

Remove the oil seal.

Remove the drive axle snap ring.

Remove the drive axle from the transmission case cover.

Remove the bearing snap ring for remove the bearing.



Inspect the bearing and needle bearing for allow play in the transmission case cover or the bearing turns roughly.

If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.

## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)



ATV 50

Inspect the drive axle gear teeth for wear or damage.



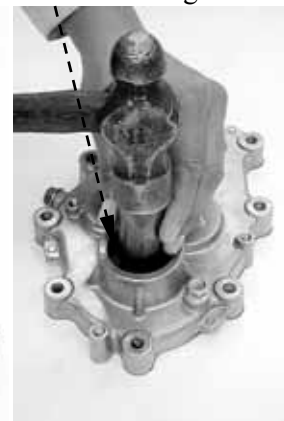
Remove the bearing from transmission case cover.

Remove the needle bearing from transmission case cover.

Bearing



Needle Bearing



### ASSEMBLY

Install a new needle bearing using the special tool.

#### Special tool:

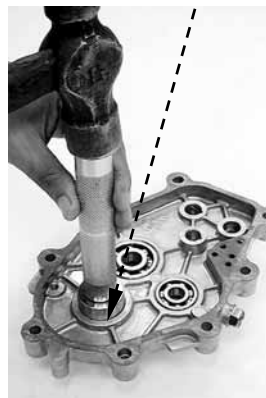
Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014

Install a new bearing using the special tool.

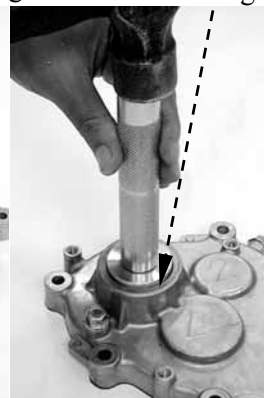
#### Special tool:

Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014

Needle Bearing

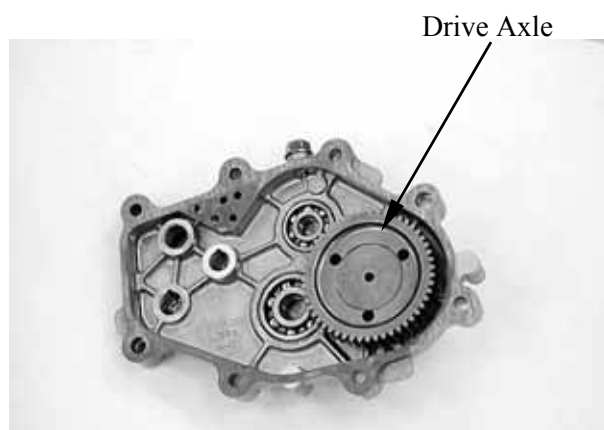


Bearing



## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

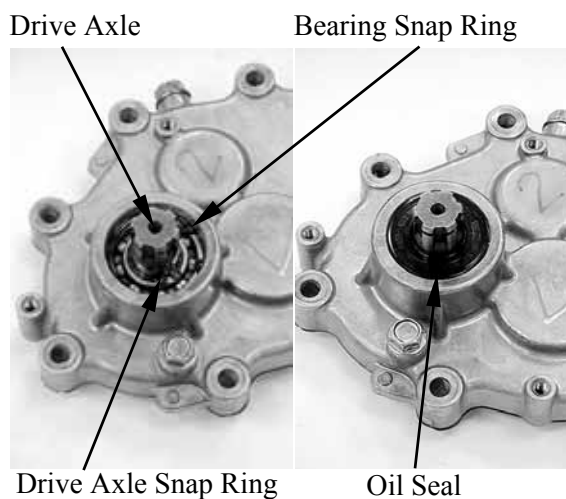
Install the drive axle.



Install the drive axle snap ring.  
Install the bearing snap ring.  
Install a new oil seal using the special tool.

**Special tool:**

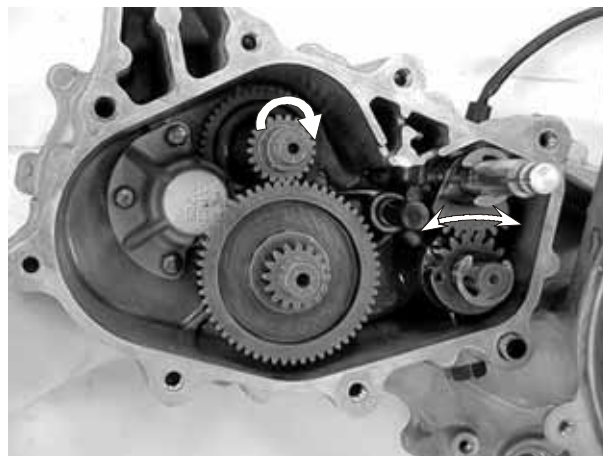
Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014



### TRANSMISSION REMOVAL

Remove the transmission cover. (Refer to the “TRANSMISSION CASE COVER REMOVAL” in the chapter 11)

Check the transmission operation.  
Unsmooth operation → Repair.



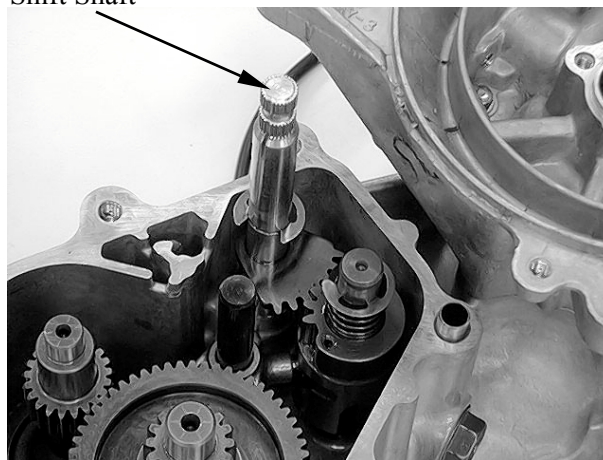
## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)



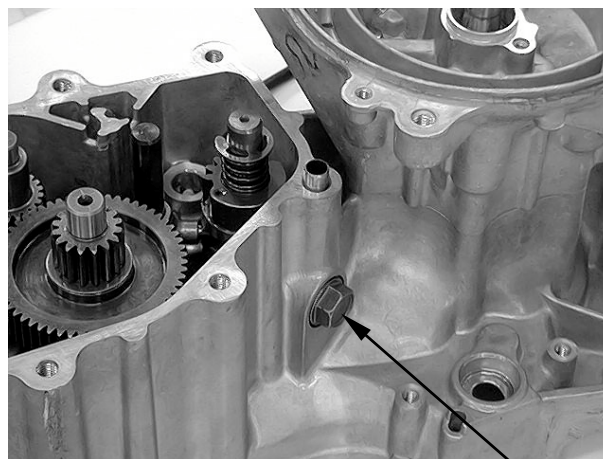
ATV 50

Remove the shift shaft.

Shift Shaft



Remove the stopper plug.

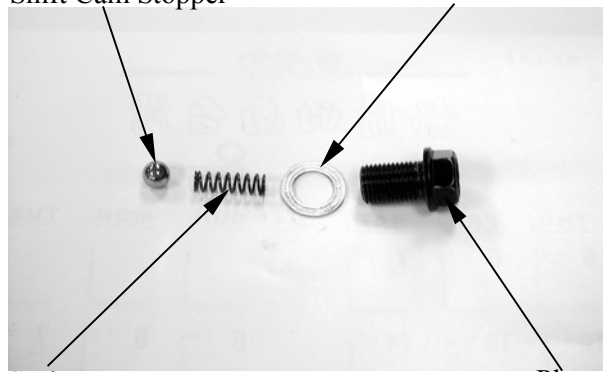


Stopper Plug

Remove spring, washer and shift cam stopper.

Shift Cam Stopper

Washer



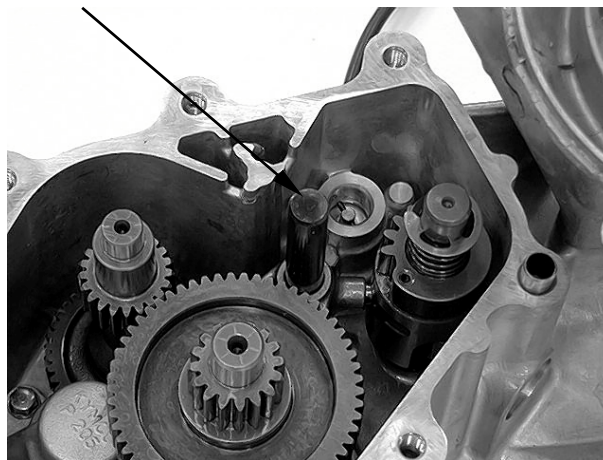
Spring

Plug

## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

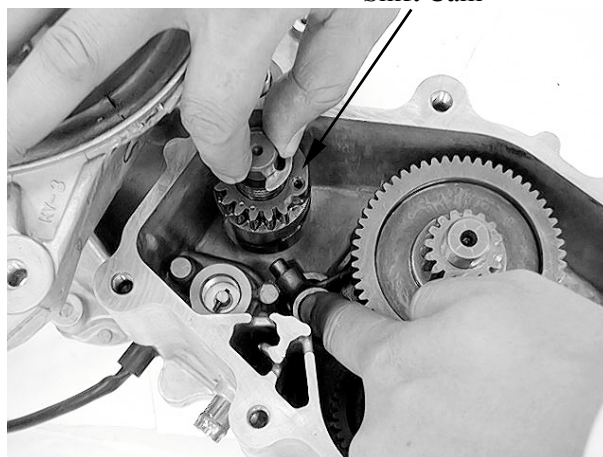
Remove the transmission guide bar.

Guide Bar



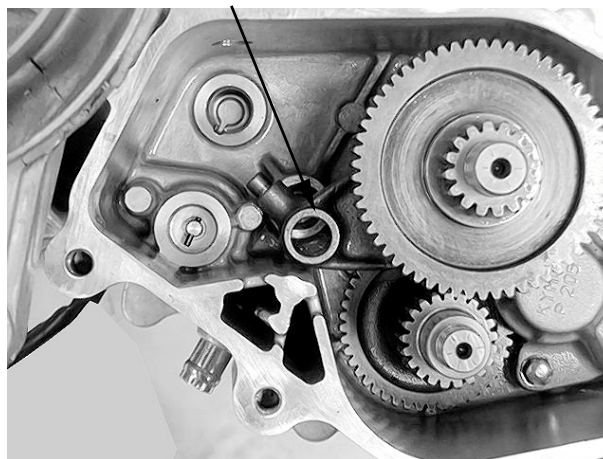
Remove shift cam.

Shift Cam



Remove the shift fork.

Shift Fork



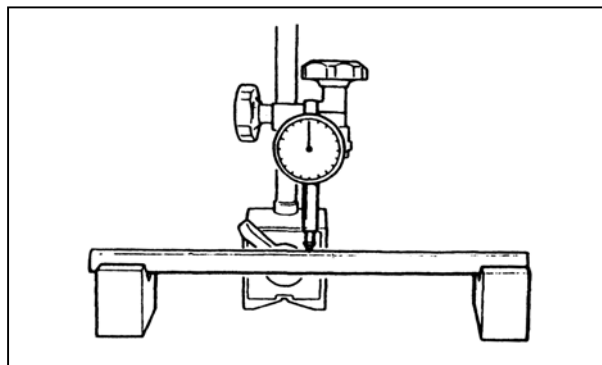
## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

Measure the guide bar runout.  
Out of specification → Replace.

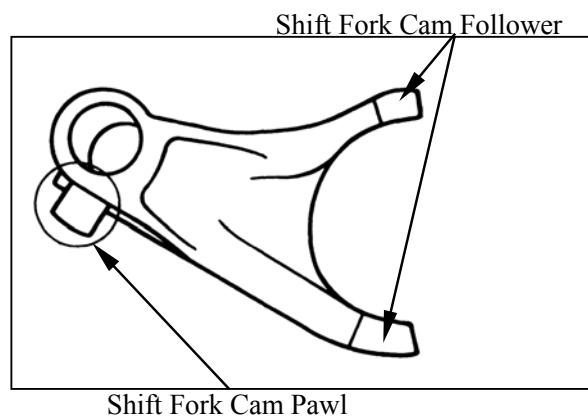
**Service Limit:**

**Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)**

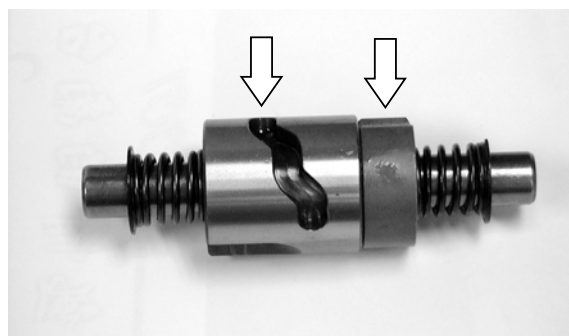
\* Do not attempt to straighten a bent guide bar.



Inspect the shift fork cam follower and shift fork pawl.  
Scoring/beads/wear → Replace.



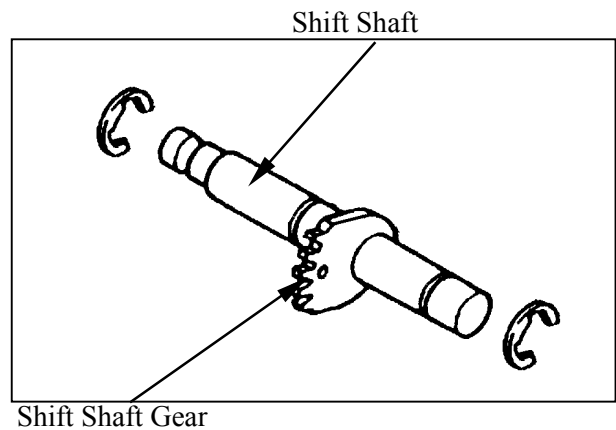
Check the shift cam groove and shift cam gear.  
Wear or damage → Replace.



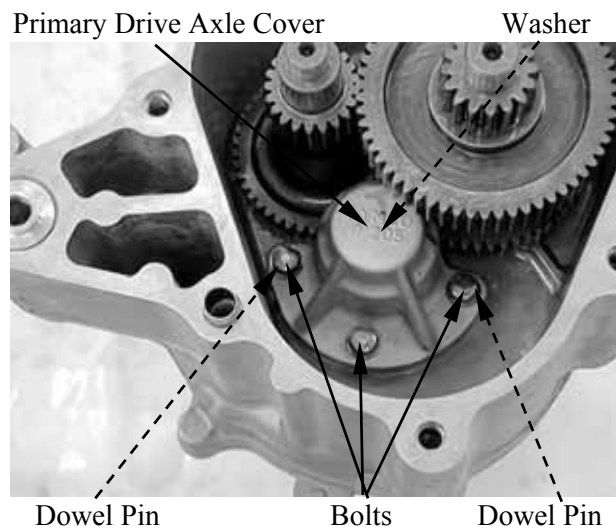


## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

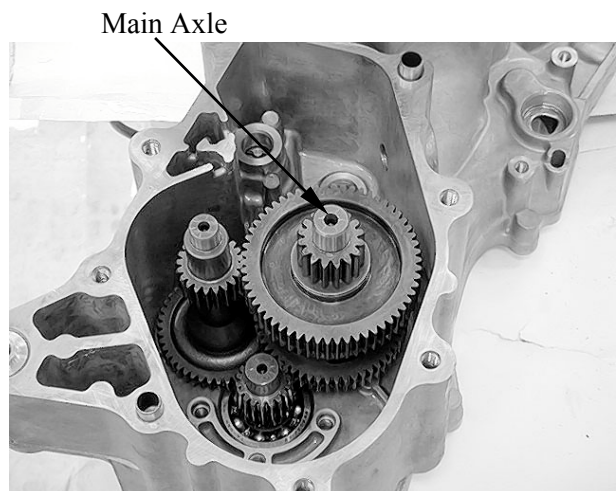
Inspect shift shaft gear.  
Damage → Replace.  
Inspect shift shaft.  
Damage/bends/wear → Replace.



Remove three bolts from primary drive axle cover.  
Remove the primary drive axle cover, dowel pins and washer.



Remove the main axle.



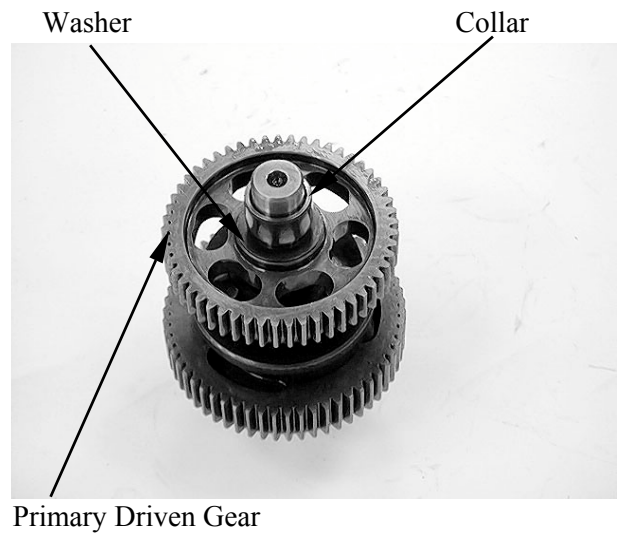
## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)



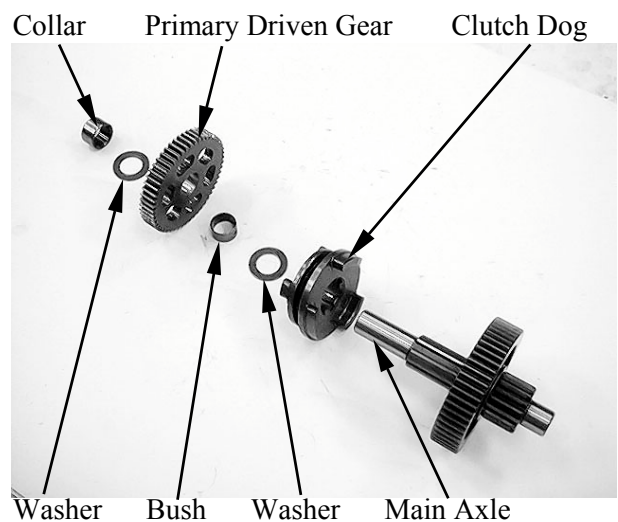
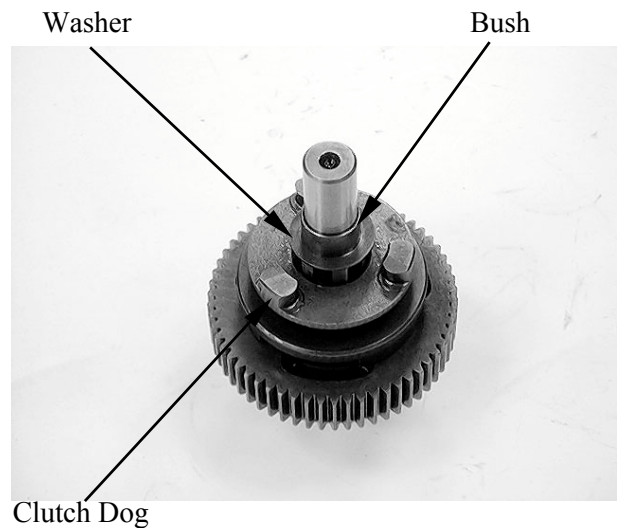
ATV 50

### MAIN AXLE DISASSEMBLY

Remove the collar, washers, primary driven gear.



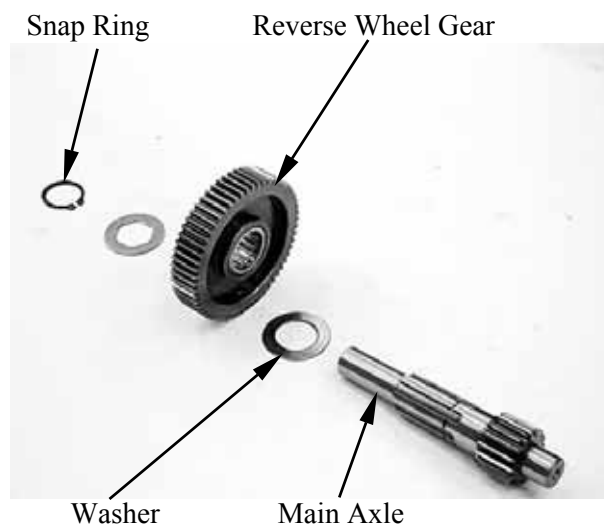
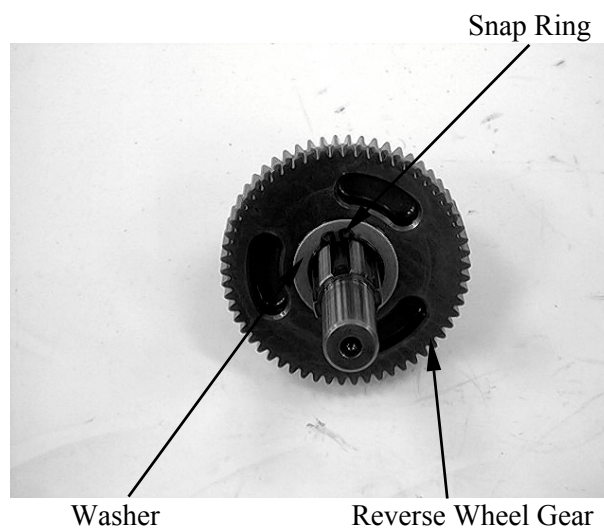
Remove the bush, washer and clutch dog.





## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

Remove the snap ring and then remove the washers, reverse wheel gear.

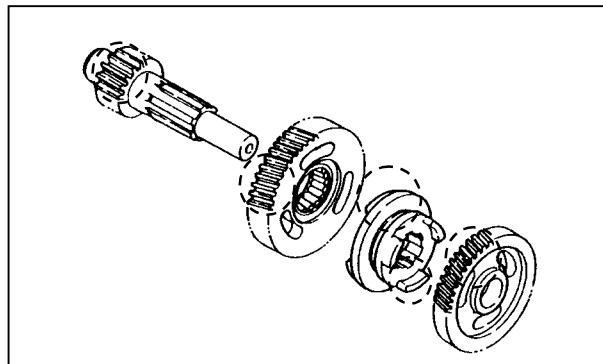


## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

Inspect the gear teeth.  
Blue discoloration/pitting/wear → Replace.

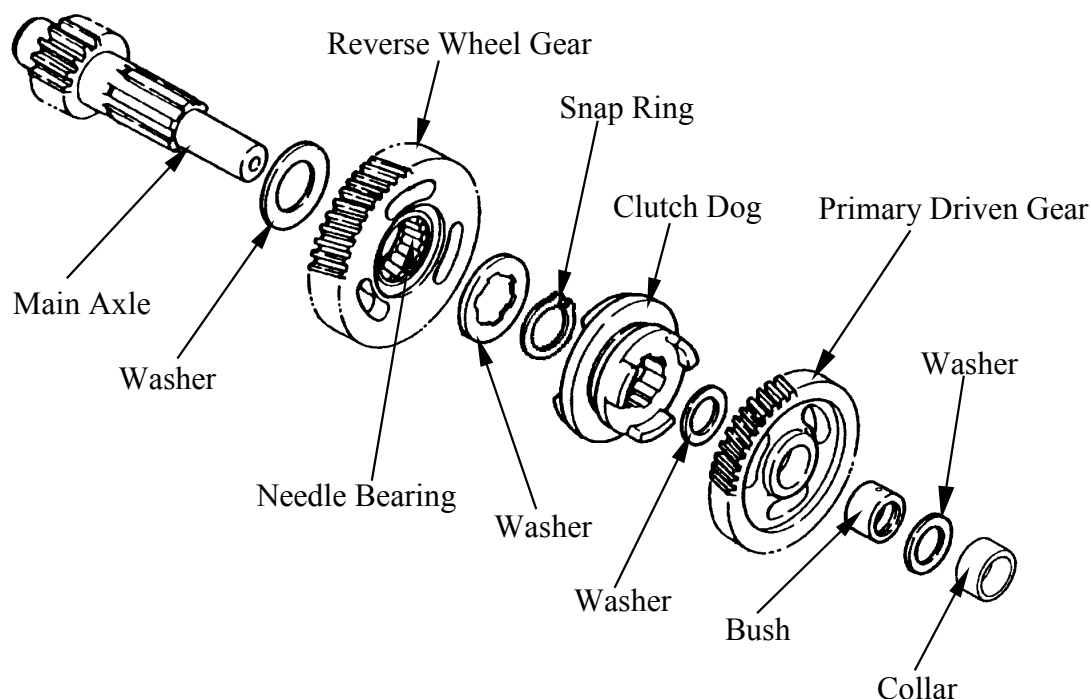
Inspect the mated dogs.  
Rounded edges/cracks/missing portions  
→ Replace.

Inspect the needle bearing for allow play in  
the reverse wheel gear or the bearing turns  
roughly.  
If any defects are found, replace the bearing  
with a new one.



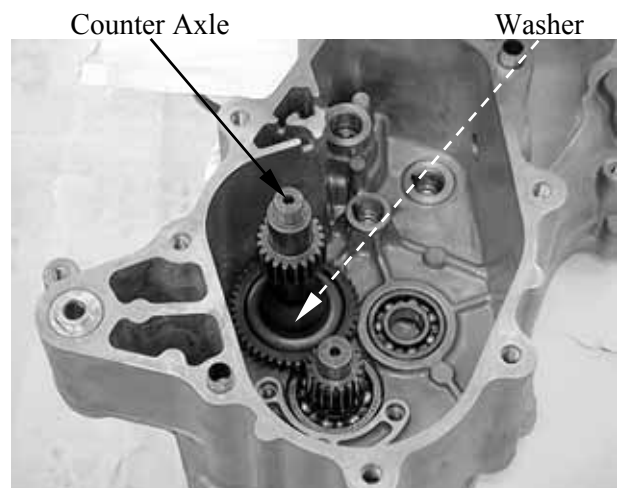
### MAIN AXLE ASSEMBLY

Reverse the “MAIN AXLE  
DISASSEMBLY” procedures.



## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

Remove the counter axle and washer.



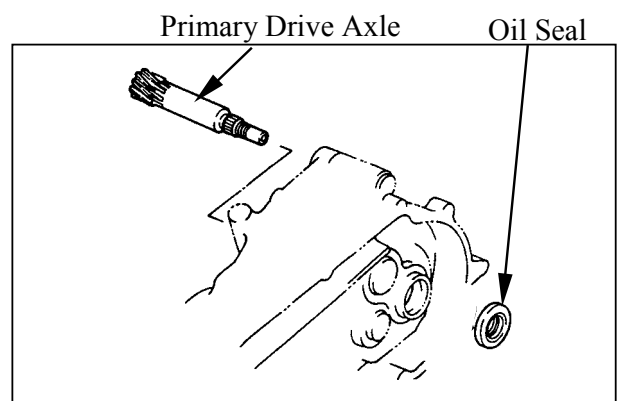
Inspect the gear teeth.  
Blue discoloration/pitting/wear → Replace.



### PRIMARY DRIVE AXLE REMOVAL

Remove the clutch/driven pulley. (Refer to the chapter 9)

Remove the oil seal.  
Remove the primary drive axle.



## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)



ATV 50

Inspect the bearings for allow play in the transmission case or the bearing turns roughly.

If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.

Remove the transmission case cover bearings using the special tool.

### Special tools:

Bearing puller A120E00037

Install the new bearings using the special tool.

### Special tool:

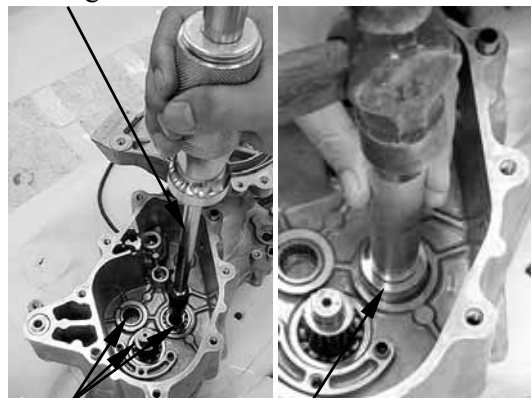
Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014

If the bearing is left on the drive axle, remove it with the special tool.

### Special tool:

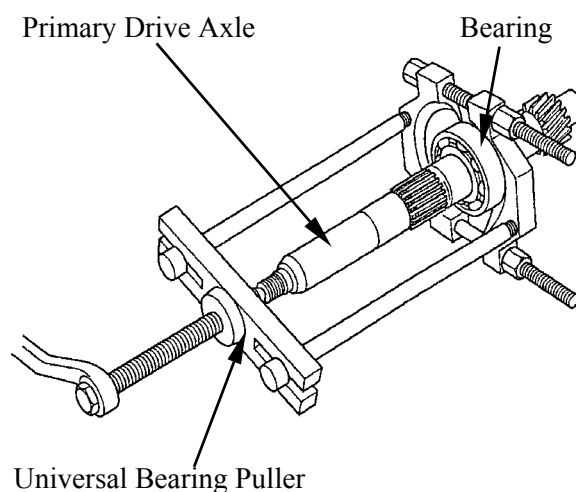
Universal bearing puller A120E00030

Bearing Puller



Bearings

Oil Seal & Bearing Drdriver



Needle Bearing



Inspect the needle bearing for allow play in the transmission case or the bearing turns roughly.

If any defects are found, replace the bearing with a new one.

## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

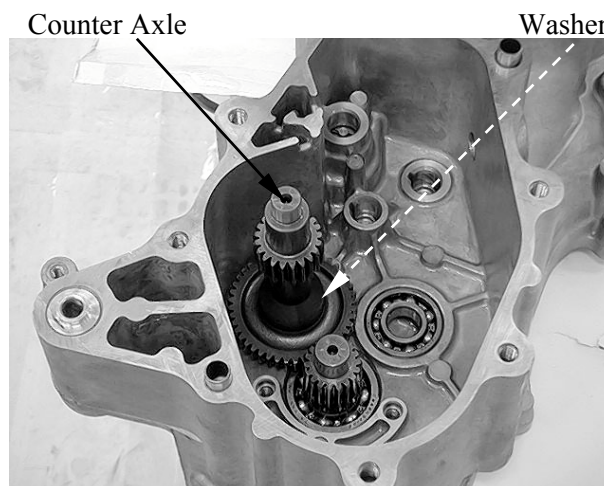
### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “TRANSMISSION REVOVAL” section procedures.

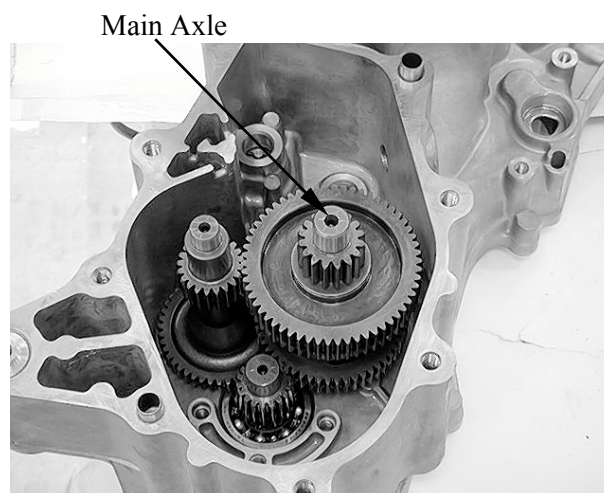
Install the main drive axle. (Reverse the “MAIN DRIVE AXLE” procedures.)

Install the washer and counter axle.

Install the main axle washer.



Install the main axle.

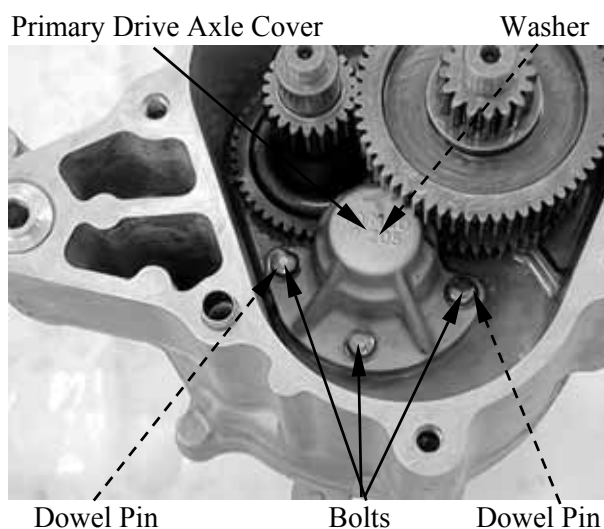


Install the two dowel pins.

Install the washer onto the primary drive axle.

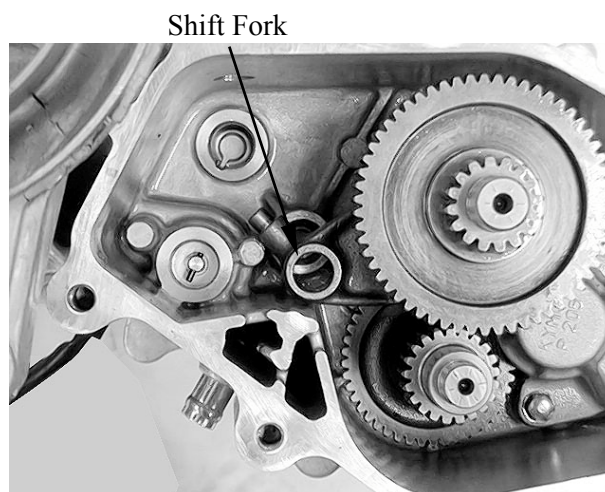
Install the primary drive axle cover.

Install and tighten the three bolts securely.

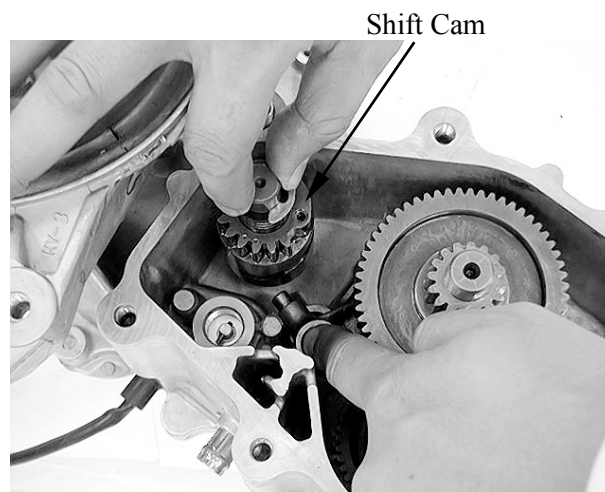


## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

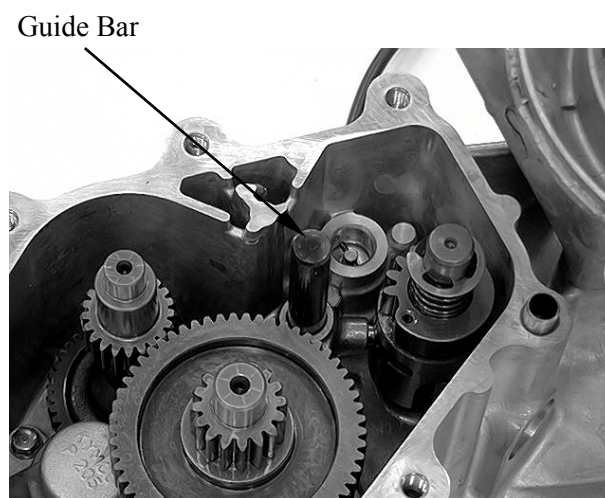
Install the shift fork.



Install the shift cam.



Install the guide bar.

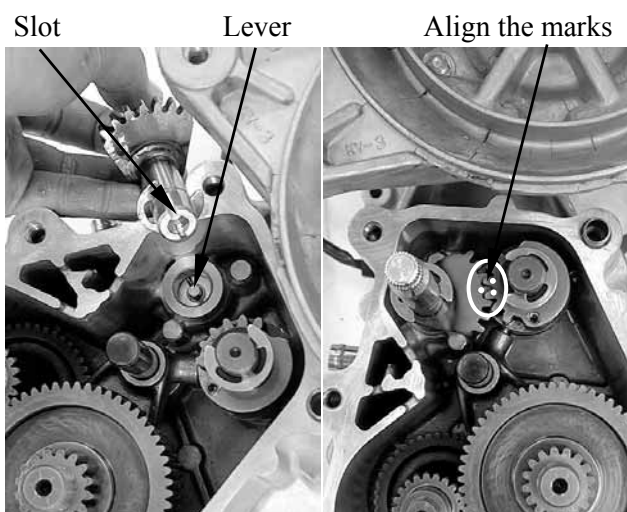




## 11.FINAL REDUCTION/ TRANSMISSION SYSTEM (MXU 50 REVERSE)

Install the shift shaft.

- \* Make sure that the lever on the gear change switch correctly engages with the locating slot on the shift shaft.  
Align the mark on the shift shaft gear with the mark on the shift cam gear.

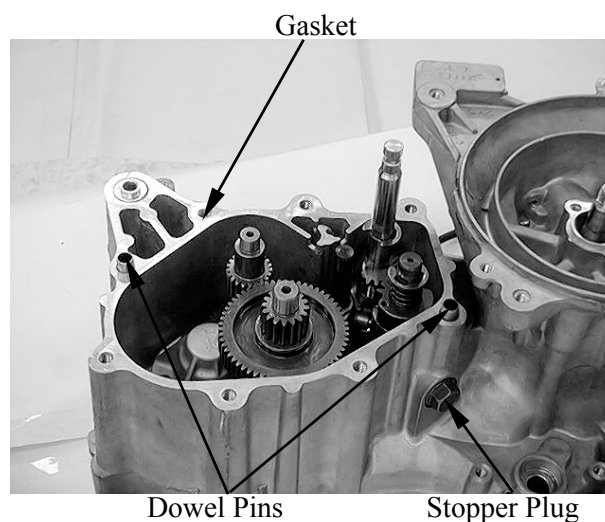


Install the shift cam stopper and tighten the plug.

**Torque:** 4.8 kgf-m (48 Nm, 35 lbf-ft)

Check the transmission operation (see page 11-6).

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket onto the transmission case.



Install the transmission case cover and tighten the transmission case cover bolts.

**Torque:** 2.7 kgf-m (27 Nm, 20 lbf-ft)

Fill the engine with oil and install the oil filler bolt. (Refer to the "TRANSMISSION OIL REPLACEMENT" section in the chapter 3)

**Specified Gear Oil:**  
**KYMCO SIGMA GEAR OIL 90#**

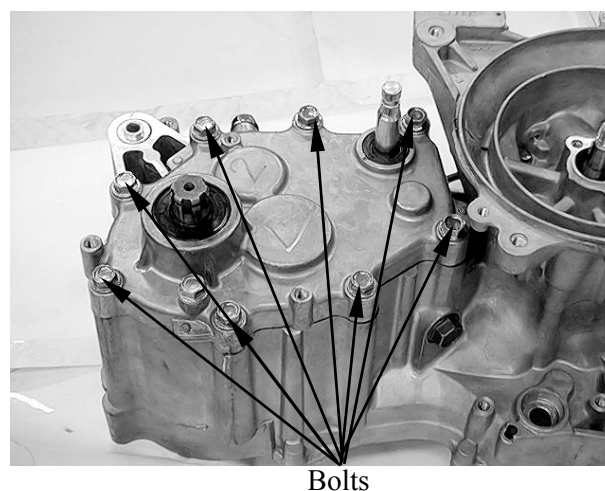
**Oil Capacity:**

**At disassembly:**

0.3 liter (0.26 imp qt, 0.32 US qt)

**At change:**

0.25 liter (0.22 imp qt, 0.26 US qt)



# 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

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## CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

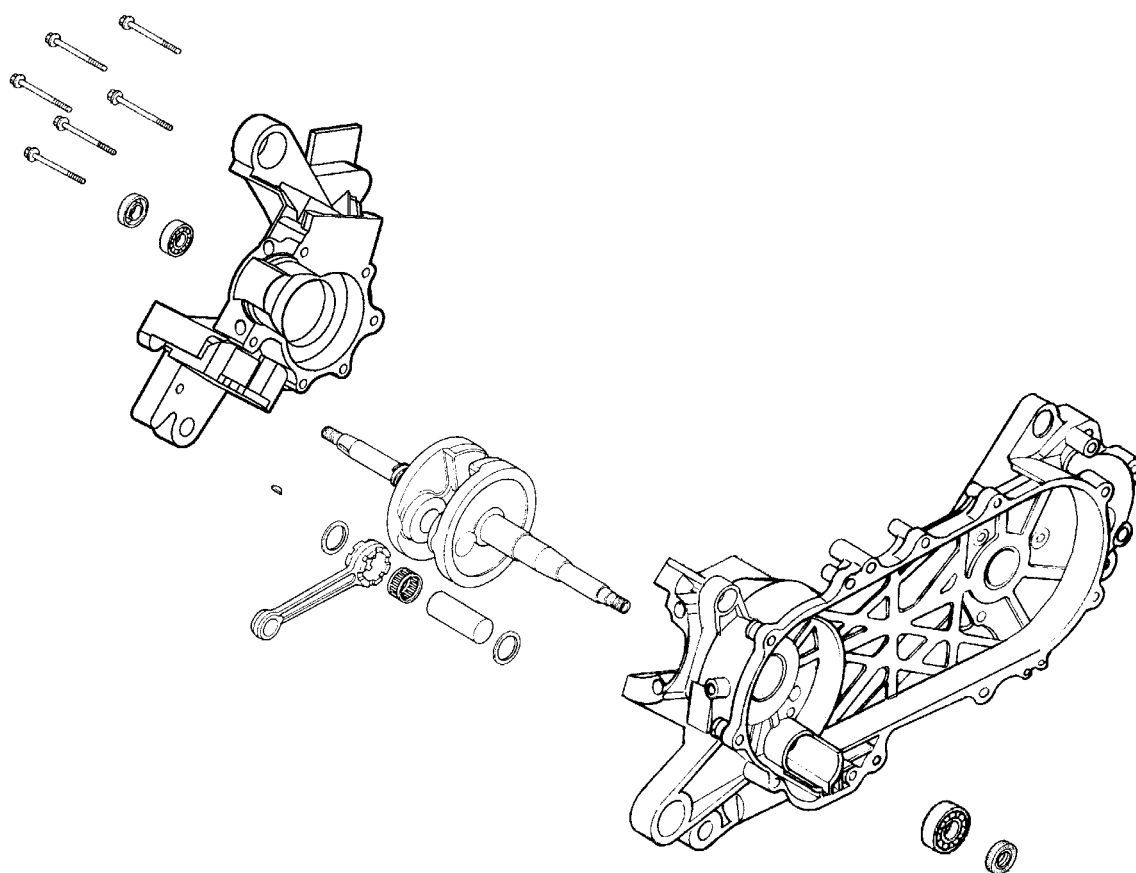
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SERVICE INFORMATION .....	12-2
TROUBLESHOOTING .....	12-2
CRANKCASE SEPARATION .....	12-3
CRANKSHAFT REMOVAL.....	12-3
CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION .....	12-4
CRANKSHAFT INSTALLATION .....	12-5
CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY.....	12-7



## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

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## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This section covers crankcase separation to service the crankshaft.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.
 

Engine (⇒Section 6)	Driven pulley (⇒Section 9)
Carburetor (⇒Section 5)	A.C. generator (⇒Section 8)
Oil pump (⇒Section 4)	Cylinder head/cylinder (⇒Section 7)
Reed valve (⇒Section 5)	
- When the left crankcase must be replaced, remove the following part in addition to the above.  
Final reduction removal
- Special tools must be used for crankshaft and crankcase assembly. When separating the crankcase, the bearing will remain in the crankcase and it should be removed. When assembling, drive a new bearing into the crankcase and install a new oil seal.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

mm (in)

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Connecting rod big end side clearance	—	0.6 (0.024)
Connecting rod big end radial clearance	—	0.04 (0.0016)
Crankshaft runout A/B	—	0.15 (0.006)/0.1 (0.004)

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Crankcase puller	A120E00026
Universal bearing puller	A120E00030
Crankcase assembly tool (left crankcase)	A120E00024
Crankcase assembly tool (right crankcase)	A120E00016
Oil seal & bearing driver	A120E00014

### TROUBLESHOOTING

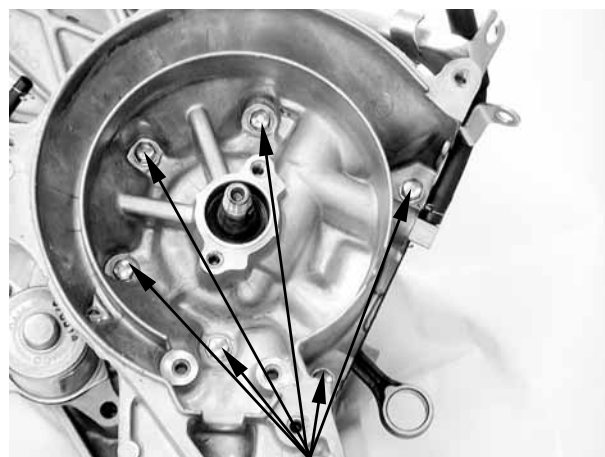
#### Abnormal engine noise

- Excessive crank journal bearing play
- Excessive crankpin bearing play
- Excessive transmission bearing play

## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

### CRANKCASE SEPARATION

Remove the crankcase attaching bolts.

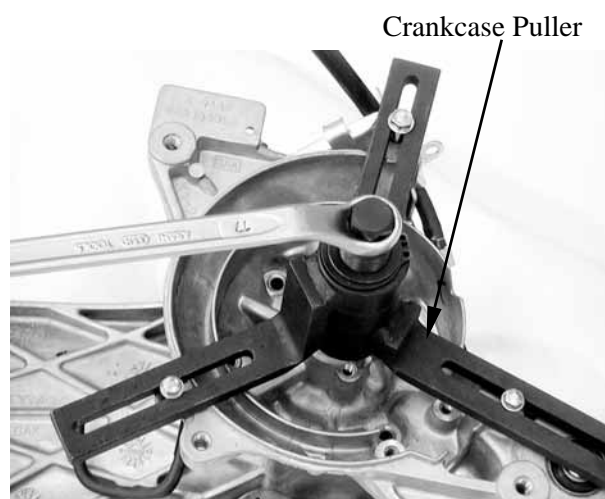


Bolt

Attach the crankcase puller on the right crankcase and remove the right crankcase from the left crankcase.

**Special tool:**

**Crankcase puller**      **A120E00026**



Crankcase Puller

### CRANKSHAFT REMOVAL

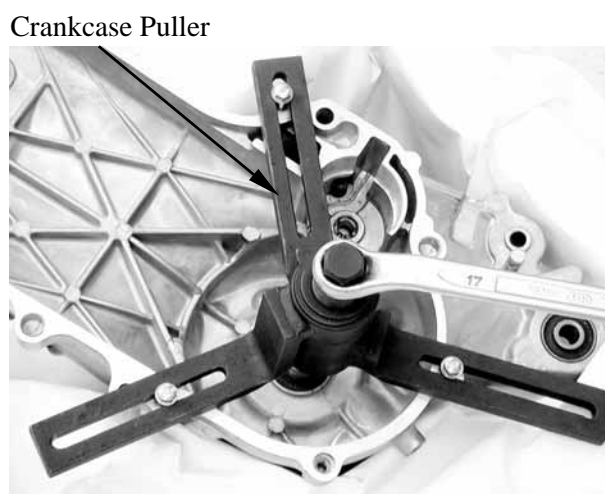
Attach the crankcase puller on the left crankcase and remove the crankshaft from the left crankcase.

★

When removing the crankshaft, do it slowly and gently.

**Special tool:**

**Crankcase puller**      **A120E00026**



Crankcase Puller

## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

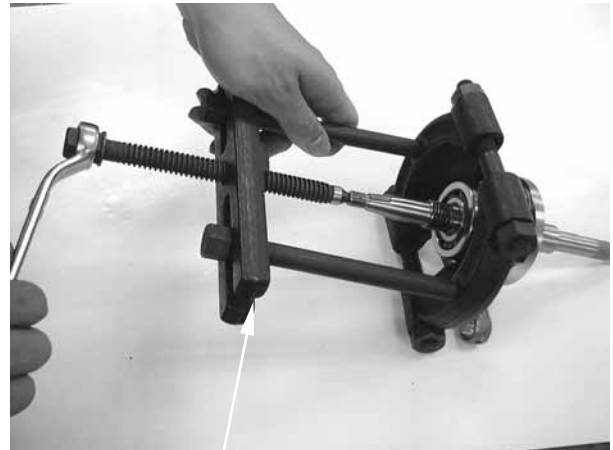
Remove the remaining bearing on the crankshaft side using the universal bearing puller.

**\***

When separating the crankcase, the oil seals must be removed. Replace the oil seals with new ones.

**Special tool:**

**Universal bearing puller A120E00030**



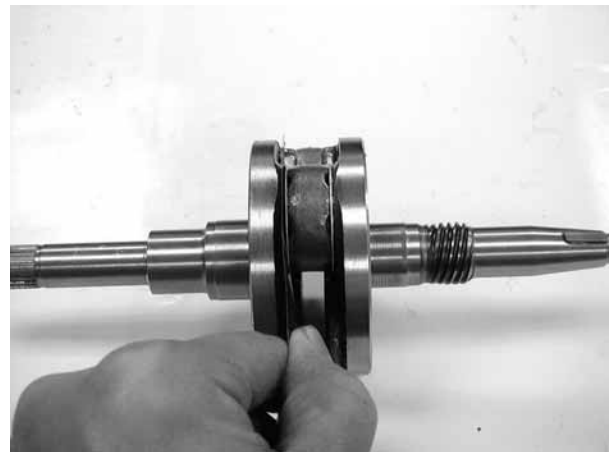
Universal Bearing Puller

### CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION

Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance.

**Service Limit:**

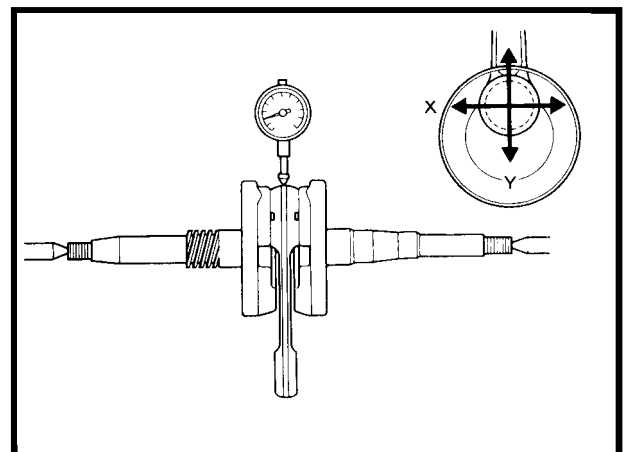
0.6 mm (0.024 in) replace if over



Measure the connecting rod big end radial clearance at two points in the X and Y directions.

**Service Limit:**

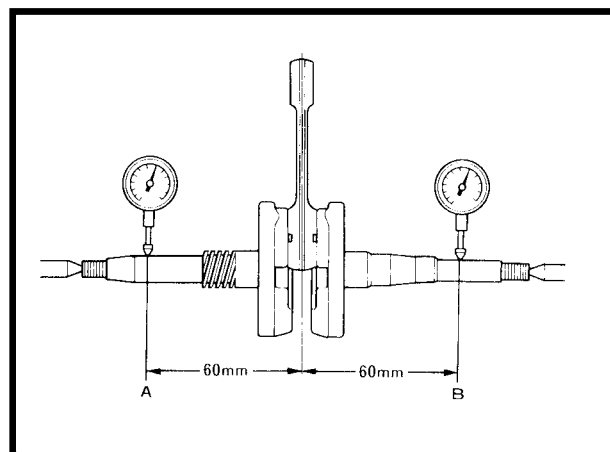
0.04 mm (0.0016 in) replace if over



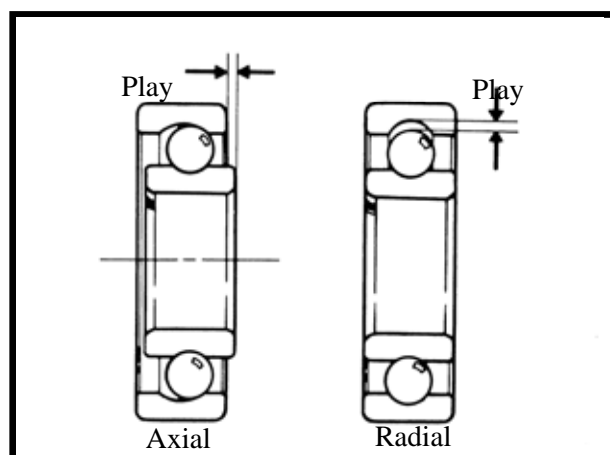
## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

Measure the crankshaft runout.

Service Limit	
A	B
0.15 mm (0.006 in) replace if over	0.1 mm (0.004 in) replace if over



Check the crankshaft bearings for excessive play. The bearings must be replaced if they are noisy or have excessive play.



### CRANKSHAFT INSTALLATION

Wash the crankshaft in cleaning solvent and then check for cracks or other faults.

★

- After check, apply clean engine oil to all moving and sliding parts.
- Remove all gasket material from the crankcase mating surfaces. Dress any roughness or irregularities with an oil stone.

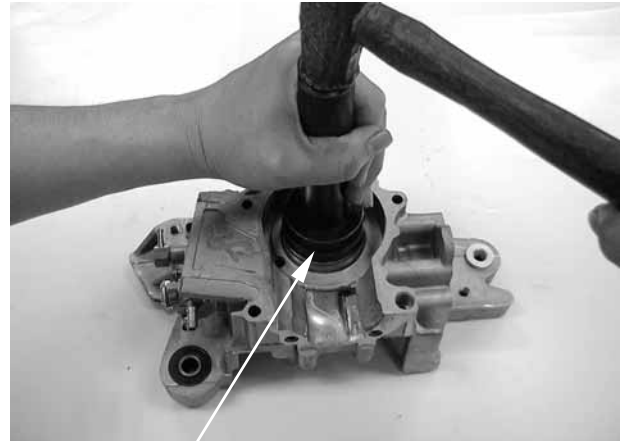


## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

Drive a new crankshaft bearing into the right crankcase.

**Special tool:**

Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014



Oil Seal & Bearing Driver

Drive a new crankshaft bearing into the left crankcase.

**Special tool:**

Oil seal & bearing driver A120E00014



Oil Seal & Bearing Driver

Install the crankshaft into the left crankcase.

**\***

- Apply KYMCO ULTRA motor oil or molybdenum disulfide to the crankshaft bearings and connecting rod big end.
- Apply grease to the lip of the oil seal and then install it.

**Special tool:**

Crankcase assembly tool (left crankcase)  
A120E00024

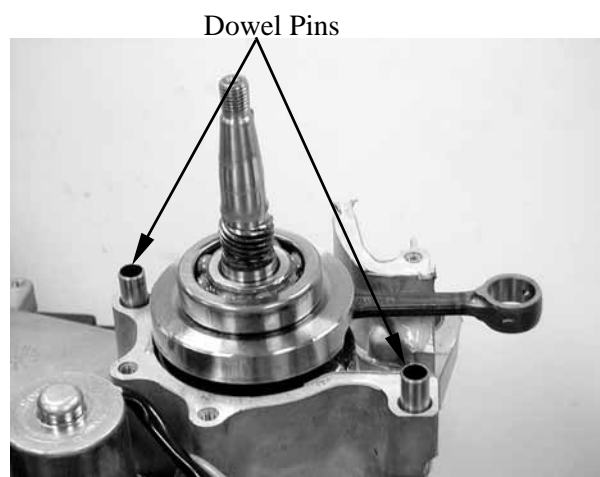


Crankcase Assembly Tool

## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

### CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket to the crankcase mating surface.



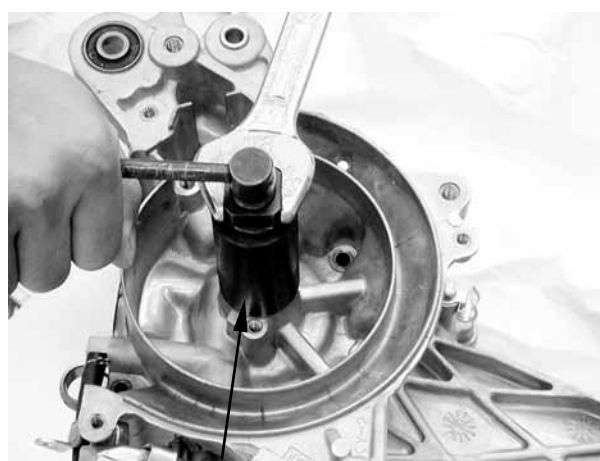
Assemble the crankcase halves.

#### Special tool:

Crankcase assembly tool

(Right crankcase)

A120E00016



Crankcase Assembly Tool

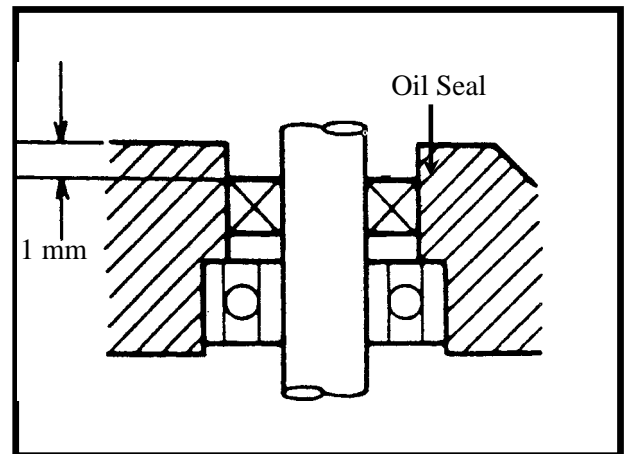
The distance between the right crankcase oil seal and crankcase surface is about  $12.5 \pm 0.5$  mm ( $0.5 \pm 0.02$  in).

★

When installing the oil seal, be careful to press it with even force.

## 12. CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

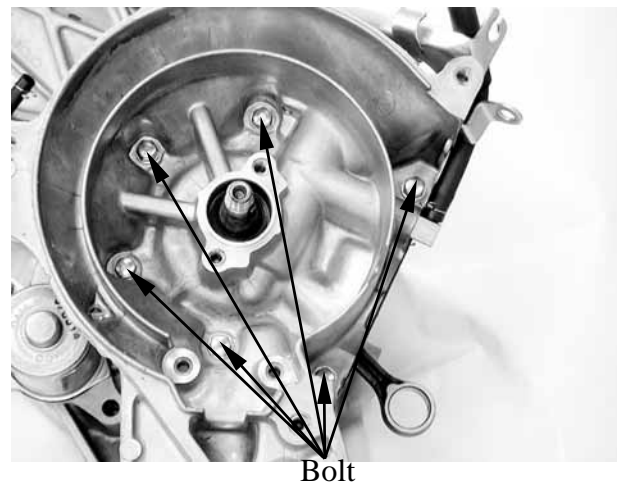
The distance between the left crankcase oil seal and crankcase surface is about 1 mm (0.04 in).



Install and tighten the crankcase attaching bolts.

**\***

After assembly, check the crankshaft for smooth operation.





# 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM

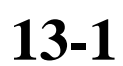


ATV 50

## FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/ FRONT SUSPENSION\STEERING SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION-----	13- 2
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FRONT WHEEL-----	13- 4
FRONT BRAKE -----	13- 7
FRONT SUSPENSION -----	13-10
STEERING SYSTEM-----	13-14

# ATV 50



# 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Remove the machine frame covers before removing the front wheel. Jack the machine front wheel off the ground and be careful to prevent the machine from falling down.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake drum and brake linings.
- Inspect the brake system before riding.

### SPECIFICATIONS

mm  
(in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit
Front wheel rim run out	Radial	—	2 (0.08)
	Axial	—	2 (0.08)
Front brake drum I.D		110 (4.4)	111 (4.44)
Front brake lining thickness		4 (0.16)	1.5 (0.06)
Tie rod length		266.5 (10.66)	—
Rod-end (tie rod) angle		180°	—

### TORQUE VALUES

Steering stem nut	7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)
Swing arm nut	4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)
Front wheel nut	4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)
Front wheel hub nut	7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)
Front shock absorber upper mount bolt	4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)
Front shock absorber lower mount bolt	4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)

# 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

## SPECIAL TOOLS

Oil seal and bearing install    A120E00014

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Hard steering (heavy)

- Insufficient tire pressure

### Steers to one side or does not track straight

- Uneven front shock absorbers
- Bent front arm
- Bent steering knuckle

### Poor brake performance

- Incorrectly adjusted brake
- Worn brake linings
- Contaminated brake lining surface
- Worn brake shoes at cam contacting area
- Worn brake drum
- Poorly connected brake arm

### Front wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Excessive wheel bearing play
- Bent spoke plate
- Faulty tire
- Improperly tightened axle nut

### Soft front shock absorber

- Weak shock springs
- Insufficient damper oil

### Front shock absorber noise

- Slider bending
- Loose arm fasteners
- Lack of lubrication

# 13. FRONT WHEEL/Front BRAKE/Front SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

## FRONT WHEEL

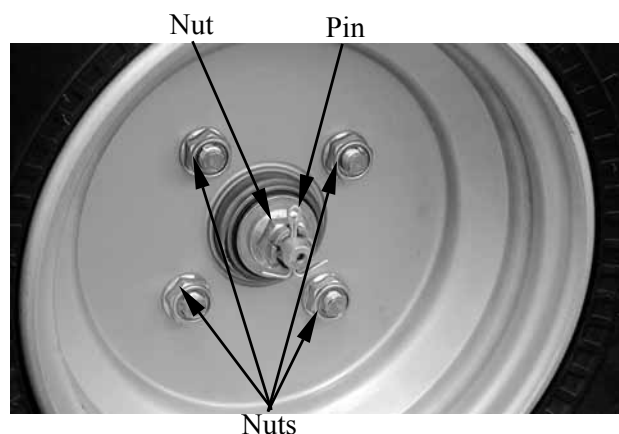
### REMOVAL

Place the machine on a level place.

Remove four nuts attaching the wheel panel and front wheel.

Elevate the front wheels by placing a suitable stand under the frame.

\* Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

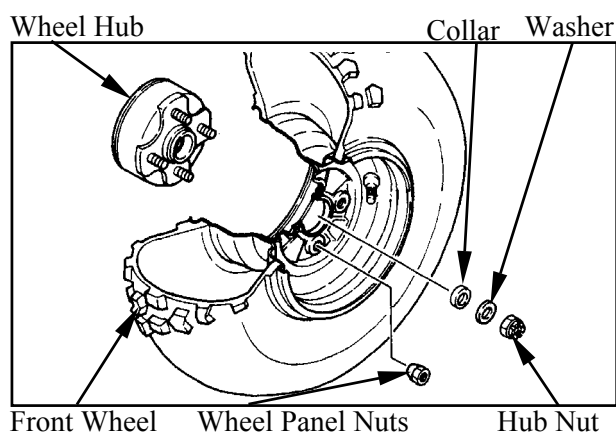


Remove the nut cap (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50)

Remove the cotter pin.

Remove nut attaching the wheel hub and washer.

Remove the collar and wheel hub.

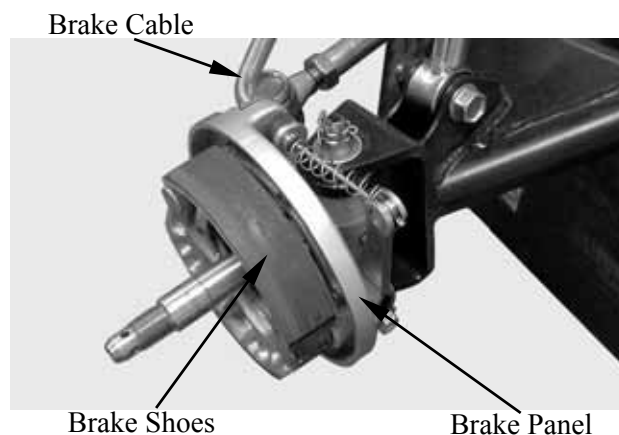


## FRONT BRAKE DISASSEMBLY

Loosen the lock nut and tighten the adjuster nut at brake lever. (Refer to the "FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.).

Disconnect the front brake cable from brake cam lever and remove the brake panel.

Remove the brake shoes.

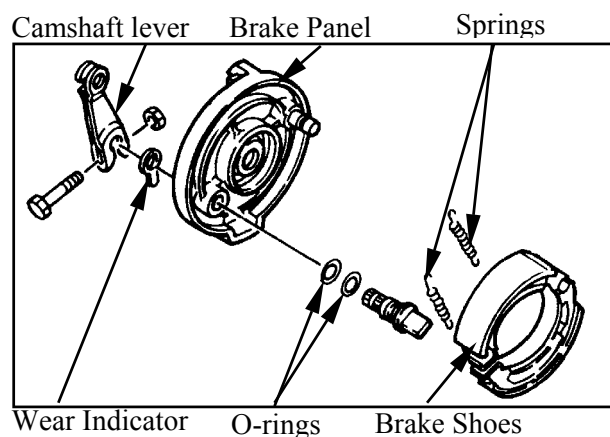


### REMOVE

Remove brake shoes and springs.

Remove the bolt attaching camshaft lever and remove camshaft lever.

Remove the wear indicator, camshaft and O-rings



## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

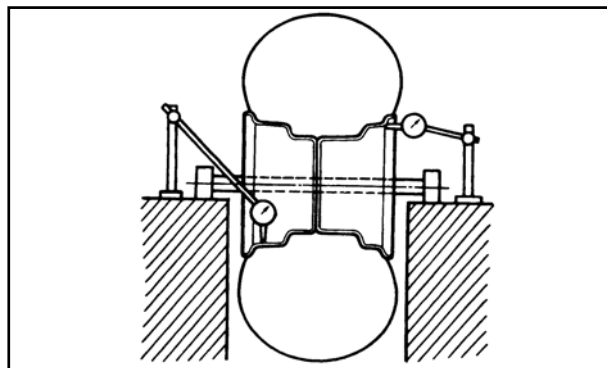
Measure the wheel run out.

Replace wheel or check bearing play if out of specification

**Rim run out limits:**

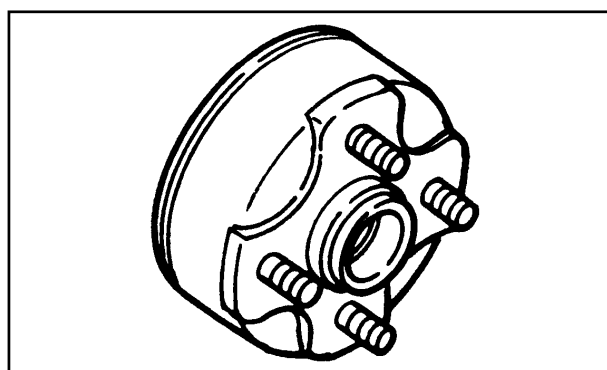
Vertical: 2 mm (0.08 in)

Lateral: 2 mm (0.08 in)



Inspect the front wheel hub.

Replace if cracks or damage.



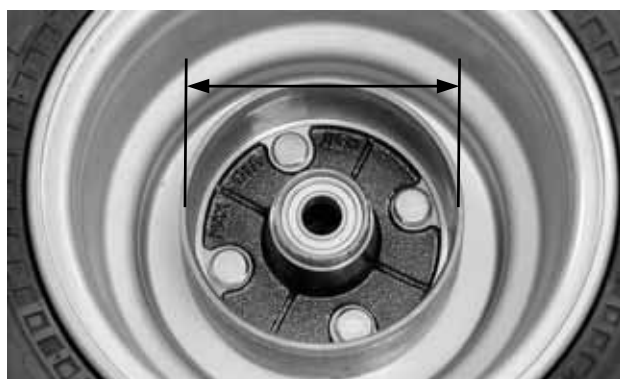
Inspect the front brake drum.

Measure the front brake drum I.D.

**Service limits:** 111 mm (4.44 in)

\*

Keep oil or grease off the brake drum.



### FRONT WHEEL BEARING

Remove the side collar.



## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM

Remove the dust seal.

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly. Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the hub.



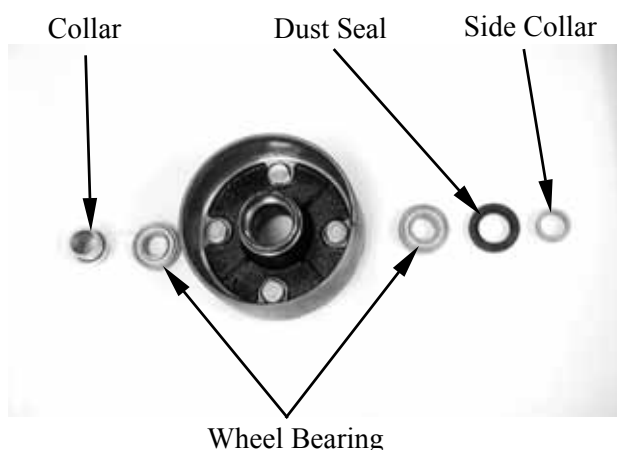
### BEARING REPLACEMENT

Remove the front wheel bearings and distance collar.



Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.

Apply grease to a new dust seal lip and install the dust seal.



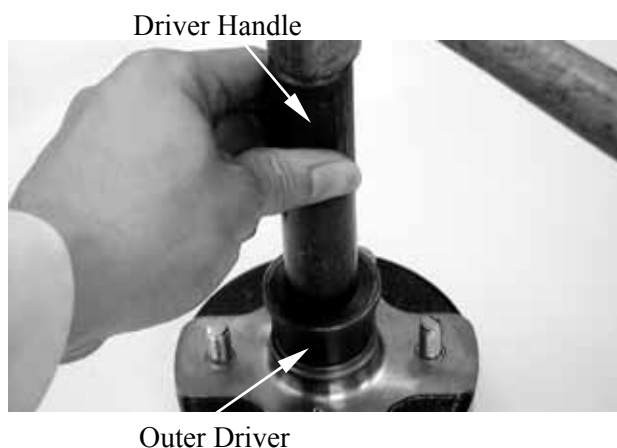
Pack all bearing cavities with grease.  
Drive in the left bearing.  
Install the distance collar.  
Drive in the right bearing.

\*

- Do not allow the bearings to tilt while driving them in.
- Drive in the bearing squarely with the sealed end facing out.

### Special tool:

Oil seal and bearing install    A120E00014



# 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

## FRONT BRAKE

### FRONT BRAKE LINING INSPECTION

Measure the front brake lining thickness.

**Service limit:** 2 mm (0.08 in) replace if below

- \* Keep oil or grease off the brake linings.



## REMOVAL

Inspect the shoe springs, O-rings, camshaft lever and wear indicator.

Replace if damage.

Inspect the brake shoe plate.

Replace if cracks or damage.

Inspect the brake shoe pivot pin.

Replace if wear or damage.

Inspect the camshaft hole and camshaft.

Replace if scratches or excessive wear.

## INSTALLATION

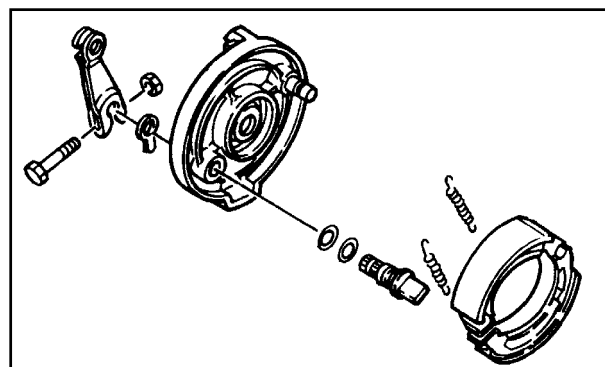
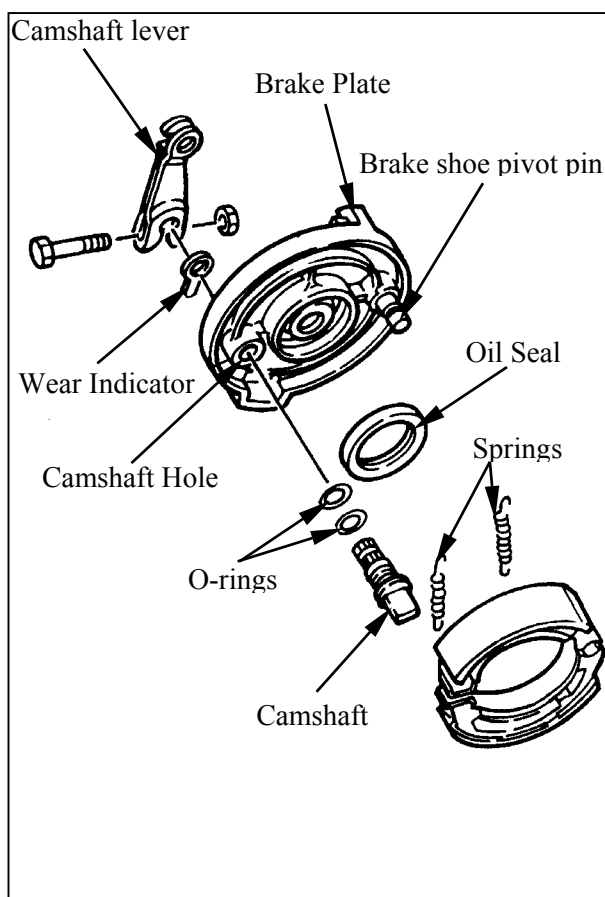
Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedures.

- \* • Install the camshaft to the brake shoe plate with the slot of the camshaft placing at bass line of the wear indicator scale.
- Align the projection with the slot of the camshaft when installing the wear indicator to the camshaft.
- Align the cut-out of the camshaft lever with the slot of the camshaft when installing the camshaft lever to the camshaft.

Tighten the bolt for camshaft lever.

**Torque:** 2.2 kgf-m (22 N-m, 16 lbf-ft)

- \* Apply the grease onto the o-ring, oil seal lips, pivot pin of brake shoe and camshaft.

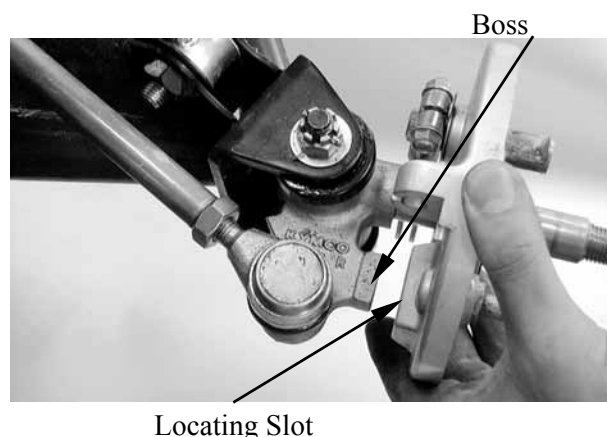




## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM

Install the brake shoe plate.

- \* Make sure that the boss on the knuckle correctly engages with the locating slot on the brake shoe plate.



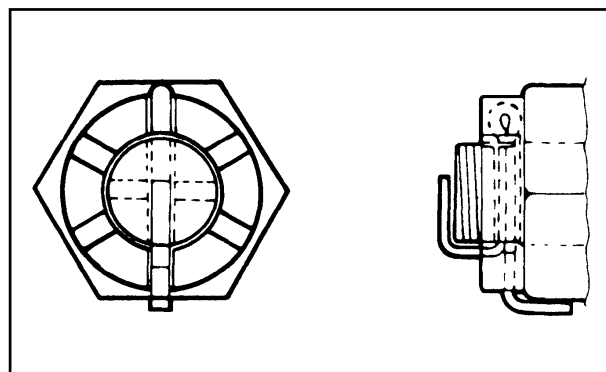
Apply the grease onto the bearings and oil seal lips of the wheel hub.  
Install wheel hub, plate washer and tight the nut (wheel hub).

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

Install cotter pins.

- \* Always use a new cotter pin.

- \* Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening it on the axle nut.



## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

Install the front wheel and tighten the nuts (wheel).

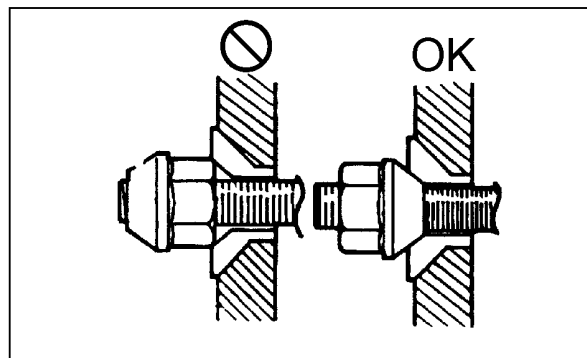
**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)



\*

### **MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50:**

- Tapered wheel nuts are used for front wheels.
- Install the nuts with its tapered side towards the wheel.



Adjust the front brake cable free play.

Refer to the “FRONT BRAKE  
ADJUSTMENT” section in the  
CHAPTER 3.

### **Brake lever free play:**

10~20 mm (0.4~0.8 in) at lever end.

# 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

## FRONT SUSPENSION

### REMOVAL

Elevate the front wheels by placing a suitable stand under the frame.



Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

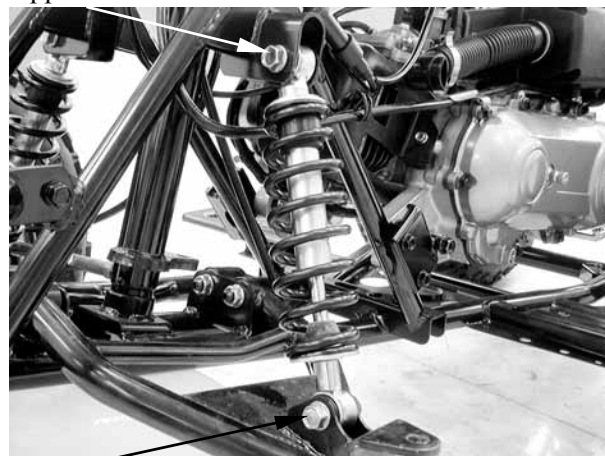
Remove the front wheel, wheel hub, brake shoe plate.

Remove the upper and lower bolt, then remove the shock absorber.

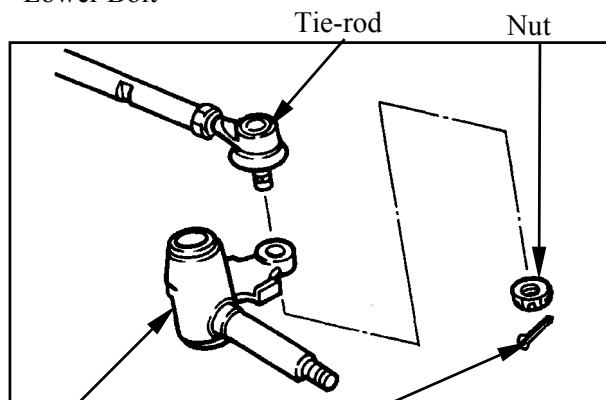
Remove the cotter pin and nut, then remove tie-rod from steering knuckle.

Remove cotter pin, nut, washer and bolt, then remove the steering knuckle, covers, collar and bush from the front arm.

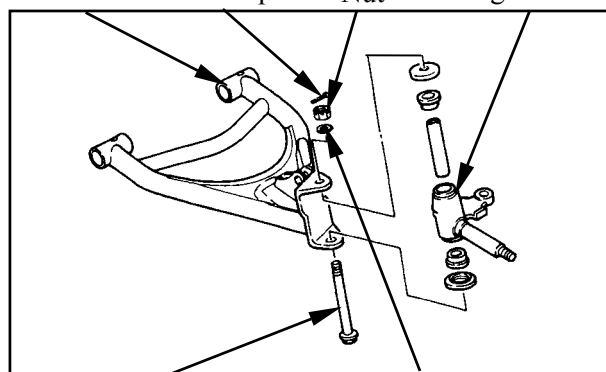
Upper Bolt



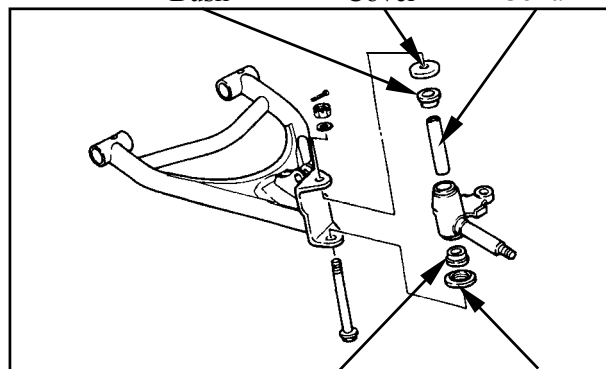
Lower Bolt



Steering Knuckle Front arm Cotter pin Nut Steering Knuckle



Bolt Washer Cover Collar Bush



Bush Cover

## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

### INSPECTION

Check the front arm brackets of the frame.

If bent, cracked or damaged, repair or replace the frame.

Check the tightening torque of the front arms securing nuts.

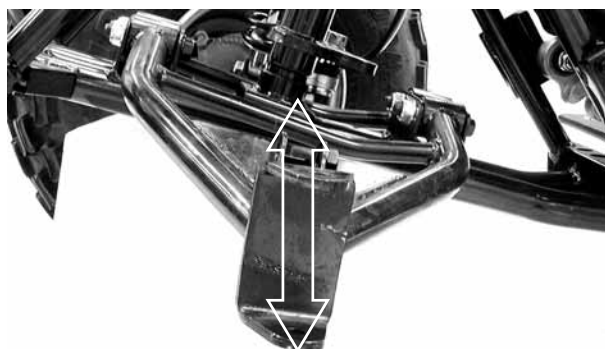
**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

Check the front arm side play by moving it from side to side.

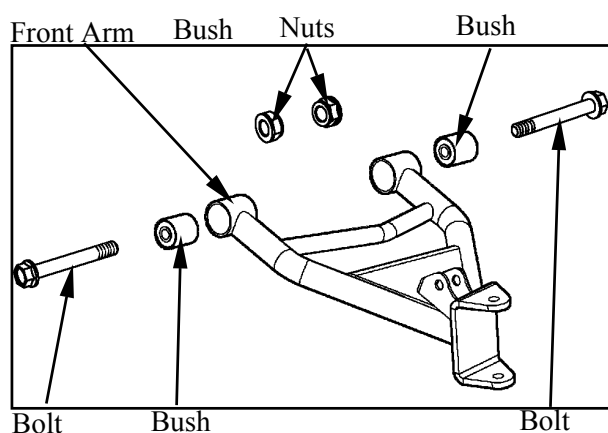
If side play noticeable, replace the inner collar, bushings and thrust covers as a set.

Check the front arm vertical movement by moving it up and down.

If vertical movement is tight, binding or rough, replace the inner collar, bushings and thrust covers as a set.



Remove the two nut and two bolt attaching the front arm, then remove the front arm.



### INSPECTION

Inspect the shock absorber rod.

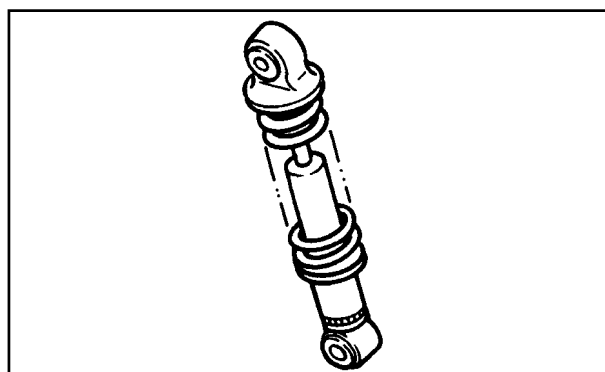
Replace the shock absorber assembly if bends or damage.

Inspect the shock absorber.

Replace the shock absorber assembly if oil leaks.

Inspect the spring of the shock absorber by move the spring up and down.

Replace the shock absorber assembly if fatigue.

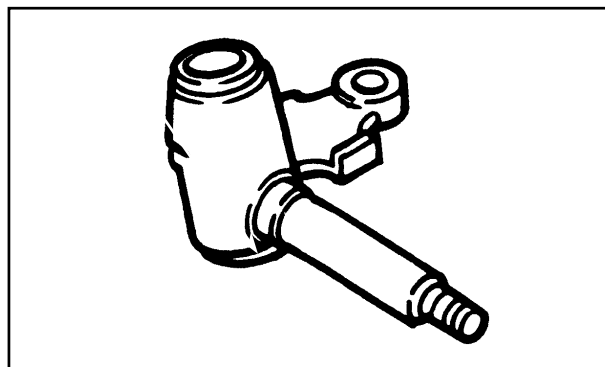


## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

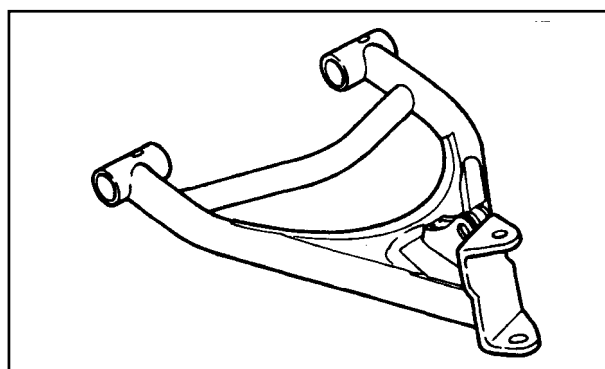
Inspect the steering knuckle.  
Replace if cracks, pitting or damage.



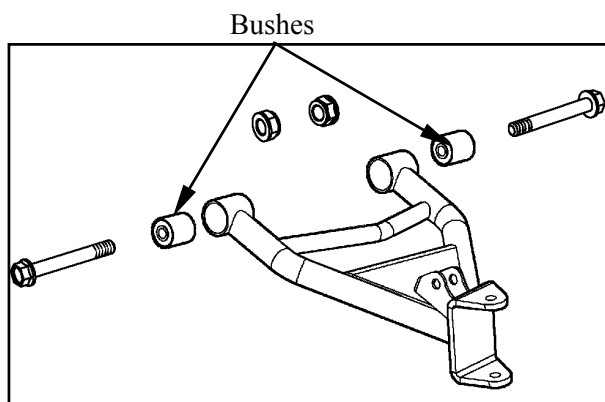
Inspect the front arm.  
Replace if cracks, bends or damage.

\*

Do not attempt to straighten a bent arm,  
this may dangerously weaken the arm.



Inspect bushes.  
Replace if wear or damage.



### INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedures.

\*

Apply the grease onto the bushes, collars  
and covers.

Install the front arm nut onto the frame and  
tighten the nuts.

**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

## 13. FRONT WHEEL/Front BRAKE/Front SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

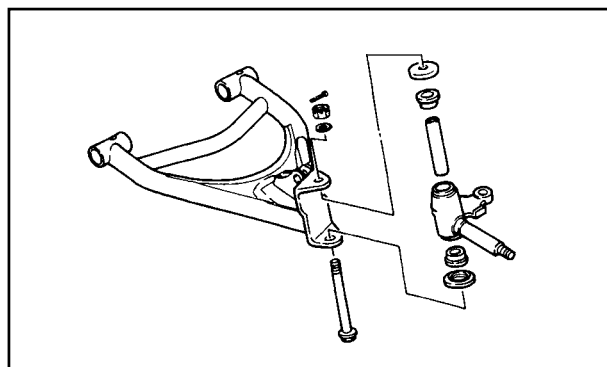
Apply the grease onto the bush, collars and covers, then install the steering knuckle onto the front arm and tighten the nut.

**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

Install the cotter pin and band ends of cotter pin.

\*

Always use a new cotter pin.



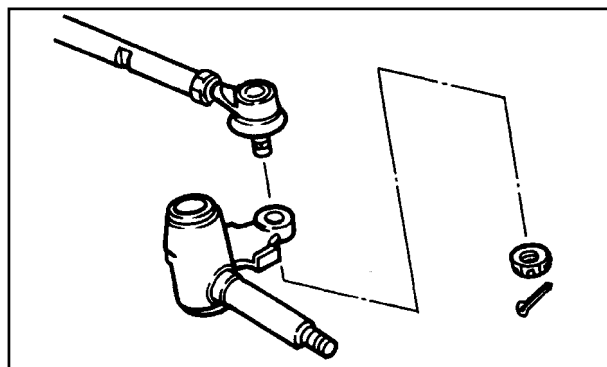
Install the tie-rod onto the steering knuckle and tighten the nut.

**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)

Install the cotter pin and band ends of cotter pin.

\*

Always use a new cotter pin.



Install the shock absorber and tighten the upper and lower bolts.

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)



Install the brake shoe plate, wheel hub and front wheel.

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL INSTALLATION" section.

# 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM

## STEERING SYSTEM

### REMOVAL

Remove the following parts:

Seat, Front cover, Center cover and Front fender

Refer to the “FENDERS” section in the CHAPTER 2

Disconnect the main switch lead (MX'ER 50).

Remove the handlebar cover with main switch (MX'ER 50).

Disconnect the front brake cables from the brake lever.

Remove the rear brake cable from the brake lever and brake switch from the bracket of the brake lever (drum brake).

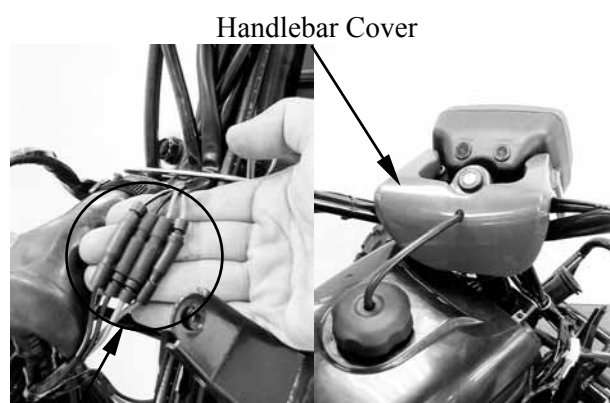
Remove the master cylinder (see page 14-20) (hydraulic brake).

\*

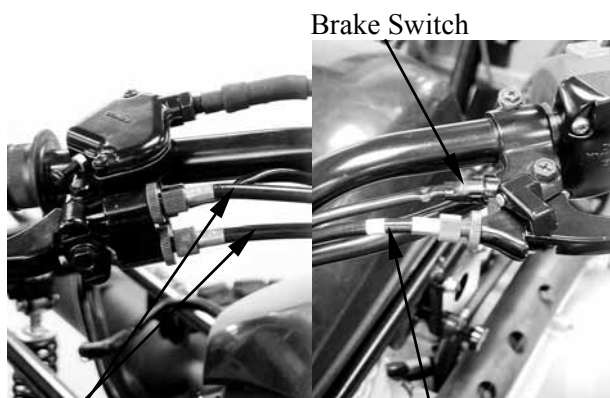
Disconnect the brake switch from the bracket of the brake lever while pushing the hook of the brake switch with a driver.

Remove the two screws to remove the cover of the throttle housing.

Disconnect the throttle cable from the lever.



Main Switch Lead

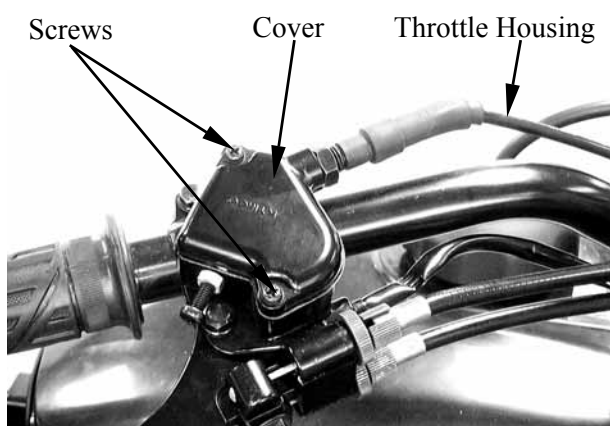


Front Brake Cables

Rear Brake Cable



Hook



Screws

Cover

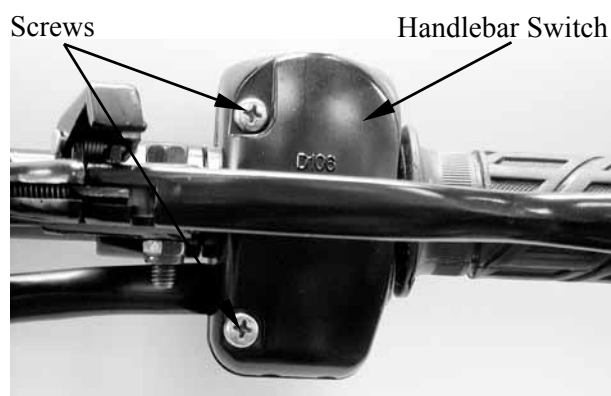
Throttle Housing

## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



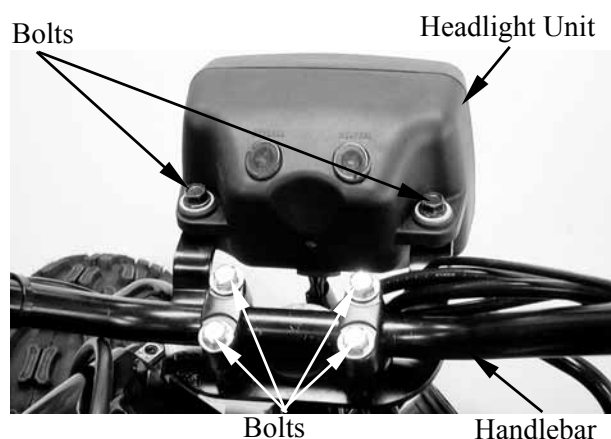
ATV 50

Remove the two screws and remove the handlebar switch.

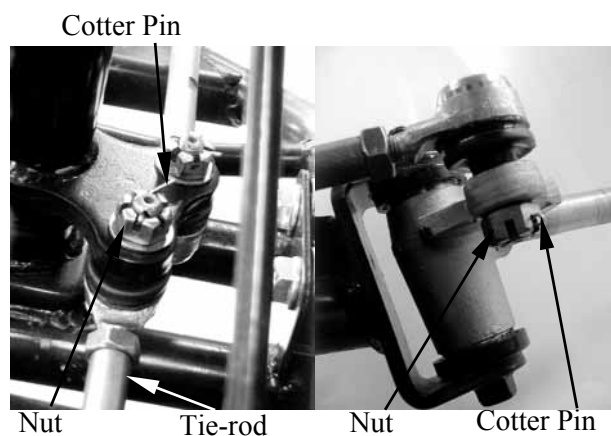


Remove the two bolts and remove headlight unit (MX'ER 50).

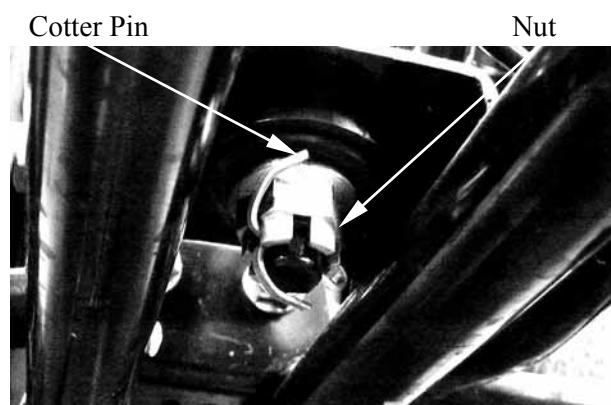
Remove the four handlebar holder bolts and remove the handlebar.



Remove the cotter pins and nuts attaching the tie-rods, then remove tie-rods.



Remove the cotter pin and nut attaching the steering column, then remove steering column and collar.



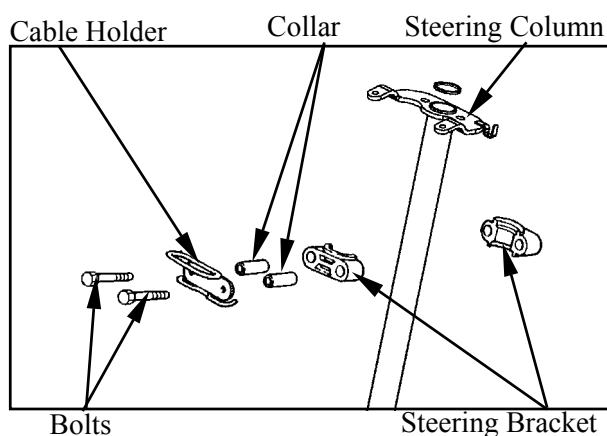


## 13. FRONT WHEEL/Front BRAKE/Front SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



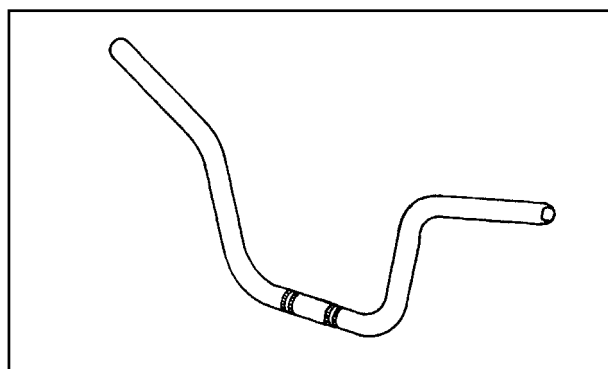
ATV 50

Remove the two bolts to remove the cable holder, steering bracket, collars and steering column.



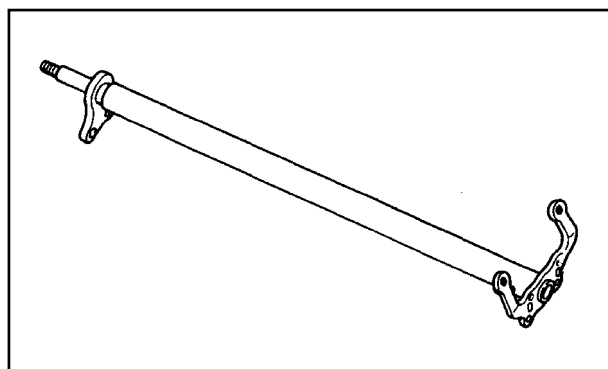
### INSPECTION

Inspect the handlebar.  
Replace if cracks, bends or damage.

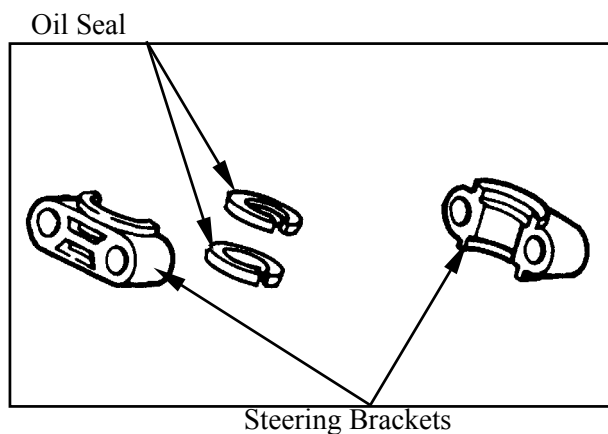


Inspect the steering column.  
Replace if bends or damage.

\* Do not attempt to straighten a bent shaft, this may dangerously weaken the shaft.



Inspect the steering brackets and oil seal.  
Replace if wear or damage.

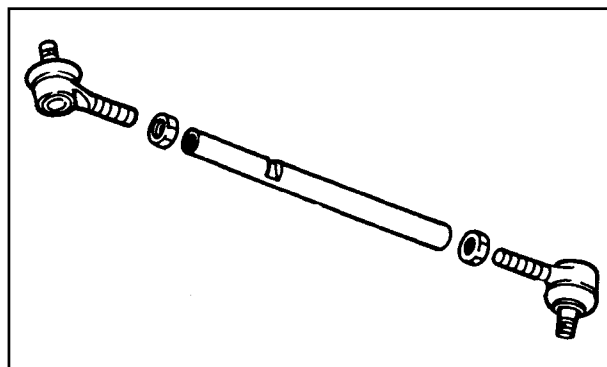


## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM

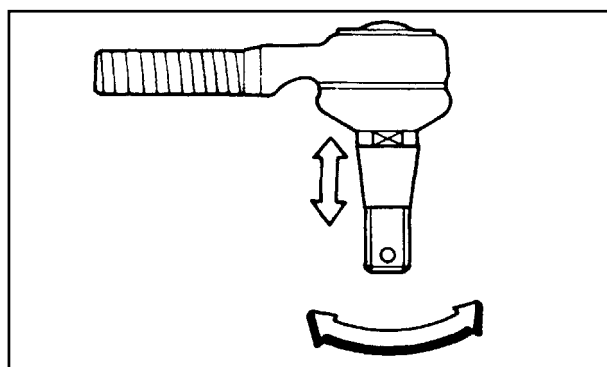


ATV 50

Inspect the tie-rod.  
Replace if bend or damage.



Check the tie-rod end movement.  
Replace if the tie-rod end exists free play or turns roughly.  
Check the tapered surface of the tie-rod end.  
Replace if pitting, wear or damage.



Adjust the tie-rod length.

Adjustment steps:

(The following procedures are done on both tie-rods, right and left.)

Loosen the lock nuts.

Adjust the tie-rod length by tuning both tie-rod ends.

**Tie rod length:** 266.5 mm (10.66 in)

Set the rod-end (steering column side) in an angle where the indentation surface of the tie-rod is parallel to the rod-end shaft, and then tighten the lock nut.

**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)

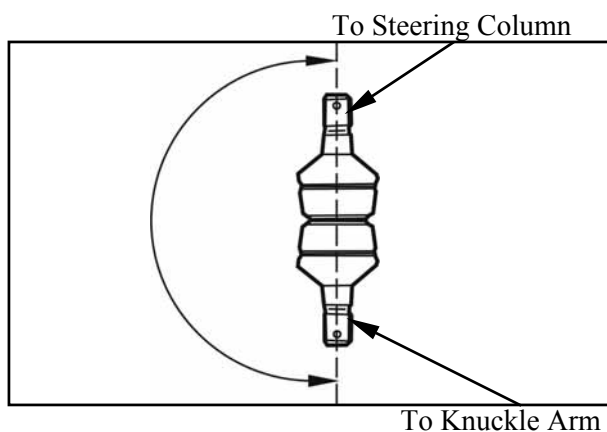
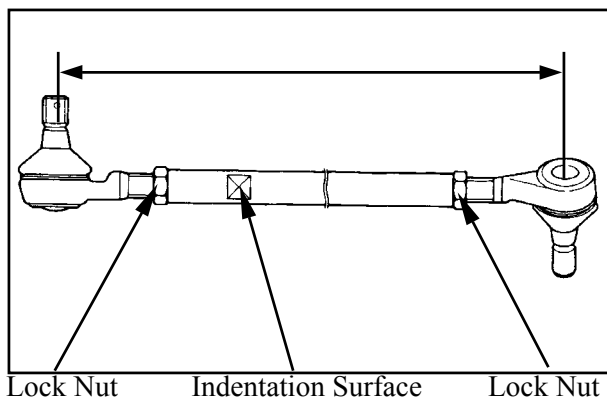
Set the other rod-end (knuckle arm side) in an angle as shown (right-hand tie-rod and left-hand tie-rod), and then tighten the lock nut.

Rod-end (tie rod) angle: 180°

**Torque:** 3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)

\*

After making adjustment on both tie rods be sure to mark them R and L for identification.



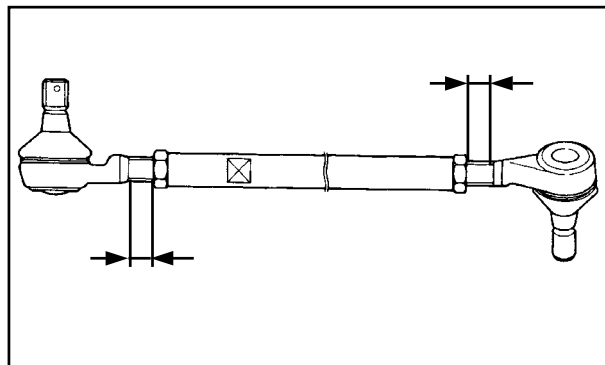
## 13. FRONT WHEEL/Front BRAKE/Front SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

\*

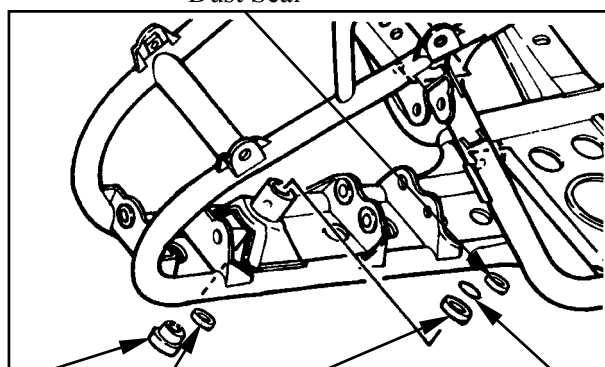
The threads on both rod-end must be of the same length.



Inspect the collar, duty seal, snap ring and bearing.

Replace if wear or damage.

Dust Seal



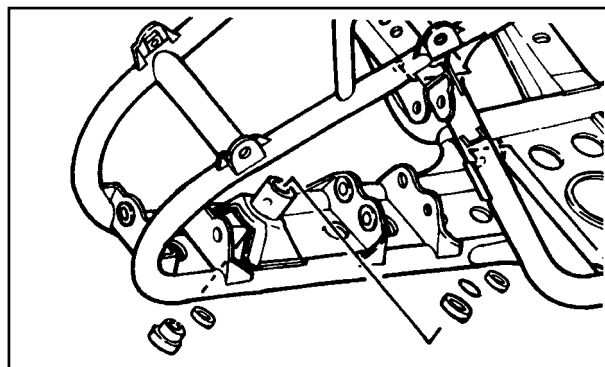
Collar Dust Seal Bearing Snap Ring

### INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedures.

\*

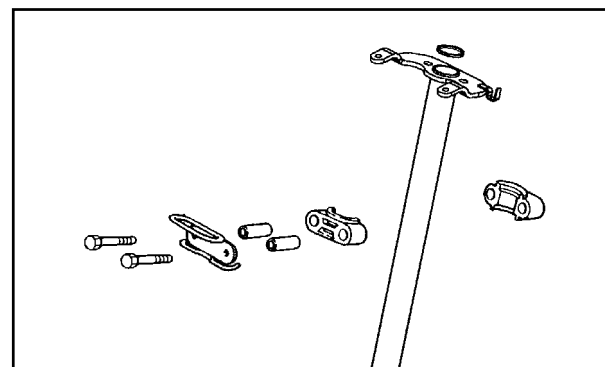
Apply the grease onto the collar, duty seal, and bearing.



Assembly the steering column and tighten the two bolts.

**Torque:** 2.2 kgf-m (22 N-m, 15.8 lbf-ft)

Band the lock washer tabs.



## 13. FRONT WHEEL/Front BRAKE/Front SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

Install the steering column and collar, then tighten the nut.

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

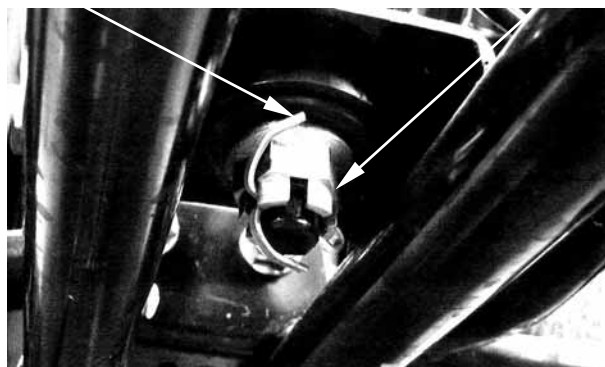
Install the cotter pin and band ends of cotter pin.



Always use a new cotter pin.

Cotter Pin

Nut



Install the tie rods and tighten the nut.

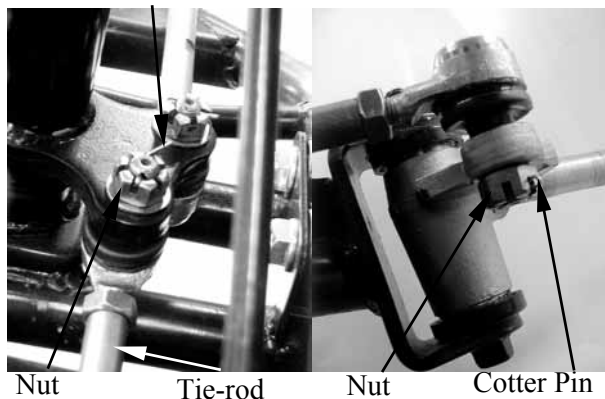
**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

Install the cotter pin and band ends of cotter pin.



Always use a new cotter pin.

Cotter Pin



Nut

Tie-rod

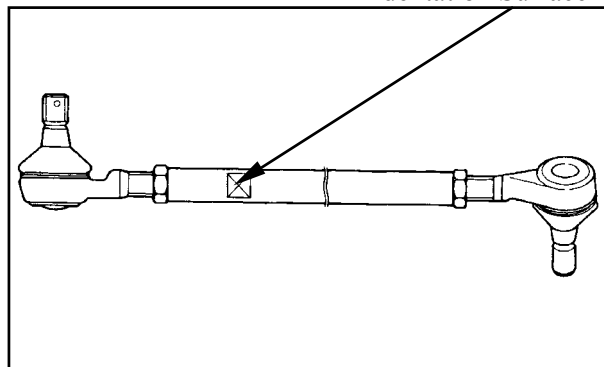
Nut

Cotter Pin



Be sure that the rod-end on the indentation surface side is connected to the steering column.

Indentation Surface

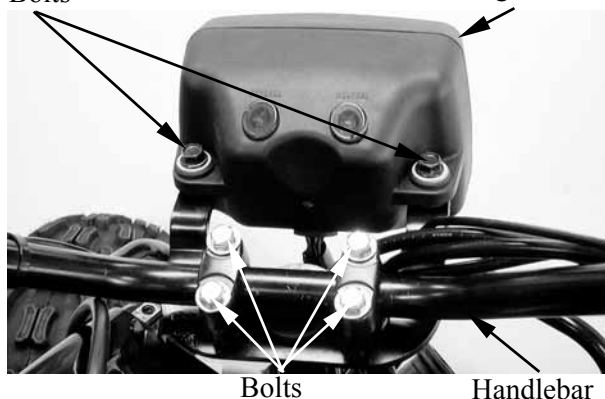


Install handlebar and handlebar holder, then tighten the four bolts.

**Torque:** 2.2 kgf-m (22 N-m, 15.8 lbf-ft)

Bolts

Headlight Unit



Bolts

Handlebar

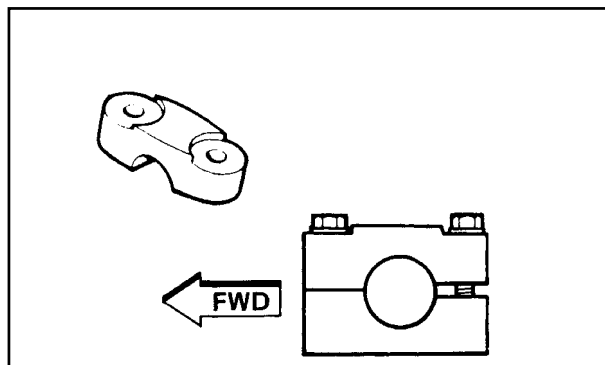
## 13. FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SUSPENSION/STEERING SYSTEM



ATV 50

\*

- Be sure the upper handlebar holder mark face to front.
- First tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar holder, and then tighten the bolts on the rear side.



Apply the grease onto the end of the throttle cable and end of the brake cable.

Refer to the “TOE-IN ADJUSTMENT” section in the CHAPTER 3 to adjust toe-in.

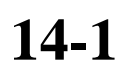
Refer to the “FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT” section in the CHAPTER 3 to adjust front brake.

Refer to the “REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT” section in the CHAPTER 3 to adjust rear brake.

**REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/  
HYDRAULIC BRAKE**

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**KYMCO**  
**ATV 50**



# 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE



ATV 50

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake drum and brake linings.
- Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system before disassembly.
- Contaminated brake disk or brake pads reduce stopping power. Clean the contaminated brake disk with high-performance brake degreaser and replace the brake pads.
- Do not use brake fluid for cleaning.
- Bleed air from the brake system if the brake system is removed or the brake is soft.
- Do not allow any foreign matters entering the brake reservoir when filling the brake reservoir with brake fluid.
- Brake fluid will damage painted, coated surfaces and plastic parts. When working with brake fluid, use shop towels to cover and protect painted, rubber and plastic parts. Wipe off any splash of brake fluid with a clean towel. Do not wipe the motorcycle with a towel contaminated by brake fluid.
- Make sure to use recommended brake fluid. Use of other unspecified brake fluids may cause brake failure.
- Inspect the brake operation before riding.

### SPECIFICATIONS

mm (in)

Item			Standard	Service Limit
Rear wheel	Rim run out	Radial	—	2 (0.08)
		Axial	—	2 (0.08)
	Rear brake drum I.D		130 (5.2)	131 (5.24)
Rear brake lining thickness			4.5 (0.18)	2 (0.08)

mm (in)

Item	Standard Limit	Service Limit
Brake disk thickness	3.7 (0.148)	3 (0.03)
Brake disk runout	0.15 (0.006)	0.3 (0.003)
Brake master cylinder I.D.	12.7 (0.508)~12.743 (0.5097)	12.75 (0.51)
Brake master cylinder piston	12.657 (0.5063)~12.684 (0.5074)	12.64 (0.5056)
Brake caliper piston I.D.	33.95 (1.358)~33.99 (1.3596)	34.05 (1.362)
Brake caliper cylinder O.D.	33.88 (1.3552)~33.92 (1.3568)	33.85 (1.354)

### TORQUE VALUES

Rear wheel nut	4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)
Rear shock absorber upper/lower mount bolt	4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)
Rear swing arm axle	7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)
Rear wheel hub nut	7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)
Rear wheel shaft nut	12 kgf-m (120 N-m, 86 lbf-ft)
Brake arm bolt	2.2 kgf-m (22 N-m, 16 lbf-ft)
Caliper holder bolt	2.7 kgf-m (27 N-m, 19 lbf-ft)
Brake fluid tube bolt	3 kgf-m (30 N-m, 22 lbf-ft)
Caliper bleed valve	0.6 kgf-m (6 N-m, 4 lbf-ft)
Master cylinder bolt	1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 9 lbf-ft)



## SPECIAL TOOLS

Nut wrench      A120F00010

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

### Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring
- Faulty damper

### Loose brake lever

- Air in hydraulic brake system
- Brake fluid level too low
- Hydraulic brake system leakage

### Hard braking

- Seized hydraulic brake system
- Seized piston

### Brake noise

- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Excessive brake disk run out
- Incorrectly installed caliper
- Brake disk or wheel not aligned

### Poor brake performance (Disk Brake)

- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Contaminated brake pads and brake disk
- Worn brake pads
- Worn brake master cylinder piston oil seal
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unevenly worn brake caliper

### Poor brake performance

- Brake not adjusted properly
- Worn brake linings
- Worn brake shoes at cam contacting area
- Worn brake cam
- Worn brake drum

### Tight brake lever

- Seized piston
- Clogged hydraulic brake system
- Smooth or worn brake pad

### Poor brake performance

Contaminated brake pad surface

## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

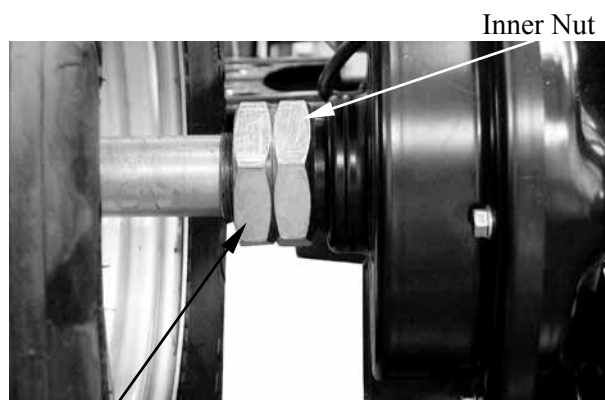
### REAR WHEEL

#### REMOVAL

Place the machine on a level place.  
Use the nut wrench to loosen two nuts  
(inner and outer) of the rear axle.

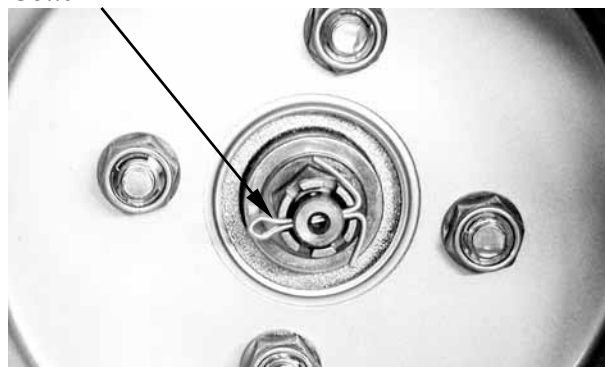
#### Special tool

Nut wrench    A120F00010



Outer Nut

Cotter Pin

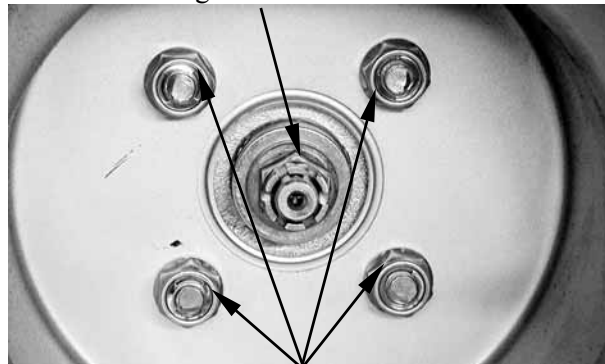


Remove the cotter pin.

Remove four nuts attaching the wheel panel  
of the both rear wheels.  
Loosen nut attaching the wheel hub of the  
both rear wheels.

\* Elevate the rear wheels by placing a  
suitable stand under the rear of frame.  
Support the machine securely so there is  
no danger of it falling over.

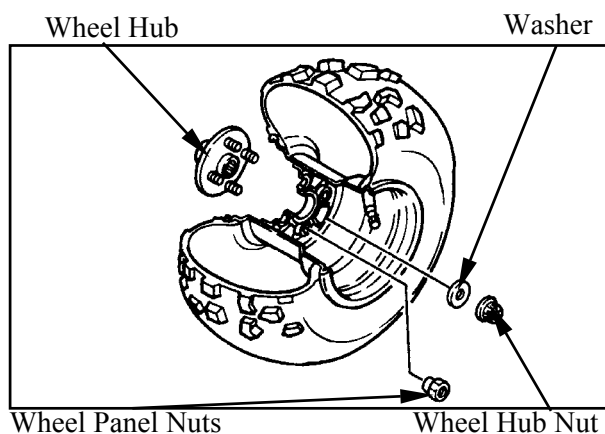
Nut Attaching The Wheel Hub



Nuts Attaching The Wheel Panel

#### Remove

Remove four nuts attaching the wheel panel  
and rear wheel.  
Remove nut attaching the wheel hub and  
washer.  
Remove the wheel hub.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### Inspection

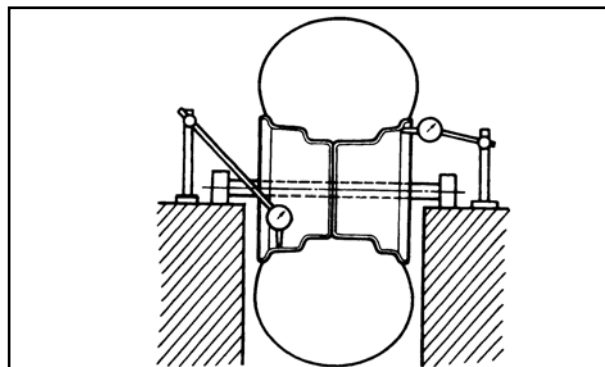
Measure the wheel runout.

### Service Limit:

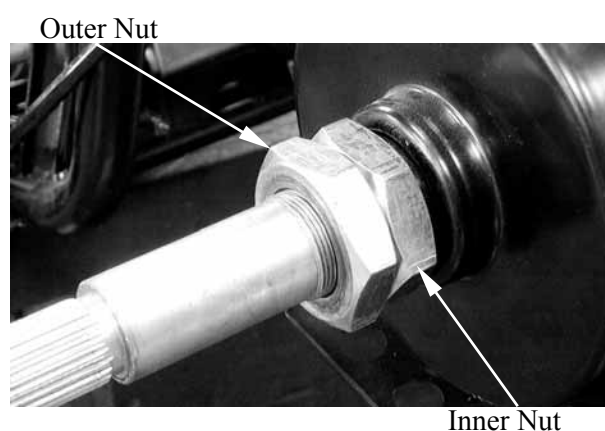
Vertical: 2 mm (0.08 in)

Lateral: 2 mm (0.08 in)

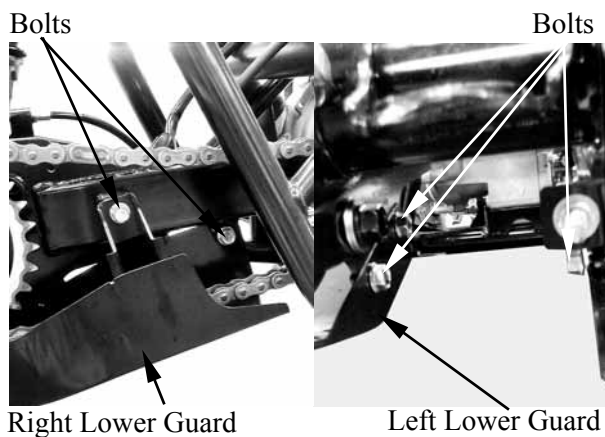
Replace wheel or check bearing play if out of specification.



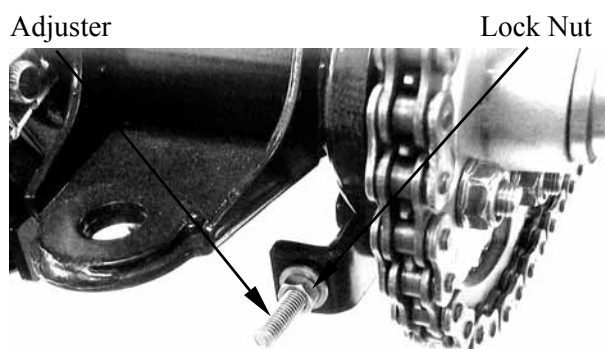
Remove two nuts of the rear axle (outer and inner).



Remove five bolts attaching left and right lower guard.

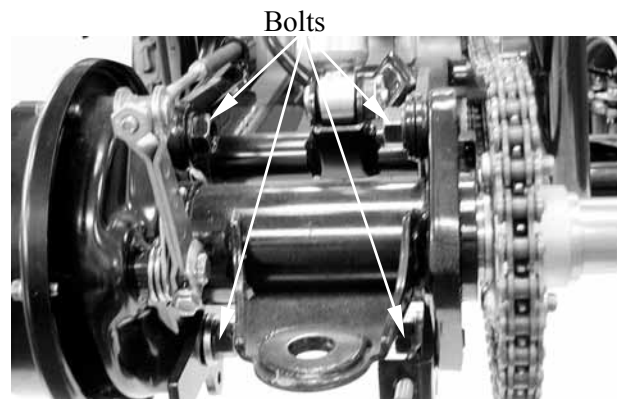


Loosen the lock nut for the adjuster of the drive chain slack.

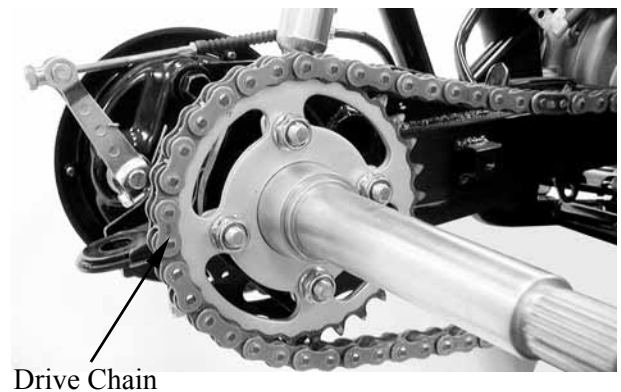


## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

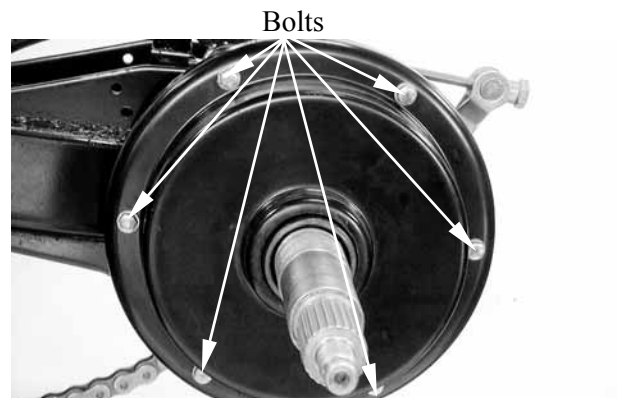
Loosen four bolts attaching rear axle hub.



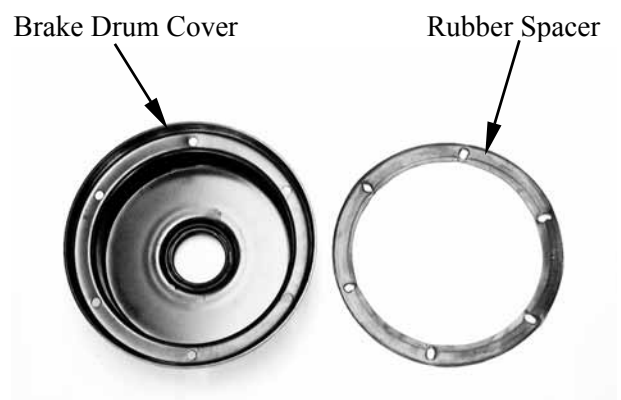
Remove the drive chain from driven sprocket.



Remove six bolts attaching brake drum cover.



Remove brake drum cover and rubber spacer.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### Inspection

Inspect the inner surface of the brake drum is scratches, polish brake drum lightly and evenly with emery cloth.

Measure the inside diameter of the brake drum.

**Service limit:** 131 mm (5.24 in)

Replace if it is out of specification.



Disconnect the rear brake cable from the camshaft lever.

Brake Cable



Remove the brake shoes.

### INSPECTION

Measure lining thickness of the brake shoes.

**Service limit:** 2 mm (0.08 in)

Replace if it is out of specification.

Brake Shoes



Remove the rear axle from left side.

\*

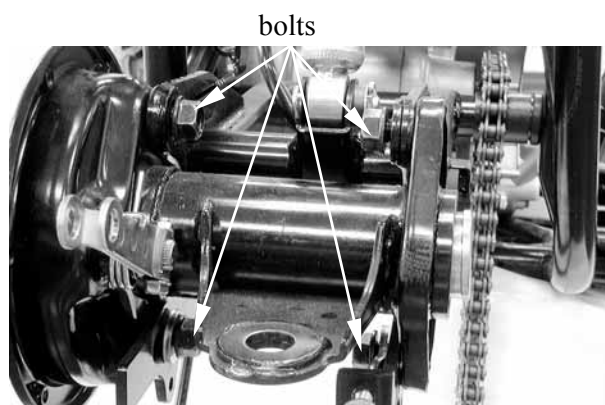
Tap the axle and with a rubber hammer, this will avoid damage the axle thread.

Rear Axle



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

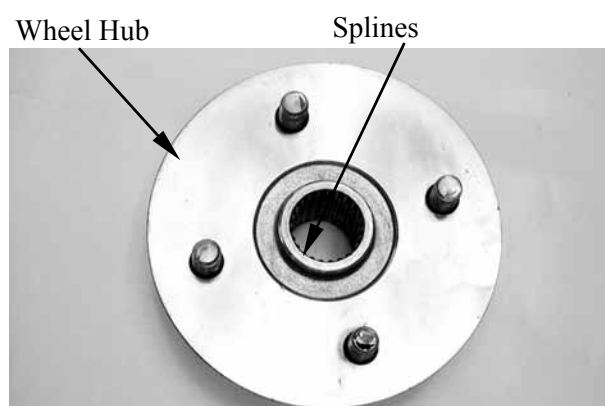
Remove four bolts and the rear axle hub.



### INSPECTION

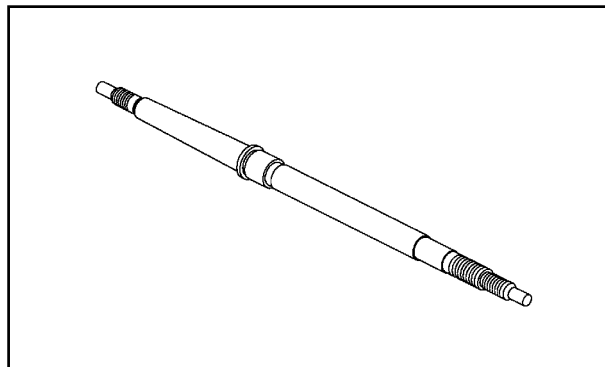
Replace if the wheel hub is cracked or damaged.

Replace if splines of the wheel hub are worn or damaged.



Replace if the rear axle is scratched (excessively) or damaged.

Replace if splines and threads of the rear axle are worn or damaged.

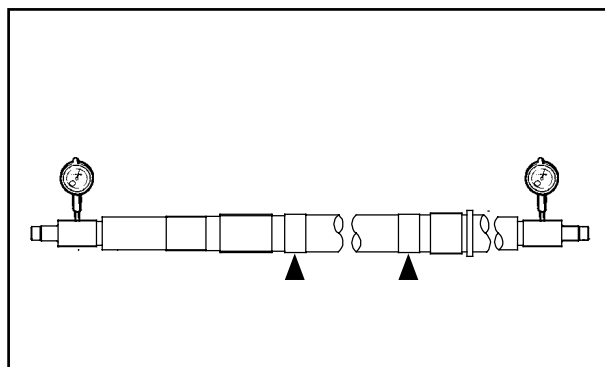


Measure the rear axle run out.

**Service limit:** less than 1.5 mm (0.06 in)

Replace if it is out of specification.

\* Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### DRIVE CHAIN INSPECTION

Remove rear wheels, rear hub (with rear axle) and swing arm.

Refer to the “REAR WHEEL — REMOVAL” and “SWING ARM REMOVAL” section.

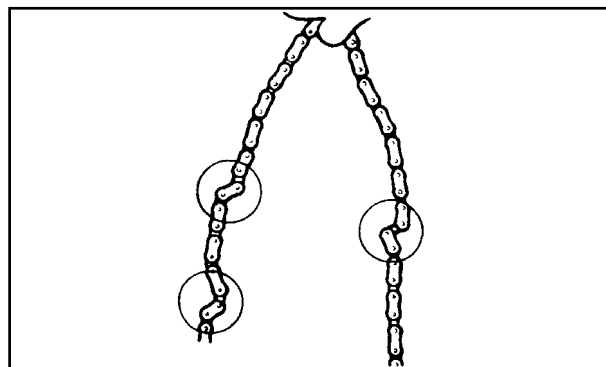
Remove right foot board.

Remove the drive sprocket.

Remove the drive chain.

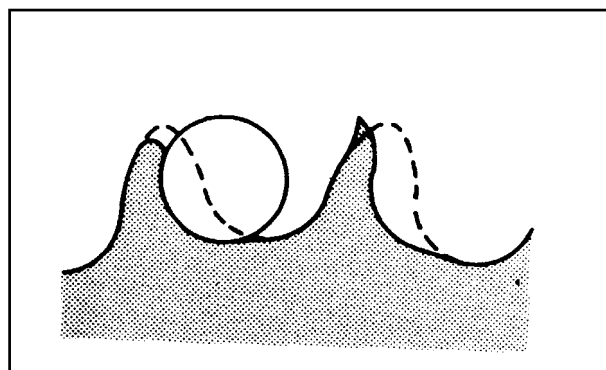
Inspect the drive chain stiffness.

Clean and lubricate or replace if stiff.



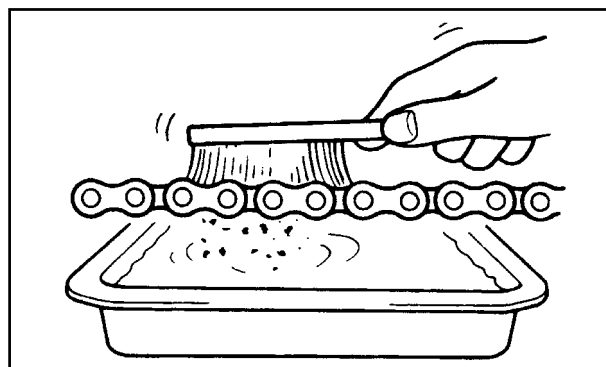
Inspect the drive sprocket and the driven sprocket.

Replace sprocket if more than 1/4 teeth wear or bent teeth.



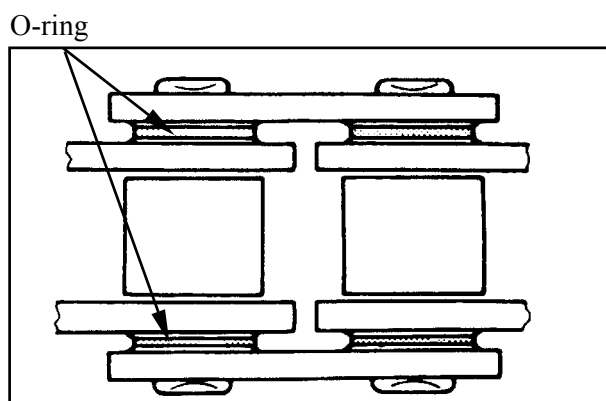
### CLEAN

Place it in kerosene, and brush off as much dirt as possible. Then remove the chain from the kerosene and dry the chain.



\*

This machine has a drive chain with small rubber O-rings between the chain plates. Steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, and certain solvent can damage these O-rings. Use only kerosene to clean the drive chain.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

Inspect rear axle hub.

Replace if bearings allow play in the axle hub or the bearing turns roughly.

Replace if oil seals is wear or damage.

Replace if rear axle hub is cracks, bend or damage.

Bearing and oil seal replacement steps:

Clean the outside of the rear axle.

Remove the oil seal by a flat-head screw driver.



Place a wood block against the outer edge to protect this edge.

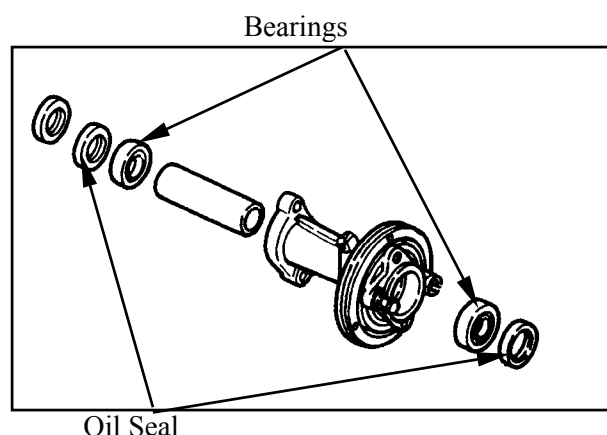
Remove the bearing by a general bearing puller.

Install the new bearings and oils seal by reversing the previous steps.



Do not strike the center race or balls of the bearing.

Contact should be made only with the outer race.



### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “REMOVAL” procedures.



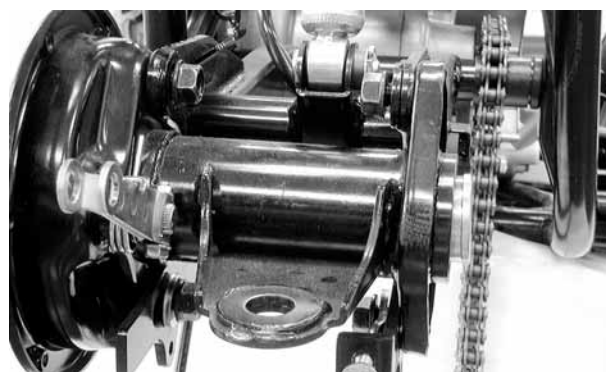
Apply grease onto the oil seal lips, bearings and bushes.

Install the rear axle hub.



At this time, the rear axle hub should not be tightened completely.

Final tightening is done after the chain slack adjustment.



Install the rear axle.



Tap the axle and with a rubber hammer, this will avoid damage the axle thread.



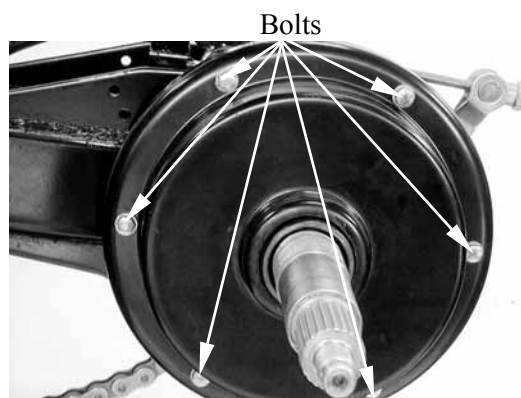


## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

Install the brake drum.

Install the rubber spacer and brake drum cover.

**Torque:** 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7.2 lbf-ft)



Adjust drive chain slack (see chapter 3).

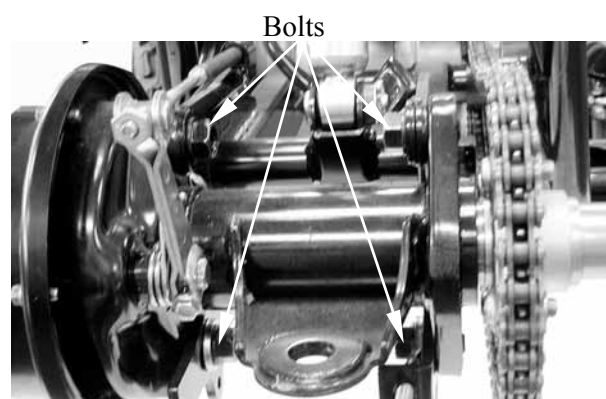
**Drive chain slack:** 10-20 mm (0.4 – 0.8 in)



Tighten the bolts.

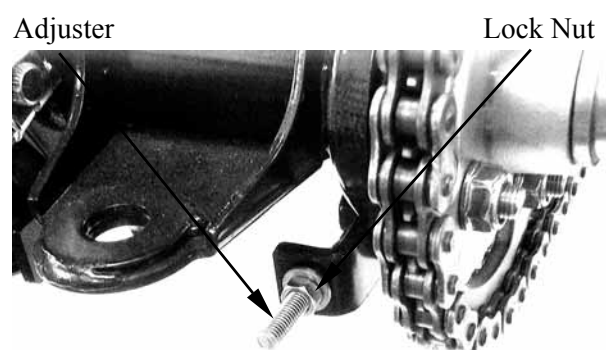
**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)



Tighten the lock nut.

**Torque:** 2.2 kgf-m (22 N-m, 16 lbf-ft)



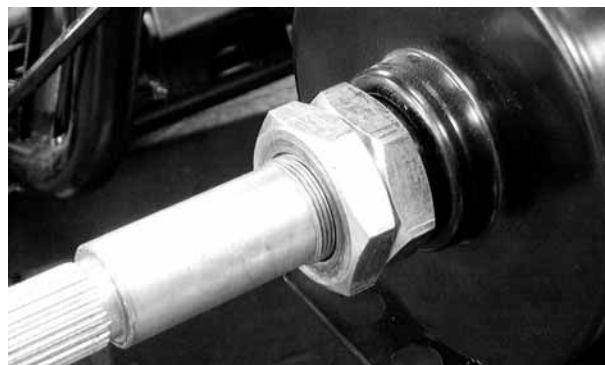
## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

Tighten the two nuts with the nut wrench.

### Special tool

Nut wrench A120F00010

**Torque:** 12 kgf-m (120 N-m, 86 lbf-ft)



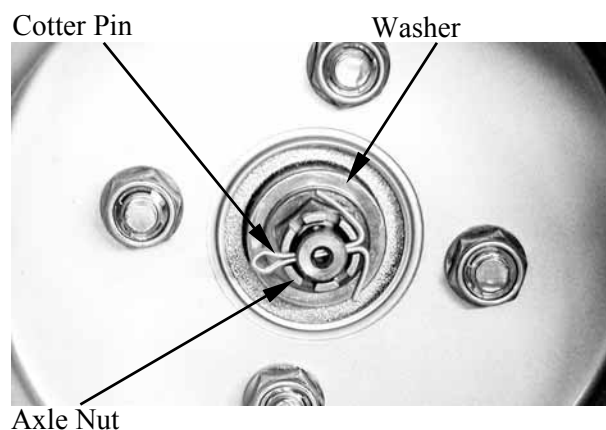
Install wheel hub, plate washer and nut (wheel hub).

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

Install cotter pins.

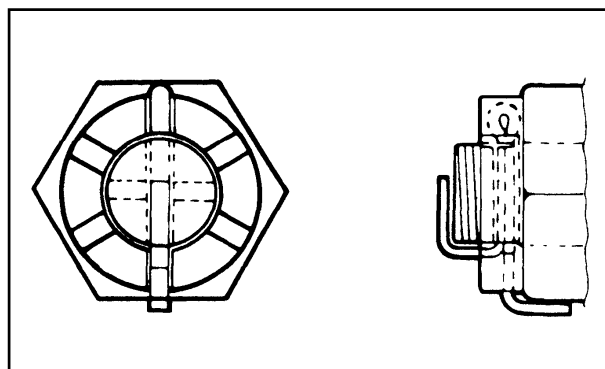
\*

Always use a new cotter pin.



\*

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening it on the axle nut.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

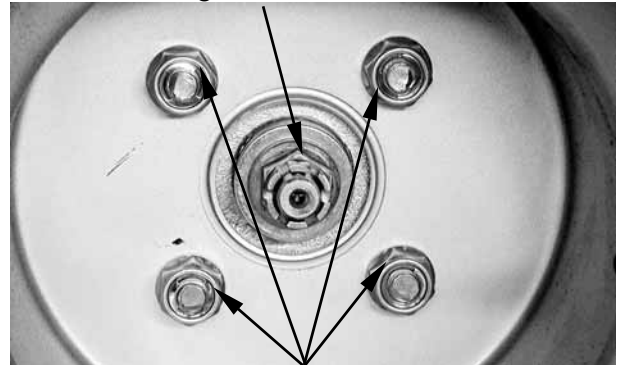
Install the rear wheel and tighten the nuts (wheel).

**Torque:** 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)

\*

Tapered wheel nuts are used for rear wheels.  
Install the nuts with its tapered side towards the wheel.

Nut Attaching The Wheel Hub

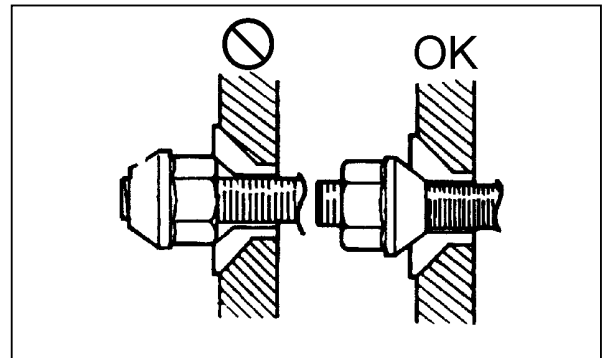


Nuts Attaching The Wheel Panel

\*

MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50:

- Tapered wheel nuts are used for front wheels.
- Install the nuts with its tapered side towards the wheel.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### SWING ARM

Place the machine on a level place.

Elevate the rear wheels by placing a suitable stand under the rear of frame.

- \* Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.

Remove the rear wheels, rear hub with rear axle.

Refer to the “REAR WHEEL — REMOVAL” section

Remove the cotter pin, washer and shaft (MX'ER 50).

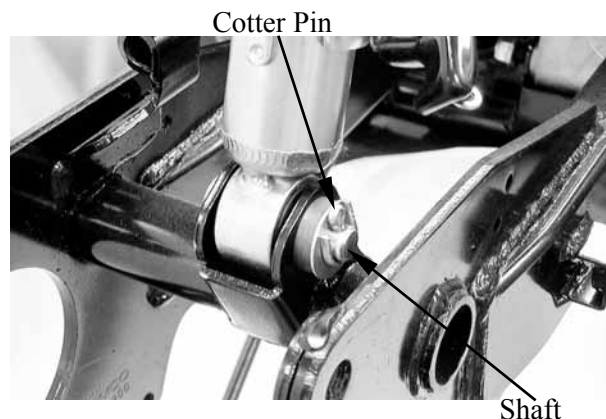
Remove the lower mounting bolt/nut (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50).

- \* When removing the lower shaft, hold the swing arm so that it does not drop downwards when the shaft is removed.

Remove the upper mounting bolt/nut, then remove the shock absorber.

Check the tightening torque of the pivot shaft (swingarm) securing nut.

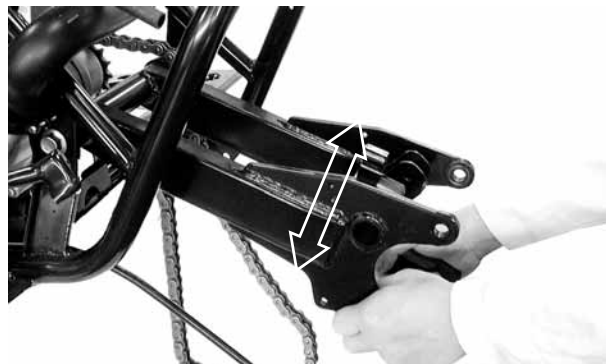
**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

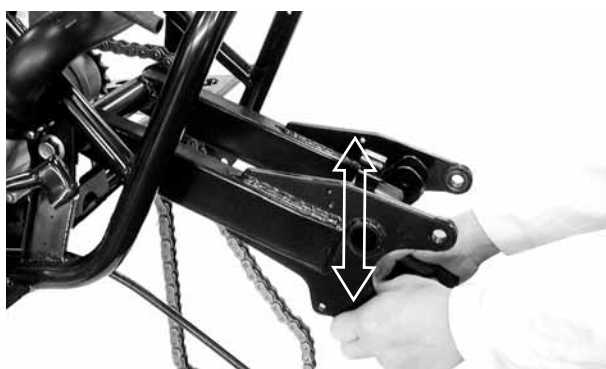
Check the swing arm side play by moving it from side to side.

If side play noticeable, check the inner collar, bearing, bushing and thrust cover, or adjust the shim.



Check the swing arm vertical movement by moving it up and down.

If vertical movement is tight, binding or rough, check the inner collar, bearing, bushing and thrust cover, or adjust the shim.

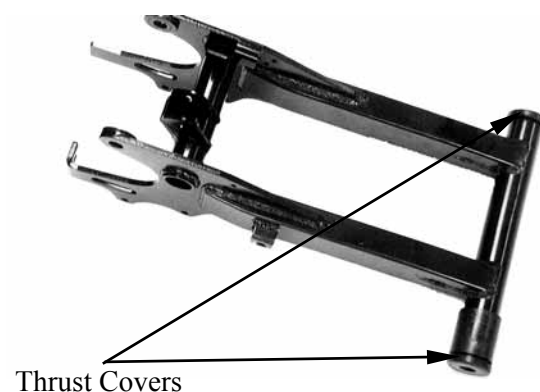


Remove the nut and pivot shaft, then remove swing arm.



Swing arm

Remove the thrust covers.



Thrust Covers

## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### INSPECTION

Inspect the shock absorber rod.

Replace the shock absorber assembly if bends or damage.

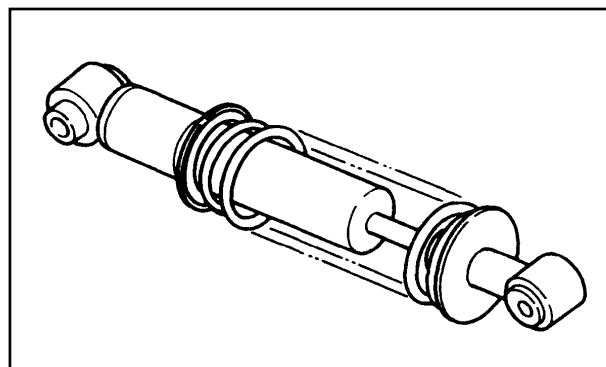
Inspect the shock absorber.

Replace the shock absorber assembly if oil leaks

Inspect the spring.

Replace the shock absorber assembly if fatigue.

Move the spring up and down.



Inspect the swing arm.

Replace if crack, bend or damage.

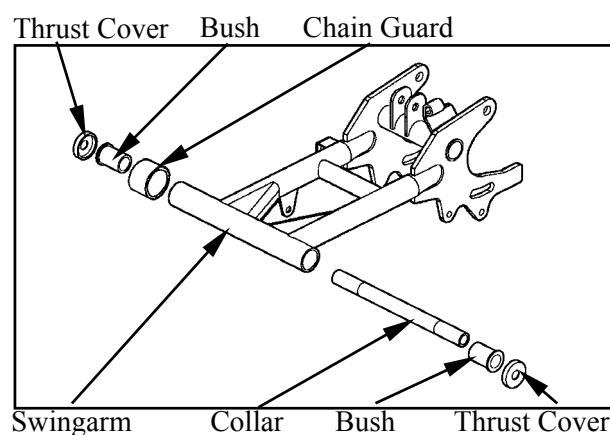
Roll the axle on a flat surface to inspect the pivot shaft.

Replace if bends.

\* Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

Inspect the thrust cover, chain guard, collar and bush.

Replace if wear or damage.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### INSTALLATION

Reverse the “REMOVAL” procedure.

Apply grease onto the collar, bush, pivot shaft and thrust cover.

Install the swing arm and tightening the nut.

**Torque:** 7 kgf-m (70 N-m, 50 lbf-ft)

Pivot Shaft



Install the shock absorber and tightening the upper mounting bolt/nut.

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)



Install the shaft, washer and cotter pin (MX'ER 50).

**\***

Always use a new cotter pin.

Install the lower mounting bolt/nut to specified torque (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50).

**Torque:** 4 kgf-m (40 N-m, 29 lbf-ft)



Install the rear hub and rear wheels.

Refer to the “REAR WHEEL INSTALLATION” section.

Adjust the drive chain slack.

Refer to the “DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT” section in the CHAPTER 3.

**Drive chain slack:** 10-20 mm (0.4 – 0.8 in)

# 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

## HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### BRAKE FLUID CHANGE/AIR BLEED

Place the motorcycle on its main stand on level ground and set the handlebar upright. Remove the two screws attaching the brake fluid reservoir cap.

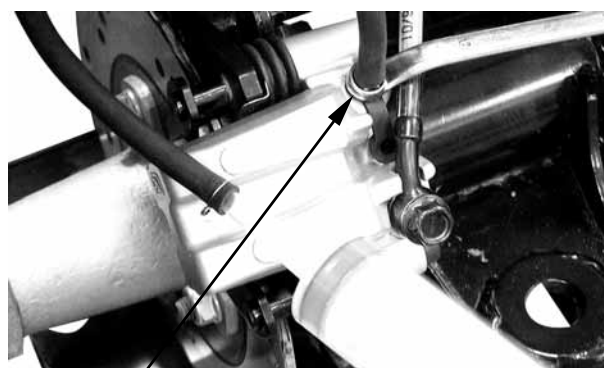
★

Use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage caused by splash of brake fluid.

Screws



Connect a transparent hose to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut. Use a syringe to draw the brake fluid out through the hose.



Bleed Valve

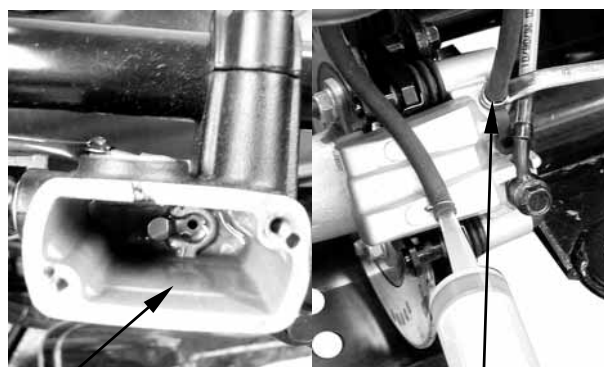
### Brake fluid refilling

Connect a transparent hose and syringe to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut. Fill the brake reservoir with brake fluid and use the syringe to draw brake fluid into it until there is no air bubbles in the hose. Then, tighten the bleed valve nut.

**Torque:** 0.6 kgf-m (6 N-m, 4.3 lbf-ft)

★

- When drawing brake fluid with the syringe, the brake fluid level should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir height.
- Use only the recommended brake fluid.



Brake Reservoir

Bleed Valve

**Recommended Brake Fluid:** DOT-4



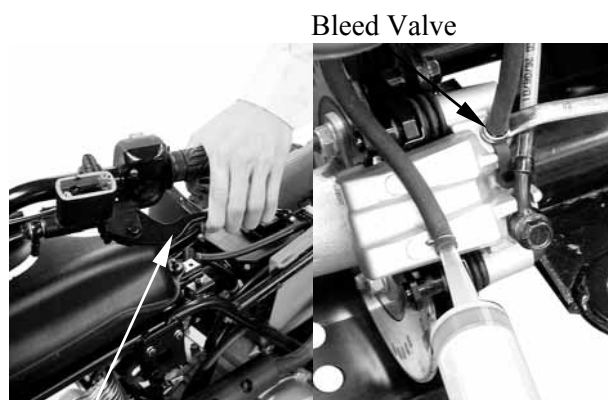
## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### Brake system bleeding

Connect a transparent hose to the bleed valve and fully apply the brake lever after continuously pull it several times. Then, loosen the bleed valve nut to bleed air from the brake system. Repeat these steps until the brake system is free of air.

✱

When bleeding air from the brake system, the brake fluid level should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir height.



Brake Lever

Bleed Valve

### BRAKE PAD/DISK

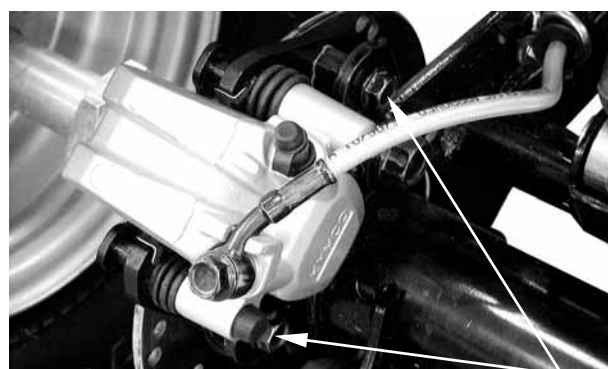
#### Brake pad replacement

Remove the two bolts attaching the brake caliper holder.

✱

The brake pads can be replaced without removing the brake fluid tube.

Remove the brake caliper.

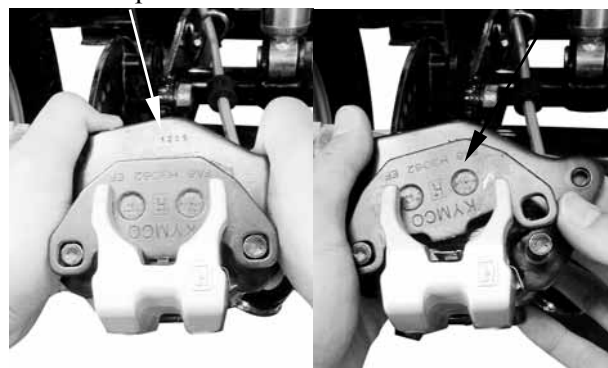


Bolts

Brake Caliper Holder

Brake Pad

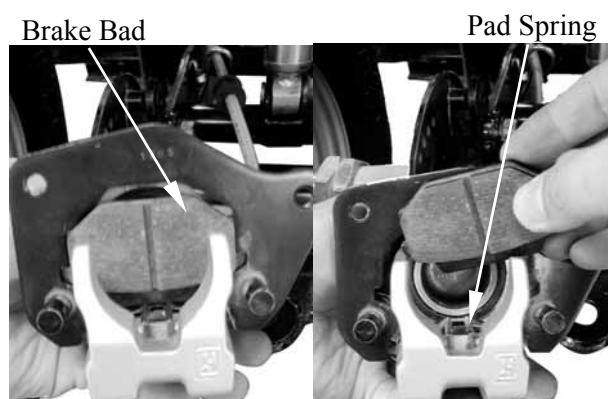
Push the brake caliper holder and then remove brake pad.



Remove the other brake pad and pad springs.

### Assembly

Assemble the brake pads in the reverse order of removal.



Brake Pad

Pad Spring

## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

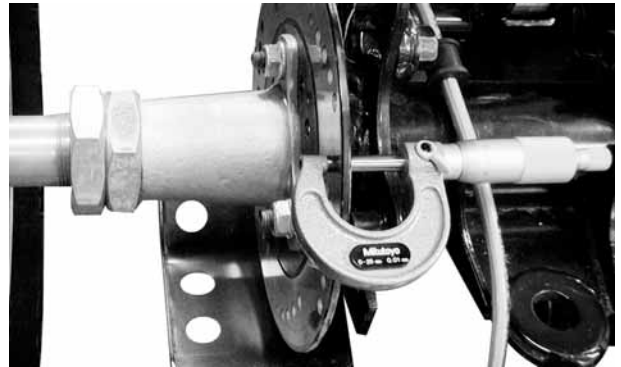
### Brake disk

Measure the brake disk thickness.

**Service Limit:** 3 mm (0.12 in)

Measure the brake disk run out.

**Service Limit:** 0.3 mm (0.012 in)



### BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

#### Removal

Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system.

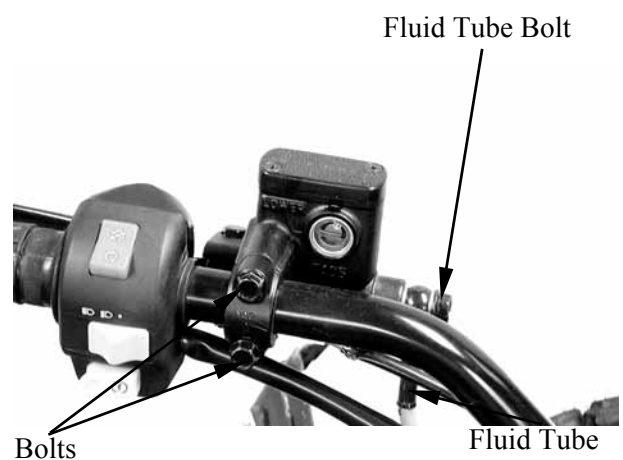
★

Do not splash brake fluid onto any rubber, plastic and coated parts. When working with brake fluid, use shop towels to cover these parts.

Remove the two master cylinder holder bolts and remove the master cylinder.

★

When removing the brake fluid tube bolt, be sure to place towels under the tube and plug the tube end to avoid brake fluid leakage and contamination.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE



ATV 50

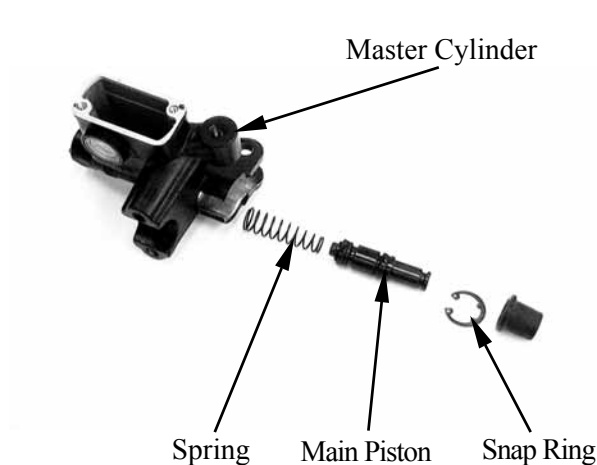
### Disassembly

Remove the piston rubber cover and snap ring from the brake master cylinder.



Snap Ring Pliers

Remove the washer, main piston and spring from the brake master cylinder.  
Clean the inside of the master cylinder and brake reservoir with brake fluid.



### Inspection

Measure the brake master cylinder I.D.  
Inspect the master cylinder for scratches or cracks.

#### Service Limit:

12.75 mm (0.51 in) replace if over



Measure the brake master cylinder piston O.D.

#### Service Limit:

12.64 mm (0.5056 in) replace if below



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### Assembly

Before assembly, apply brake fluid to all removed parts.

Install the spring together with the 1st rubber cup.

★

- During assembly, the master cylinder, main piston and spring must be installed as a unit without exchange.
- When assembling the piston, soak the cups in brake fluid for a while.



Install the main piston and snap ring.

Install the rubber cover.

Install the brake lever.

Install the brake fluid tube with the bolt and two sealing washers. Then, install the rearview mirror.

Fill the brake reservoir with recommended brake fluid to the upper level.

Bleed air from the hydraulic brake system.  
(Refer to 14-18.)

Fluid Tube Bolt



Sealing Washer

Place the brake master cylinder on the handlebar and install the master cylinder holder with the “UP” mark facing up, aligning the tab on the holder with the hole in the handlebar.

First tighten the upper bolt and then tighten the lower bolt.

**Torque:** 1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 8.6 lbf-ft)



“UP” Mark

## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### BRAKE CALIPER

#### Removal

Remove the brake caliper, brake pads and pad spring.  
Place a clean container under the brake caliper and disconnect the brake fluid tube from the brake caliper.



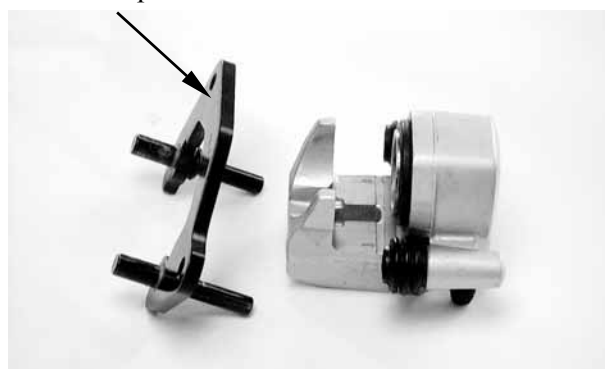
Be careful not to splash brake fluid on any coated surfaces.



#### Disassembly

Remove the brake caliper holder from the brake caliper.

Brake Caliper Holder



Remove the pistons from the brake caliper.  
Use compressed air to press out the pistons through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a shop towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed pistons.



Push the piston oil seals inward to remove them.  
Clean each oil seal groove with brake fluid.



Be careful not to damage the piston surface.

Piston Oil Seals



## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

### Inspection

Check the piston for scratches or wear.  
Measure the piston O.D. with a micrometer gauge.

### Service limit:

33.85 mm (1.354 in) replace if below



Check the caliper cylinder for scratches or wear and measure the caliper cylinder I.D.

### Service limit:

34.05 mm (1.362 in) replace if over



### Assembly

Clean all removed parts.  
Apply silicon grease to the pistons and oil seals. Lubricate the brake caliper cylinder inside wall with brake fluid.  
Install the oil seals and then install the brake caliper pistons with the grooved side facing out.

★

Install the piston with its outer end protruding 3~5 mm (0.12~0.2 in) beyond the brake caliper.



Wipe off excessive brake fluid with a clean shop towel. Apply silicon grease to the brake caliper holder pin and caliper inside.  
Install the brake caliper holder.

## 14. REAR WHEEL/SWING ARM/ HYDRAULIC BRAKE

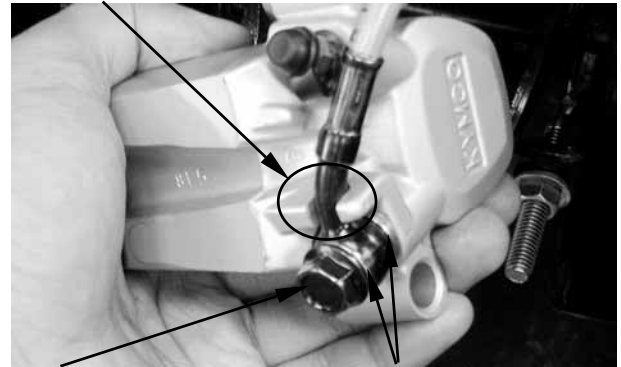
### Installation

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper, aligning the fluid tube with groove in the caliper and tighten the fluid tube bolt.

**Torque:** 3.2 kgf-m (32 N-m, 23 lbf-ft)

Add the recommended brake fluid into the brake reservoir and bleed air from the brake system. (Refer to 14-18.)

Aligning The Fluid Tube With Groove



Fluid Tube Bolt

Washer

Install the brake caliper onto rear axle hub and tighten the bolts.

**Torque:** 2.7 kgf-m (27 N-m, 19 lbf-ft)



**BATTER/CHARGING SYSTEM/  
A.C. GENERATOR**

SERVICE INFORMATION----- 15- 3

TROUBLESHOOTING----- 15- 4

BATTERY ----- 15- 5

PERFORMANCE TEST ----- 15- 6

A.C. GENERATOR CHARGING COIL (MX'ER 50)----- 15- 7

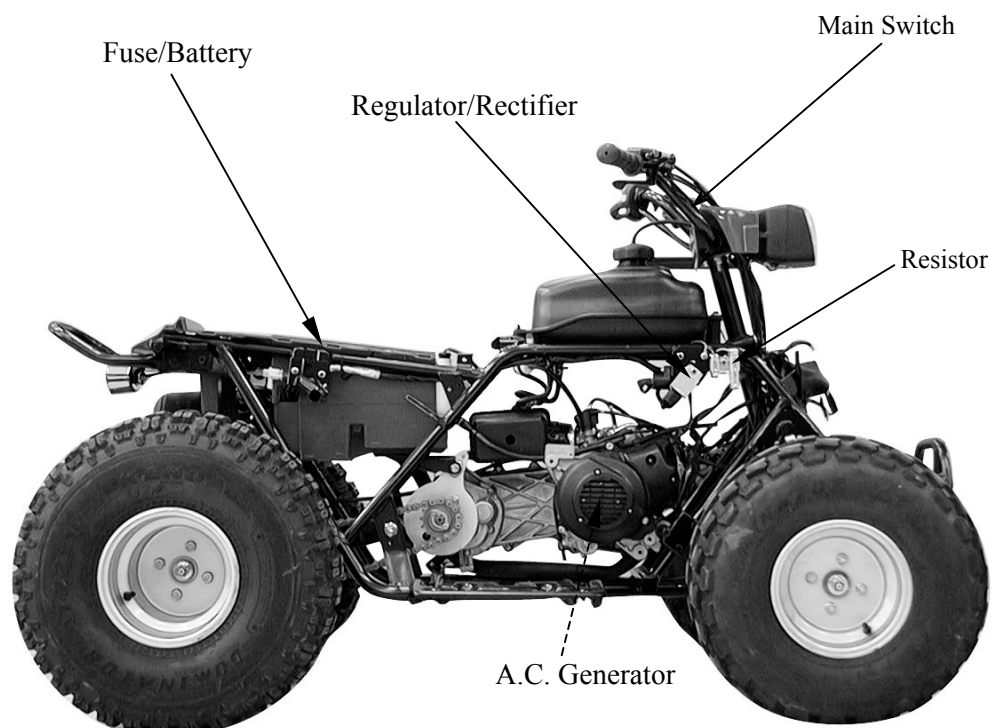
A.C. GENERATOR CHARGING COIL  
(MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50) ----- 15- 9



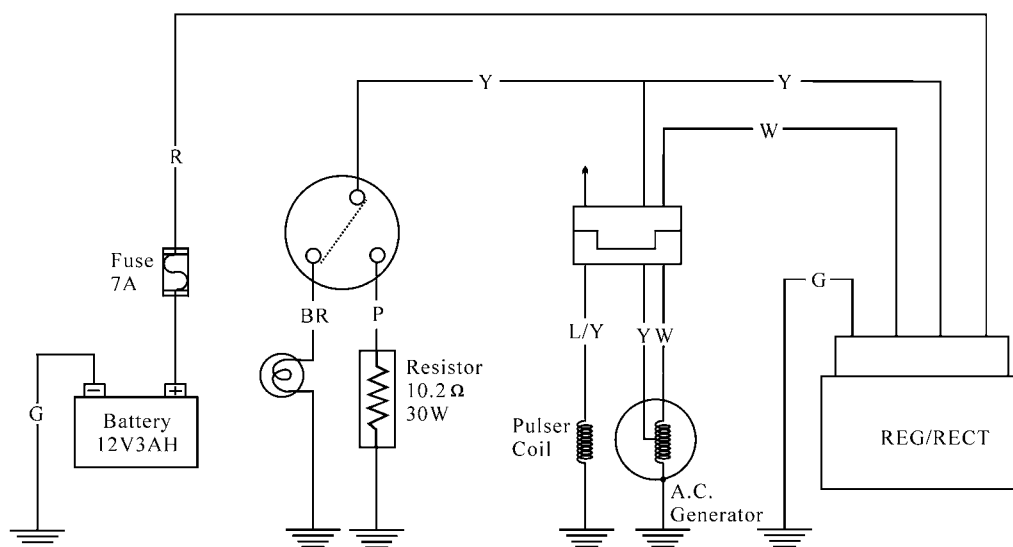
# 15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

**KYMCO**  
ATV 50

**MX'ER 50**

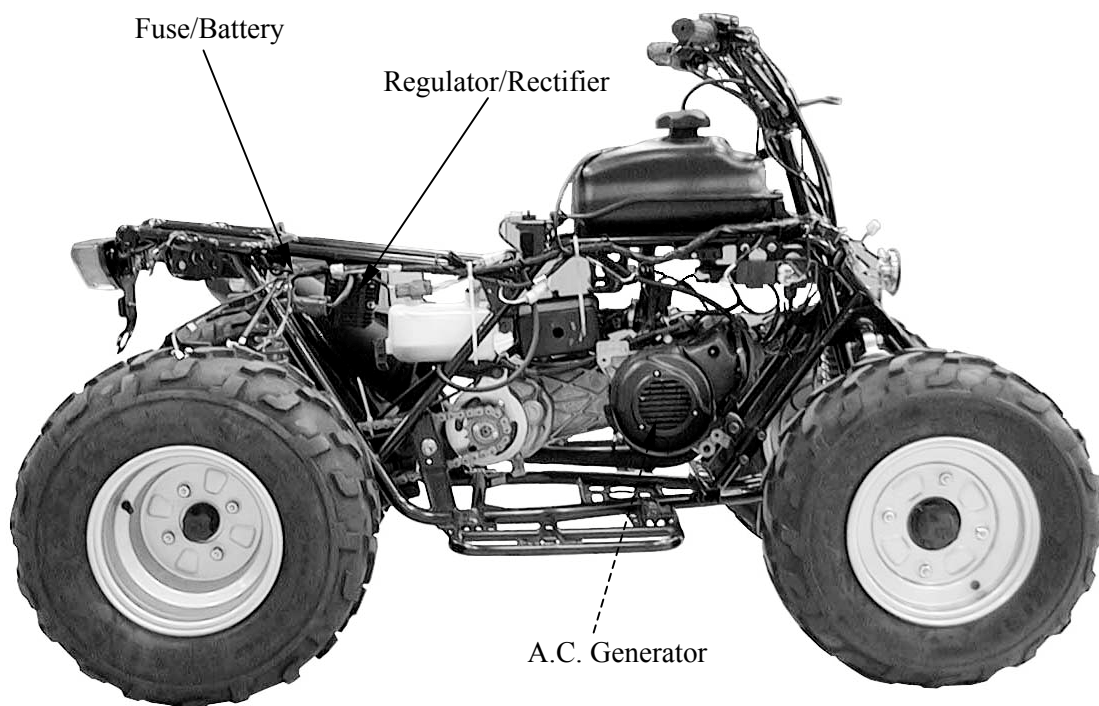


## CHARGING CIRCUIT (MX'ER 50)

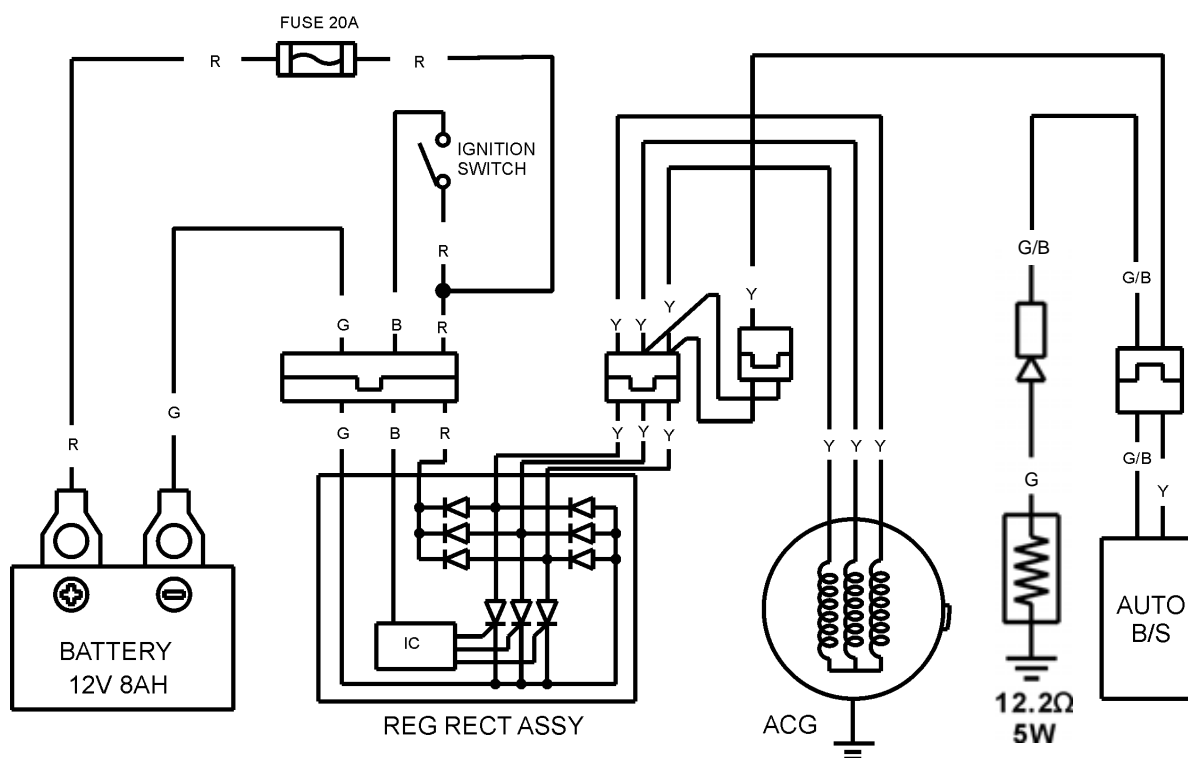


## 15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

### MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50



### CHARGING CIRCUIT (MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50)



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

The battery electrolyte (sulfuric acid) is poisonous and may seriously damage the skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, flush with water and get prompt medical attention

- The battery can be charged and discharged repeatedly. If a discharged battery is not used for a long time, its service life will be shortened. Generally, the capacity of a battery will decrease after it is used for 2~3 years. A capacity-decreased battery will resume its voltage after it is recharged but its voltage decreases suddenly and then increases when a load is added.
- When a battery is overcharged, some symptoms can be found. If there is a short circuit inside the battery, no voltage is produced on the battery terminals. If the rectifier won't operate, the voltage will become too high and shorten the battery service life.
- If a battery is not used for a long time, it will discharge by itself and should be recharged every 3 months.
- A new battery filled with electrolyte will generate voltage within a certain time and it should be recharged when the capacity is insufficient. Recharging a new battery will prolong its service life.
- Inspect the charging system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- Do not disconnect and soon reconnect the power of any electrical equipment because the electronic parts in the regulator/rectifier will be damaged. Turn off the ignition switch before operation.
- It is not necessary to check the MF battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.
- Check the load of the whole charging system.
- Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging.
- When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.
- When charging, check the voltage with a voltmeter.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Item			Standard
Battery	Capacity/Model	MX'ER 50	12V-4AH
		MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50	12V-8AH
	Voltage (20°C)	Fully charged	13.1V
		Undercharged	12.3V
	Charging current		STD: 0.4A Quick: 4A
	Charging time		STD: 5~10hr Quick: 30min
A.C. Generator	Capacity		150W
	Charging coil resistance (20°C)		0.2~1.5 Ω

## TORQUE VALUES

Regulator/Rectifier lock nut

0.9 kgf-m (9 N-m, 6.5 lbf-ft)

## TESTING INSTRUMENTS

Kowa electric tester

Sanwa electric tester

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

### Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

### Intermittent power

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in lighting system

### Charging system failure

- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator

# 15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

## BATTERY

### BATTERY REMOVAL

Open the seat (see page 2-3 or 2-8) and battery cover .

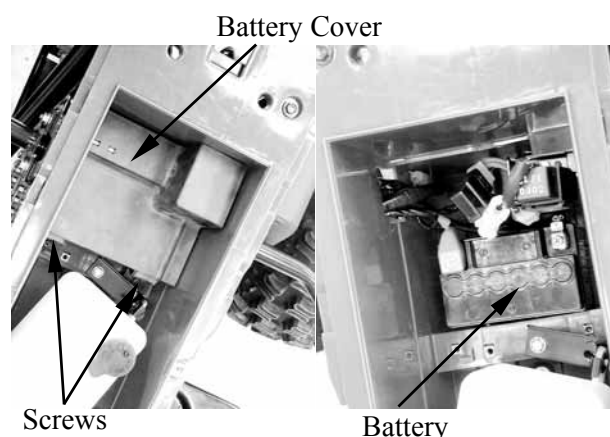
Disconnect the battery cables .

**\***

First disconnect the battery negative (-) cable and then the positive (+) cable.

Remove the battery.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



### BATTERY CHARGING (OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE) INSPECTION

Remove the battery cover and disconnect the battery cables.

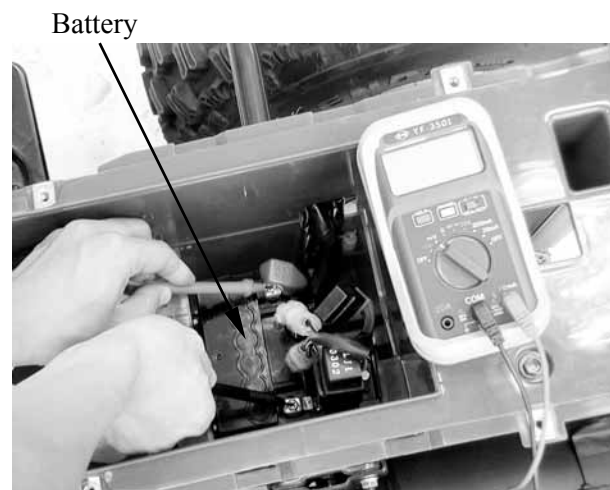
Measure the voltage between the battery terminals.

Fully charged : 13.0V ~ 13.2V

Undercharged : 12.3V max.

**\***

Battery charging inspection must be performed with an electric tester.



### CHARGING METHOD

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) cable.

Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) cable.

**\***

- Keep flames and sparks away from a charging battery.
- Turn power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals to prevent sparks near the battery.
- Charge the battery according to the current specified on the battery surface.

Charging current: Standard : 0.4A

Quick : 4A

Charging time : Standard : 5 hours

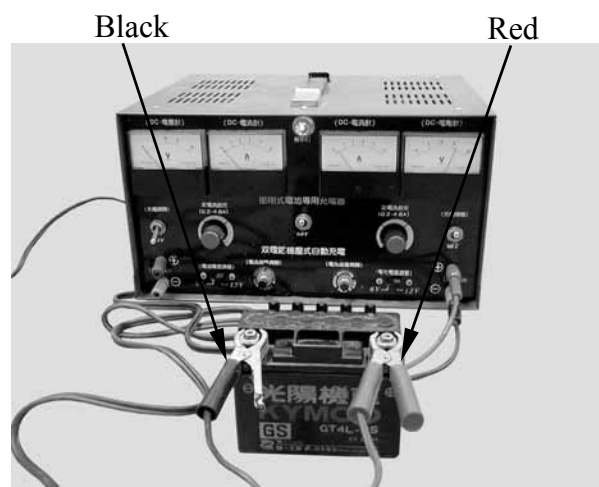
Quick : 0.5 HOUR

After charging: Open circuit voltage:

12.8V min.

**\***

- Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- During quick charging, the battery temperature should not exceed 45°C.
- Measure the voltage 30 minutes after the battery is charged.



# 15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

## PERFORMANCE TEST

Warm up the engine.  
Open the seat and battery cover.

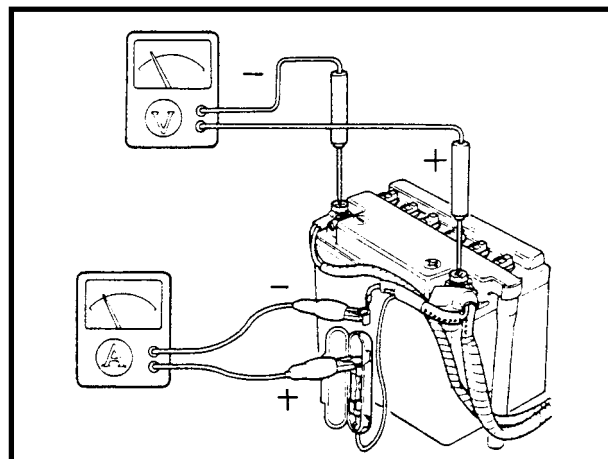
Stop the engine and open the fuse box.  
Disconnect the wire lead from the fuse terminal. Connect an ammeter between the wire lead and fuse terminal as shown.  
Connect the battery positive (+) terminal to the voltmeter positive (+) probe and battery negative (-) terminal to the voltmeter negative (-) probe.

Start the engine, gradually increase engine speed to test the output:

Position RPM	Day	Night
2500	0.7A min.	0.5A min.
6000	1.3A min.	1.3A min.

**Charging Limit Voltage:**  $14.5 \pm 0.5V/8000rpm$

If the limit voltage is not within the specified range, check the regulator/rectifier.



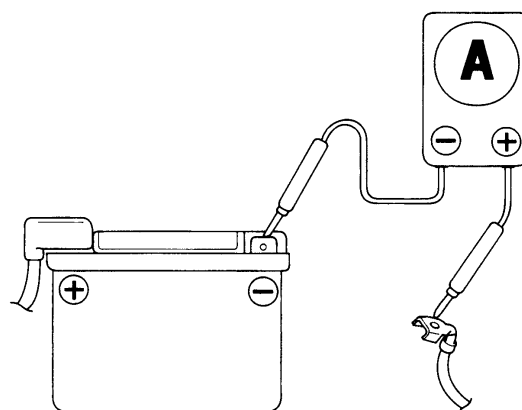
## CURRENT LEAKAGE TEST

Remove the seat (see page 2-3 or 2-8).

Turn the ignition switch "OFF", and disconnect the negative (-) cable from the battery.

Connect the ammeter (+) probe to the negative (-) cable and the ammeter (-) probe to the battery (-) terminal.

With the ignition switch "OFF", check for current leakage.



\*

- When measuring current using a tester, set it to a high range, and then bring the range down to an appropriate level. current flow higher than the range selected may blow out the fuse in the tester.
- While measuring current, do not turn the ignition switch "ON". A sudden surge of current may blow out the fuse in the tester.

## Specified current leakage: 1 maximum

If current leakage exceeds the specified value, a shorted circuit is likely.

Locate the short by disconnecting connections one by one and measuring the current.

## A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION (MX'ER 50)

\*

Inspect with the engine installed.

Disconnect the A.C. generator connector. Measure the resistances between the charging coil terminals (white-green) and lighting coil terminals (yellow-green).

### Resistances:

Charging coil	White-green	0.2 ~ 1.2Ω
Lighting coil	Yellow-green	0.3 ~ 1.0Ω

Refer to 8-3 for A.C. generator removal.

A.C. Generator Connector



# 15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM/ A.C. GENERATOR

## RESISTOR INSPECTION

Measure the resistance between the resistor B pink wire and ground.

Measure the resistance between the resistor A green/black wire and ground.

### Resistances:

Resistor A:

MX'ER 50: 9.2~9.8Ω

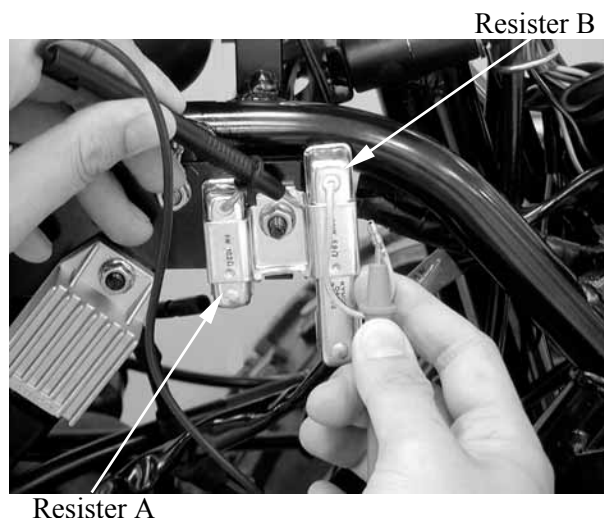
MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50:  
11.8~12.5Ω

Resistor B:

MX'ER: 5.6~6.2Ω



Faulty resistor is the cause of faulty operation of the auto bystarter.



## REGULATOR/RECTIFIER INSPECTION (MX'ER 50)

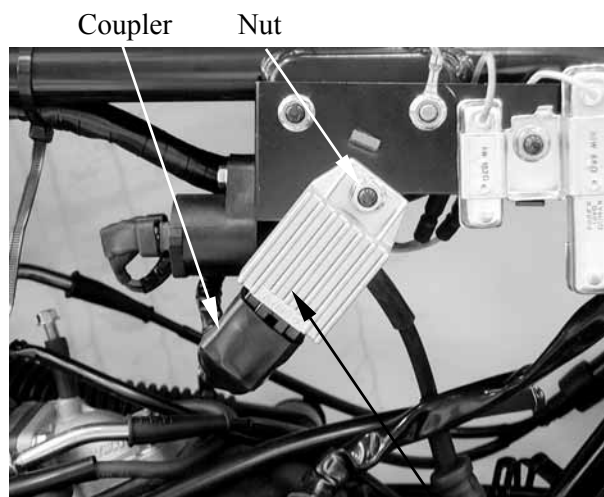
Disconnect the regulator/rectifier wire coupler and remove the nut to remove the regulator/rectifier.

Measure the resistances between the terminals.

Replace the regulator/rectifier if the readings are not within the specifications in the table below.



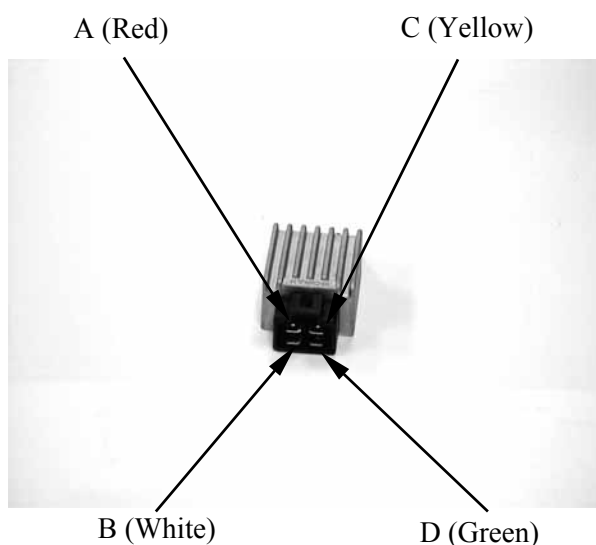
Due to the semiconductor in circuit, it is necessary to use a specified tester for accurate testing. Use of an improper tester in an improper range may give false readings.



Regulator/Rectifier

Model	Brand	Range
SP-10D	Sanwa	KΩ
TH-5H	Kowa	100Ω

Probe⊕ Probe(-)	A (R)	B (W)	C (Y)	D (G)
A (R)		∞	∞	∞
B (W)	8-10KΩ		∞	∞
C (Y)	∞	∞		33-35KΩ
D (G)	∞	∞	33-35KΩ	





## A.C.GENERATOR INSPECTION (MXU 50REVERSE/MXU 50)

Disconnect the A.C.Generator connector.  
Measure the resistance between the yellow wire terminals of the alternator side connector.

**Standard:** 0.1-1  $\Omega$  (20°C/68°F)

Check for continuity between each yellow wire terminal of the alternator side connector and ground.

There should be no continuity.

Replace the alternator stator if resistance is out of specification, or if any wire has continuity to ground.

## REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

### Wire harness inspection

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connector.  
Check the connector for loose contacts or corroded terminals.

#### Battery line

Measure the voltage between the red wire terminal and ground.

There should be battery voltage at all times.

#### Ground line

Check the continuity between the green wire terminal and ground.

There should be continuity at all times.

#### Voltage feedback line

Measure the voltage between the black wire terminal and ground.

There should be battery voltage with the ignition switch "ON", and no voltage with the ignition switch "OFF".

REC/REG Connector

A.C.G Connector



Rectifier/Regulator

**IGNITION SYSTEM**

SERVICE INFORMATION----- 16- 3

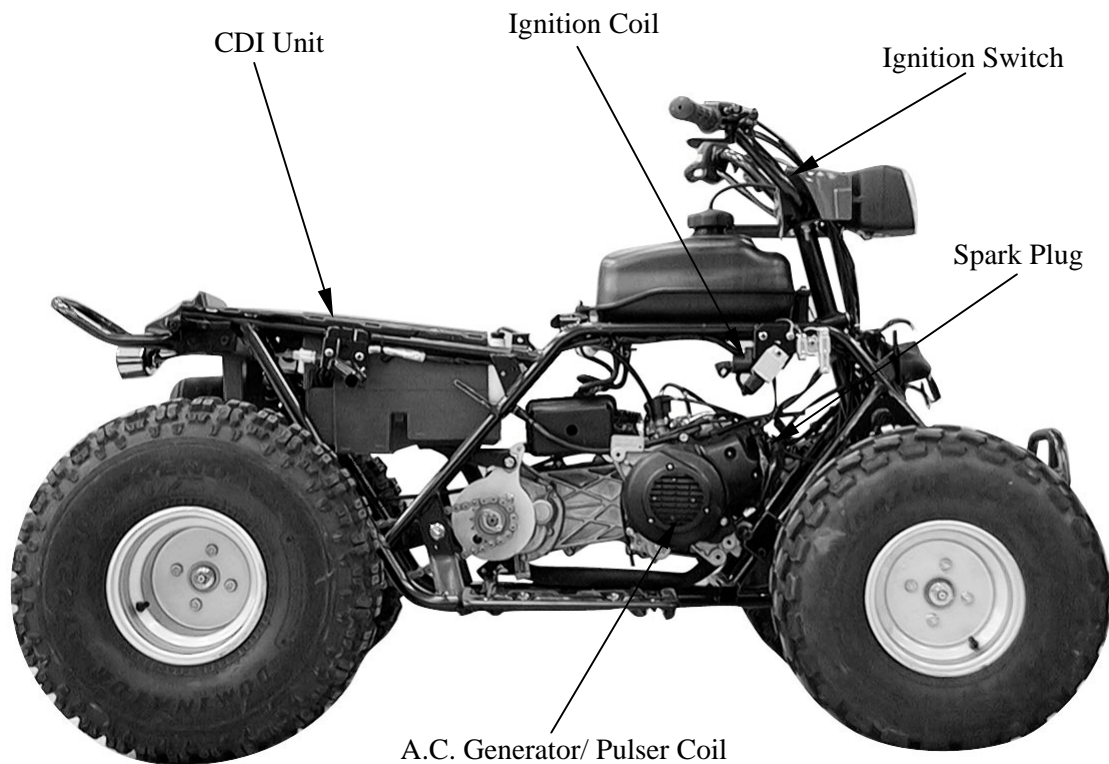
TROUBLESHOOTING----- 16- 4

IGNITION COIL INSPECTION ----- 16- 5

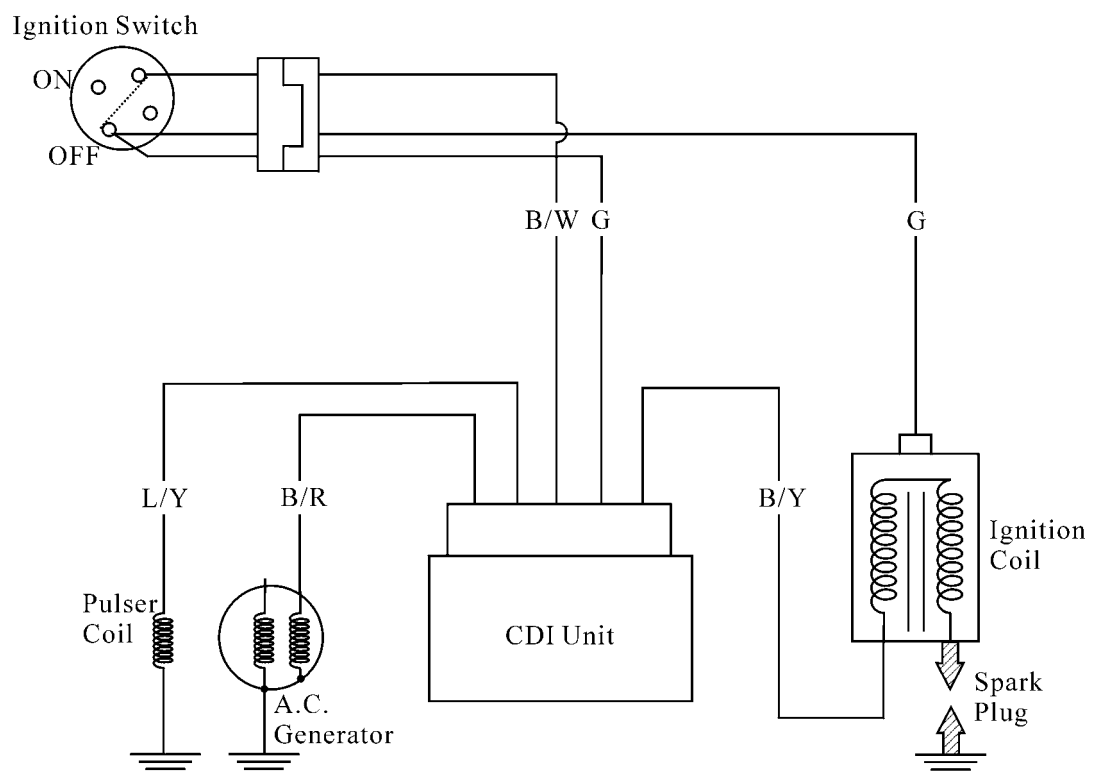
PULSER UNIT----- 16- 6

CDI UNIT----- 16- 7

## 16. IGNITION SYSTEM

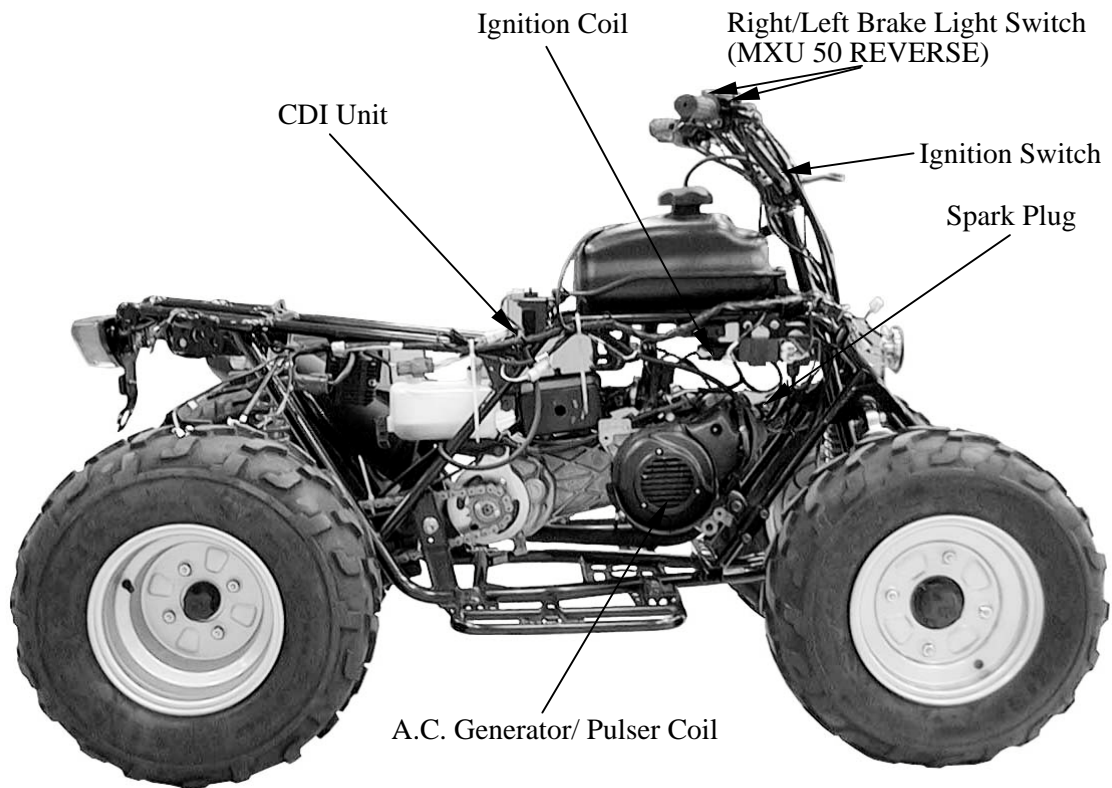
**MX'ER 50**

## IGNITION CIRCUIT (MX'ER 50)

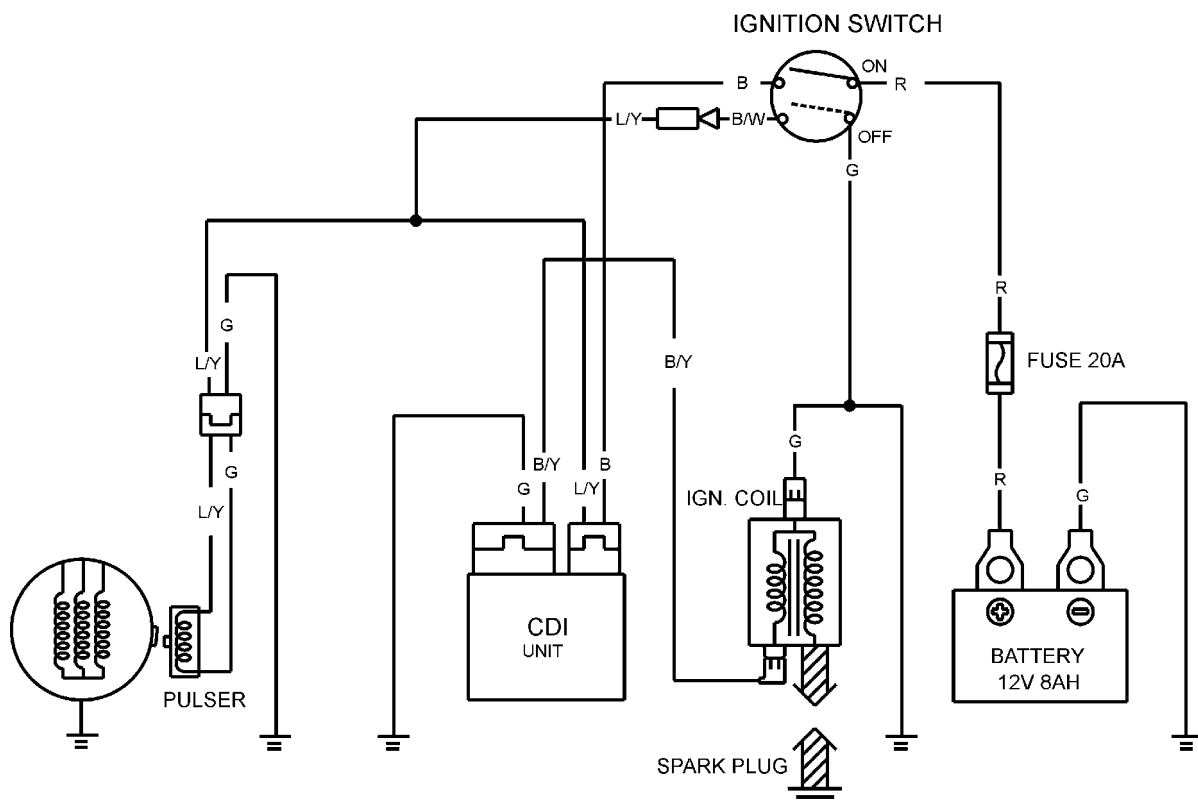


## 16. IGNITION SYSTEM

### MXU 50 REVERSE/MXU 50

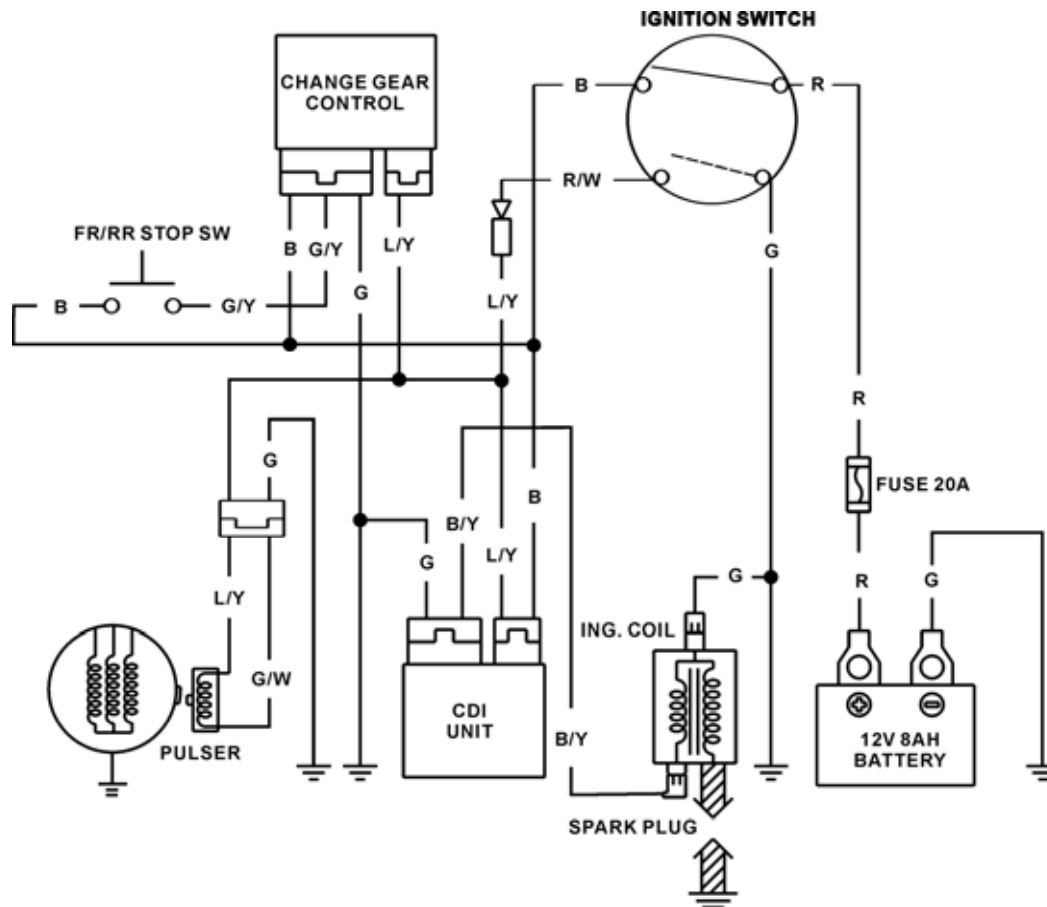


### IGNITION CIRCUIT (MXU 50)



# 16. IGNITION SYSTEM

## IGNITION CIRCUIT (MXU 50 REVERSE)



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Check the ignition system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- The ignition system adopts CDI unit, change gear control and the ignition timing cannot be adjusted.
- If the timing is incorrect, inspect the CDI unit, A.C. generator, change gear control and replace any faulty parts. Inspect the CDI unit with a CDI tester
- Loose connector and poor wire connection are the main causes of faulty ignition system. Check each connector before operation.
- Use of spark plug with improper heat range is the main cause of poor engine performance.
- The inspections in this section are focused on maximum voltage. The inspection of ignition coil resistance is also described in this section.
- Inspect the ignition switch according to the continuity table specified in page 18-6.
- Inspect the spark plug referring to Section 3.

# 16. IGNITION SYSTEM

## SPECIFICATIONS

Item			Standard
Spark plug	Standard type		BR8HAS
	Hot type		
	Cold type		
Spark plug gap			0.6~0.7 mm (0.024~
Ignition timing	“F” mark Full advance	MXU 50/MX’ER 50	22°BTDC/2000±100rpm
		MXU 50 REVERSE	13.5°BTDC/1500±100rpm
Ignition coil resistance (20°C)	Primary coil		0.2~0.3Ω
	Secondary coil	with plug cap	8.0~9.3KΩ
		without plug cap	3.0~4.2KΩ

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### High voltage too low

- Weak battery or low engine speed
- Loose ignition system connection
- Faulty CDI unit
- Faulty ignition coil
- Faulty pulser coil

### Normal high voltage but no spark at plug

- Faulty spark plug
- Electric leakage in ignition secondary circuit
- Faulty ignition coil

### Good spark at plug but engine won’t start

- Faulty CDI or incorrect ignition timing
- Faulty change gear control unit
- Improperly tightened A.C. generator flywheel

### No high voltage

- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty CDI unit
- Poorly connected or broken CDI ground wire
- Dead battery or faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty ignition coil connector
- Faulty pulser coil

# 16. IGNITION SYSTEM

## IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

### Continuity Test

\*

This test is to inspect the continuity of ignition coil.

Measure the resistance between the ignition coil primary coil terminals.

**Resistance** (20°C/68°F): 0.2~0.3Ω



Measure the secondary coil resistance between the spark plug cap and the primary coil terminal as Figure A shown.

**Resistance** (20°C/68°F) (with plug cap):  
8.0~9.3KΩ

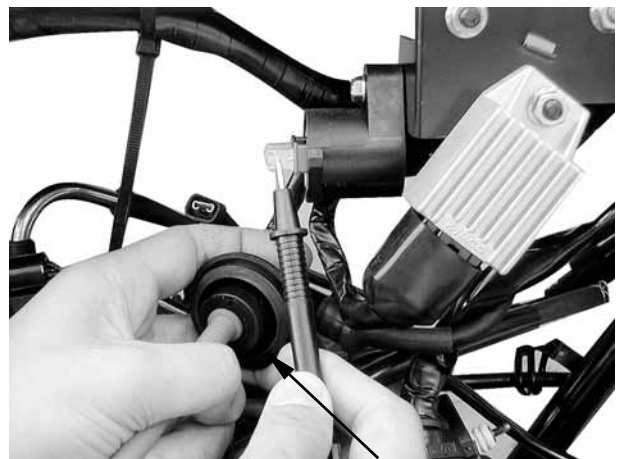
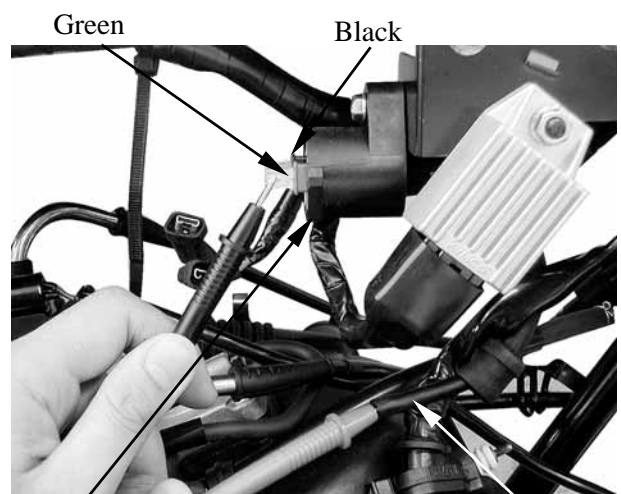


Figure A

Measure the secondary coil resistance between the ignition coil terminal and the primary coil terminal as Figure B shown.

**Resistance** (20°C/68°F) (without plug cap):  
3.0~4.2KΩ



Ignition Coil

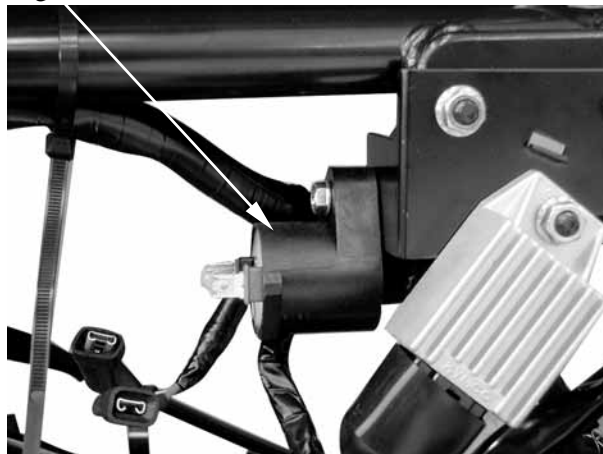
Figure B

# 16. IGNITION SYSTEM

## Performance Test

Remove the ignition coil.

Ignition Coil



Inspect the ignition coil with an ignition coil tester.

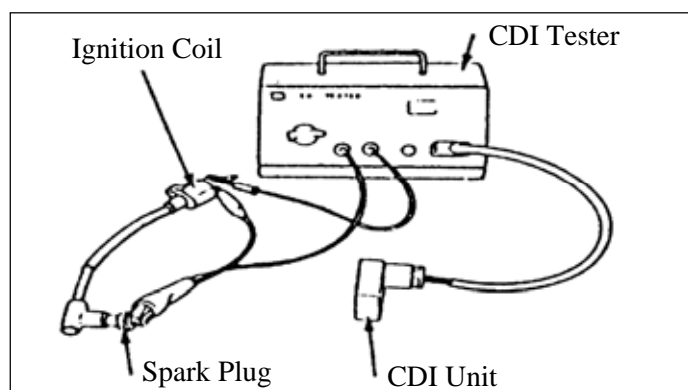
**\***

Follow the ignition coil tester manufacturer's instructions.

1. Turn the changeover switch to 12V and connect the ignition coil to the tester.
2. Turn the power switch ON and check the spark from the watch window.
  - Good : Normal and continuous spark
  - Faulty : Weak or intermittent spark

**\***

The test is performed at both conditions that the ignition coil is cold and hot.



## PULSER UNIT

### WIRE HARNESS INSPECTION

Check the continuity between the Green wire terminal and ground.

There should be continuity at all times.

Pulser coil connector





# 16. IGNITION SYSTEM

## CDI UNIT

### WIRE HARNESS INSPECTION

Measure the voltage between the black wire terminal and ground or between the black wire and green wire terminals.

There should be battery voltage with the ignition switch "ON", and no voltage with the ignition switch "OFF"

CDI unit couple



CDI Unit

